No. J. 5228—*Cts.* 227-17-6, *dated* 29*th June* 1918.

The Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased to direct that the term of Honorary Magistrates appointed for the towns of Tumkur, Shimoga, Chikmagalur and Hassan be fixed at three years from the date of appointment.

No. 7231—*San.* 11-17-37, *dated* 29*th June* 1918.

It is hereby declared, that under clause I of Section 2 of Regulation I of 1906, Vaccination shall be compulsory for a further period of three years from 1st July 1918, in the local area within the control of the Chikmagalur Municipality.

By Order,
C. S. BALASUNDARAM IYER,
Chief Secretary to Government.

REVENUE.

No. 1—*Ml.* 86-17-63, *dated 1st July* 1918.

Whereas by proclamation published on the 2nd August 1917, at pages 1394-95 in English and at pages 877-8 in Kannada of the *Mysore Gazette*, Part II, for 1917, and posted up in conspicuous places in the town of Yelahanka, Bangalore Taluk, it was duly announced under Section 8 of the Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, that it was proposed under Section 7 of the said Regulation to constitute the town of Yelahanka the local area comprised within the limits specified in that proclamation, into a permanent Municipality and whereas no objections were made to the said proposals, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased in exercise of the powers conferred on them by Section 4 (1) of the said Regulation, to constitute the said town of Yelahanka into a permanent Municipality and to declare that the boundary of the said Municipality, shall on and from the 1st July 1918, be shown as hereunder

I. The boundary line of the town of Yelahanka begins at the south-west corner of Survey No. 216 of Yelahanka and runs south-eastwards along the Chikballapur Light Railway line boundary and turns south-west towards the Railway Station, which is in Survey No. 190 and then turns south-east and east a little towards the village and then turns south, south-eastwards along the Bangalore-Guntakal Railway line boundary and the western boundary line of Survey No. 122, as far as the north-east corner of Survey No. 121. Then it turns south-west along the northern boundary of Survey No. 121 and then turns south, south-eastwards and runs along the western boundary of the said Survey Nos. 121, 120 and 119, but beyond the limits of the Railway line. After crossing a cross road it continues to run south, south-eastwards in the same way along the western boundary of Survey No. 118 and the south-western boundary of Survey No. 117, crosses the Bangalore-Devanhalli road, east of the Railway gate and joins the extreme western-boundary mark of Survey No. 137. (This line constitutes the main boundary of the western and south-west part of the proposed Municipality of Yelahanka).

II. From the extreme western boundary mark of Survey No. 137, the line runs north-east along the eastern extremity of Bangalore-Devanhalli road; the north-west and western boundaries of Survey Nos. 137, 109 and 110, being its eastern boundaries. Near north-west corner of Survey No. 110, it crosses a cart-track leading to Sivanhalli. From the western bulging boundary mark of Survey No. 99, the line runs as usual north-east along the western boundaries of Survey Nos. 99, 98 and 83 and including the 'chattram' in Survey No. 85, it runs along the west and north-western boundaries of Survey Nos. 76, 75, 68 and 67 and reaches the north-west corner of Survey No. 67. This line constitutes the east and south-east boundary of the proposed Municipality.

III. From the north-west corner of Survey No. 67, the line crosses the Bangalore-Devanhalli road westwards (*i. e.* towards the town) and meets the south-east boundary mark of Survey No. 55 and runs westwards along the northern extremity of the branch road leading from the Bangalore-Devanhalli road to the travellers' bungalow and along the southern boundaries of Survey Nos. 55 and 54 and turns north-west along the western boundary of Survey No. 54 as far as the south-east boundary mark of Survey No. 53, whence it turns westwards along the southern boundary of Survey No. 53 and turns northward again along the western boundary of Survey No. 53. Crossing a cart-track leading from the town towards the Bangalore-Devanhalli road, the line touches the south-west corner of Survey No. 52 and runs eastwards along the southern boundary of Survey No. 50 and runs north-west, north and north-east again along the south-west bulging boundary of Survey No. 50, then turns a little north-east, north and north-west along a short curve in the lower half of the western boundary of Survey No. 50 and then turns north-west up to the southern boundary mark of the upper part of Survey No. 50 and then turns westwards along the southern boundary line of the upper part of Survey No. 50 and then turns north-west again along the western boundary of the upper part of the said Survey No. 50 and reaches the north-west boundary mark of the Survey No. 50; it then runs eastwards along the northern boundary of Survey No. 50, up to the north-east boundary mark of the said Survey No. 50.

IV. From the north-east boundary mark of Survey No. 50, the line runs westwards along the southern extreme boundary of the tank and runs a little west north-westwards along the southern boundary of Survey No. 30 and reaches the south-east corner boundary of Survey No. 1 and then turns west, south-westwards along the southern boundary of Survey No. 1 and westwards along the southern boundary of Survey No. 219 and west, south-westwards along the southern boundaries of Survey Nos. 218, 217 and 216 and reaches the south-west corner boundary of Survey No. 216, whence the line first started.

3. From this it will be seen that the town of Yelahanka will include the undermentioned lands.

Survey Nos. 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121 and 122.

No. 2—Ml. 86-17-64, dated 1st July 1918.

Whereas by proclamation published on the 28th June 1917, at pages 1082-3 in English and at pages 759-80 in Kannada of the *Mysore Gazette*, Part II, for 1917, and posted up in conspicuous places in the town of Sira, Tumkur District, it was duly announced under Section 8 of the Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, that it was proposed under Section 7 of the said Regulation to constitute the town of Sira the local area comprised within the limits specified in that proclamation, into a permanent Municipality and whereas no objections were made to the said proposals, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased in exercise of the powers conferred on them by Section 4 (1) of the said Regulation, to constitute the said town of Sira into a permanent Municipality and to declare that the boundary of the said Municipality shall on and from the 1st July 1918, be shown as hereunder.

North.—The northern boundary starts from the north-west corner of Survey No. 54 of Kalkote village, then runs east along its north side to its north-east corner, then passes south along its east side to the south-west corner of Survey No. 46, then turns east along the northern boundary of Survey No. 47 to its north-east corner, crosses the Sira, Amarapur road meeting the north-west corner of Survey No. 36, then passes east along the north side of Survey Nos. 36, 34 and 32 meeting the Survey No. 55 of Sira village at its south-west corner, then the line runs east along the south side of Survey No. 55 at its south-east corner. Then runs north along its east side and meets the Survey No. 56 at the south-west corner. Then the line runs east along its south side to its south-east corner, then turns south along the west side of Survey No. 1 (Sira, Chikkakere) to its south-west corner, and follows the southern boundary or Survey No. 1 to its south-east corner, then runs north along its east side meeting Survey No. 119 at its south-east corner, then runs north along the eastern boundary of Survey Nos. 119, 202 and 121 to the south-east corner of Survey No. 140 of Sira village.

East.—The eastern boundary commences from the south-east corner of Survey No. 140, then turns east crossing the cart-track leading to Madalur meeting the 3rd pahani stone on the western boundary of Survey No. 199, thus including Begarhatti within the Municipal limits, then the line runs south along the west side of Survey Nos. 199, 200, 201, 206, 203, 420 and 422 to the south-west corner of the last said Survey No. 422 to its south-east corner. Then the line runs south along the west side of Survey Nos. 413, 394 and 389 to the south-west corner of the last said survey number, then runs east along the south side of Survey No. 389 to its south-east corner, then runs south crossing the Sira-Maddagiri road meeting the north-east corner of Survey No. 7 of Sira, Doddakere, thus including the old Narayanaswami temple and the well within the Municipal limits, then the line turns west along the north side of Survey No. 7 to the north-east corner of Survey No. 6, then runs south along the west side of Survey Nos. 7 and 9 to the south-west corner of the last said survey number. Then the line passes south crossing the cart-track leading to Devanara Bhavi meeting north-west corner of Survey No. 10 of Sira village.

South.—The southern boundary starts from the north-west corner of Survey No. 10 and runs west along the northern boundary of Survey No. 120 of Gummanahalli village, meeting Sira-Tumkur road at its north-west point where the boundaries of Malakapur-Gummanahalli and Sira village meet. Then turns west crossing the Sira-Tumkur road, meeting the south-east corner of Survey No. 9 of Malakapur village, then turns west along the south side of Survey No. 9 to its south-west corner, then turns north along its west side to its north-west corner, then runs west along the north side of Survey No. 8 to its north-west corner, then goes to north along the east side of Survey No. 6 to its north corner, then runs south along the eastern boundary of Santhepet village site to its south-east corner, then passes west along the north side of Survey Nos. 6, 2 and 3 to the north-west corner of the last said survey number. Then the line runs west along the north side of Survey Nos. 28, 27, 26, 25, 35 and 36 of Sira village, meeting Bukkapatna road at the north-west corner of Survey No. 36 and crosses the road at the south-east corner of Survey No. 38.

West.—The western boundary starts from the south-east corner of Survey No. 38, then runs north along the eastern boundary of Survey Nos. 38 and 39 to the north-east corner of Survey No. 39, then the line runs west along the north side of Survey No. 39 to its north-west corner meeting Survey No. 50 of Kalkote village at its south-east corner, then turns north along the east side of Survey Nos. 50 and 51, (Kalkote) to the north-east corner of Survey No. 51, then crossing the Sira-Hiriyur road, passes west along the south side of Survey No. 47 to the south-west corner of Survey No. 54, then runs north along the western boundary of Survey No. 54, to its north-west corner from where the northern boundary started.

[*N. B.*—Santhepete, Majre of Malakapura, is included in the Sira Municipality.]

No. 3—Ml. 86-17-65, dated 1st July 1918.

Whereas by proclamation published on the 2nd August and 7th June 1917, respectively at page 1398 in English and at page 670 in Kannada of the *Mysore Gazette*, Part II, for 1917 and posted up in conspicuous places in the town of Maddagiri, Tumkur District, it was duly announced under Section 8 of the Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, that it was proposed under Section 7 of the said Regulation to constitute the town of Maddagiri, the local area comprised within the limits specified in that proclamation, into a permanent Municipality and whereas no objections were made to the said proposals, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased in exercise of the powers conferred on them by Section 4 (1) of the said Regulation, to constitute the said town of Maddagiri into a permanent Municipality and to declare that the boundary of the said Municipality shall on and from the 1st July 1918, be shown as hereunder:—

North.—The north boundary line starts from the north Pahani stone of Survey No. 1 of the Maddagiri village and the line passes east on the northern boundary of Survey Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 of the Maddagiri village and on the contour of Pavagada-Tumkur road.

East.—The line descends south along the contour of the same road till it reaches a point opposite the south-west Pahani stone of Survey No. 31 of Pahani village, then the line crosses the Tumkur-Pavagada road and meets the south-west corner of the above survey number and passes east on the southern boundary of the same number till it reaches the south-east Pahani stone of the above Survey No. 31. Then the line crosses the Dodballapur road and passes south along the western boundary of Survey No. 29 of Pahani village till it meets the south-west corner of the same number. Then the line crosses again the Tumkur-Pavagada road and joins the 3rd Pahani stone of Survey No. 49 of the Maddagiri village.

South.—Then the line turns west along the northern boundary of the same survey number till it meets the north-west corner of the same survey number. The line then runs south along the western boundary of the same Survey No. 49 till it meets the north-east Pahani stone of Survey No. 45 of the Maddagiri village, then the line passes west along the northern boundary of the same survey number till it meets the south-east Pahani stone of Survey No. 101 of the Lingenahalli village. Then the line runs west along the southern boundary of the same survey number till it reaches the south-west corner of the same Survey No. 101.

West.—The line then passes north along the western boundary of Survey No. 101 of Lingenahalli village till it meets the north-west corner of the same survey number. The line then crosses the Sira-Maddagiri road and passes north along the western boundary of Survey No. 100 of the Lingenahalli village till it meets the north-west Pahani stone of the same number. Then the line passes east along the northern boundary of the same survey number till it meets the north-east corner of the same Survey No. 100. Then the line passes north along the western boundary of Survey No. 99 till it meets the north-west corner of the same survey number. Then the line passes east along the southern boundary of Survey Nos. 132 and 98 of the Lingenahalli village till it meets the west Pahani stone of Survey No. 1 of the Maddagiri village and continues north along the western boundary of Survey No. 1 of the Maddagiri village and on the eastern boundary of Survey Nos. 98 and 97 till it meets the south-east Pahani stone of the Lingenahalli village. Then the line passing along the contour of the Lingenahalli village descends south along the eastern boundary of Survey Nos. 97 and 98 till it meets the north Pahani stone of Survey No. 1 of the Maddagiri village from where it started.

No. 4—Ml. 86-17-66, dated 1st July 1918.

Whereas by proclamation published on the 2nd August and 7th June 1917, respectively, at page 1400 in English and at page 670 in Kannada of the *Mysore Gazette*, Part II for 1917 and posted up in conspicuous places in the town of Chiknayakanhalli, Tumkur District, it was duly announced under Section 8 of the Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, that it was proposed under Section 7 of the said Regulation to constitute the town of Chiknayakanhalli, the local area comprised within the limits specified in that proclamation, into a permanent

Municipality and whereas no objections were made to the said proposals, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased in exercise of the powers conferred on them by Section 4 (1) of the said Regulation, to constitute the said town of Chiknayakanhalli into a permanent Municipality and to declare that the boundary of the said Municipality shall on and from the 1st July 1918, be shown as hereunder:—

North.—Starting from the south-west corner of Survey No. 122 of Chiknayakanhalli village, the line runs east along its southern boundary until it reaches its south-east corner, then crosses the cart-track leading to Byalakere, and meets the western boundary of Survey No. 124. Then turning northwards, it passes along the western boundary of Survey No. 124 and reaches its north-west corner. Then it runs east along the northern boundary of the same survey number and reaches its north-eastern corner. Thence it passes southwards along the eastern boundary of Survey Nos. 124 and 125 and reaches the south-west corner of Survey No. 1. Then it runs eastwards along the southern boundary of Survey Nos. 1 and 2 and reaches the north-west corner of Survey No. 4 of Chiknayakanhalli village.

East.—Thence the line runs in a south-easterly direction along the western boundary of Survey No. 4 till it reaches the north-west corner of Survey No. 59. Then it descends due south along the western boundary of Survey Nos. 59, 60, 62, 63, 64 and 65 and meets the north-western corner of Survey No. 92 (the tank). Thence it passes southwards along the western boundary of Survey Nos. 92 and 97 until it reaches the south-east corner of Survey No. 98.

South.—Then it runs westwards along the southern boundary of Survey No. 98. Crosses the road leading to Tavarekere, meets the south-east corner of Survey No. 95 and running in the same direction, passes along the southern boundary of Survey No. 99; crosses the cart-track leading to Turuvekere and passes along the southern boundary of Survey Nos. 106 and 107 until it reaches the south-west corner of the last named survey number.

West.—It then runs northwards along the western boundary of Survey No. 107 and meets its north-west corner. Thence it runs west along the southern boundary of Survey No. 105 as far as its south-west corner. Then it runs north and passes along its western boundary and reaches its north-west corner. Then it runs east along its northern boundary until it reaches the south-west extremity of Survey No. 103. Then it passes northwards along the western boundary of the above named survey number and meets its north-west corner. It then runs north along the eastern boundary of Survey Nos. 110, 111, 112, 113 and 114, reaches the north-east corner of last named survey number and crosses the cart-track leading Malanahalli village. Then it runs north along the eastern boundary of Survey No. 119 until it reaches the north-east corner of the above named survey number. Then it turns east, crosses the road leading to Huliyar and joins the south-west corner of Survey No. 122, the starting point.

No. 5—Ml. 86-17-67, *dated 1st July* 1918.

Whereas by proclamation published on the 2nd August and 7th June 1917, respectively, at page 1400 in English and at page 671 in Kannada of the *Mysore Gazette*, Part II for 1917 and posted up in conspicuous places in the town of Turuvekere, Tumkur District, it was duly announced under Section 8 of the Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, that it was proposed under Section 7 of the said Regulation to constitute the town of Turuvekere, the local area comprised within the limits specified in that proclamation, into a permanent Municipality, and whereas no objections were made to the said proposals, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased in exercise of the powers conferred on them by Section 4 (1) of the said Regulation, to constitute the said town of Turuvekere into a permanent Municipality and to declare that the boundary of the said Municipality shall on and from the 1st July 1918, be shown as hereunder:—

North.—Survey Nos. 3, 13, 14, 16, 17, 26, 27, 30, 31, 38 and 44 of the Turuvekere village.

East.—Survey Nos. 80, 81, 82, 84 and 213 of the said village.

South.—Tiptur-Yediyur road and Survey Nos. 115, 117, 116, 118 and 206 of the said village.

West.—Survey Nos. 2 and 1 of the said village.

No. 6—Ml. 86-17-68, *1st July* 1918.

Whereas by proclamation published on the 9th August 1917 at page 1423 in English and at pages 897-8 in Kannada of the *Mysore Gazette*, Part II, for 1917 and posted up in conspicuous places in the town of Kunigal, Tumkur District, it was duly announced under Section 8 of the Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, that it was proposed under Section 7 of the said Regulation to constitute the town of Kunigal the local area comprised within the limits specified in that proclamation, into a permanent Municipality and whereas no objections were made to the said proposals, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are

pleased in exercise of the powers conferred on them by Section 4 (1) of the said Regulation, to constitute the said town of Kunigal into a permanent Municipality and to declare that the boundary of the said Municipality shall, on and from the 1st July 1918, be shown as hereunder.

Commencing from the point where the Tumkur road meets Lakshmidevi hantha channel of (A) the boundary line runs along the northern side of Survey Nos. 10, 6 and 8 then takes a south-easterly direction by the side of the tank bund till it reaches Bangalore-Hassan road at a point (B). Crossing the road it runs along the eastern and southern side of Government Stud Farm takes upward direction at the point (C) until it reaches Survey No. 57, where turning a little westwards it runs in a southerly direction by the side of Survey Nos. 56, 54 and reaches the point D. From this point it takes a westerly direction along the southern side of Survey Nos. 54, 53 and 51 crossing Maddur-Tumkur road at the point E, then comes downwards by the side of Survey No. 46 takes a turn at F and runs along the western side of Survey Nos. 46, 38, 36, 30 and 23 crossing the Bangalore and Hassan road at G. From Survey No. 23 the line runs in a north-easterly direction by the side of the channel and Survey Nos. 23, 21, 18 till it meets the Survey No. 17 where it takes on upward direction, turns at the top of Survey No. 17 towards east and meets (A) the point of starting.

No. 7—Ml. 86-17-69, dated 1st July 1918.

Whereas by proclamation published on the 6th September 1917 at pages 1577-8 in English and at pages 1011-2 in Kannada of the *Mysore Gazette*, Part II, for 1917 and posted up in conspicuous places in the town of Koratagere, Tumkur District, it was duly announced under Section 8 of the Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, that it was proposed under Section 7 of the said Regulation to constitute the town of Koratagere the local area comprised within the limits specified in that proclamation, into a permanent Municipality and whereas no objections were made to the said proposals, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased in exercise of the powers conferred on them by Section 4 (1) of the said Regulation, to constitute the said town of Koratagere into a permanent Municipality and to declare that the boundary of the said Municipality shall on and from the 1st July 1918 be shown as hereunder.

North.—Starting from the northern point of Survey No. 181 of Koratagere village where Survey No. 181 of Koratagere village and Survey No. 4 of Mudlapanne village meet, the boundary line runs towards the south along the western boundary of Survey No. 4 of Mudlapanne village.

East.—Starting from Survey No. 4 of Mudlapanne village, the boundary line runs south-east towards the western boundary Survey Nos. 3, 2 and 1 of Mudlapanne village and Survey Nos. 16 and 17 of Koratagere village. The boundary line again runs south towards the western boundary of Survey Nos. 119, 118 and 117 of Mudlapanne village.

South.—Starting from the western corner of Survey No. 117 of Mudlapanne village, the boundary line runs west along the northern boundary of Survey Nos. 15, 13, 12, 11, 10, 9 and 8 of Koratagere village.

West.—Starting from the south-east corner of Survey No. 2 of Koratagere village, the boundary line runs towards the north along the eastern boundary of Survey Nos. 2, 1, 182 and 181 of Koratagere village.

From there it goes along the eastern boundary of Survey No. 181, till it reaches the starting point of the northern boundary.

No. 8—Ml. 86-17-70, dated 1st July 1918.

Whereas by proclamation published on 7th March 1918 at page 259 in English and at page 156 in Kannada of the *Mysore Gazette*, Part II for 1918 and posted up in conspicuous places in the town of Periyapatna, Hunsur Taluk, it was duly announced under Section 8 of the Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, that it was proposed under Section 7 of the said Regulation to constitute the town of Periyapatna the local area comprised within the limits specified in that proclamation into a permanent Municipality and whereas no objections were made to the said proposals, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased in exercise of the powers conferred on them by Section 4 (1) of the said Regulation, to constitute the said town of Periyapatna into a permanent Municipality and to declare that the boundary of the said Municipality shall on and from the 1st July 1918 be shown as hereunder.

The boundary line commences at the Municipal boundary stone fixed at a distance of 117 yards west after the 2nd furlong of the 123rd mile of the Hunsur-Mercara road, passes through Survey No. 74, crosses Vadalihalla, passes along the northern boundary of Vadalihalla and Survey No. 52 and the southern frontier of Kodihalli as far as the north-west corner of Survey No. 3 where terminates the northern boundary.

Then the line starts from that point, proceeds along the eastern frontier of Chavadenahalli and southern boundary of Survey Nos. 3 and 302, crosses the road going to Kusalnagar passes through Survey No. 301, traces Survey No. 299 on the west and south, 298 and 297 on west, crosses the road to Mercara, passing along that road and western boundary of Survey No. 293 and eastern boundary of Kantapur, crosses the road to Thimkapur, passes along the eastern frontier of Thimkapur, crosses another road to the same village, skirts the northern, eastern and southern boundaries of Kantapur and western boundary of Survey Nos. 244, 243 and 242 and turns towards south-east as far as the south-east corner of Survey No. 242 and passes along the western boundary of Survey No. 241 and terminates at the point were the boundary lines of Thimkapur and Habatur villages meet and forms the western boundary.

The southern boundary commences at that point and passes through Survey No. 241, skirts the southern boundaries of Survey Nos. 240, 239, 231 and 230 and traces the last number on east and north and skirts the eastern boundary of Survey Nos. 229 and 228, western and northern frontier of Ankanahalli village, passes along the southern boundary of Survey No. 186, western and southern boundary of Survey No. 185, traces Survey No. 184 on south-east and north and crosses the road to Rajapur and traces Survey Nos. 183 and 182 on east, crosses the road to Anechowkur, passes along the southern boundary of Survey No. 95 and northern frontier of Rajapur, western and southern boundary of Survey No. 94 and northern frontier of Rajapur as far as the south-east corner of Survey No. 93.

Then the line starts from that point and proceeds along the eastern boundary of Survey Nos. 93, 92, 91, 89, 88, 85 and 84 and crosses the Hunsur-Mercara road and meets the Municipal boundary stone, situated as stated above, where terminates the eastern boundary.

No. 9—Ml. 86-17-71, dated 1st July 1918.

Whereas by proclamation published on the 26th July 1917, at page 1370 in English and at page 849 in Kannada of the *Mysore Gazette*, Part II, for 1917 and posted up in conspicuous places in the town of Pavagada, Tumkur District, it was duly announced under Section 8 of the Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, that it was proposed under Section 7 of the said Regulation to constitute the town of Pavagada the local area comprised within the limits specified in that proclamation, into a permanent Municipality and whereas no objections were made to the said proposals, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased in exercise of the powers conferred on them by Section 4 (1) of the said Regulation, to constitute the said town of Pavagada into a permanent Municipality and to declare that the boundary of the said Municipality shall, on and from the 1st July 1918, be shown as hereunder.

Direction.	*Description.*
North ...	Starting from the tri-junction *bandhs* situated near the north-east angle of Survey No. 86, the line runs from west to east forming the southern boundary of Survey No. 144 and joins the two *bandhs* which denote the mark of the south-east corner of the same survey number.
East ...	Then the line turns from north to south and crosses Bangalore-Bellary road near the Finger Post.
South ...	Then the line gradually runs east to west along the Bangalore-Bellary road and passes through the Taluk Cutcherry forming the northern boundary of Survey Nos. 373, 376, 1, 74, and 75 and ends near the *Pahani* stone which measures 110 yards from the tri-junction *bandhs* situated at the north-western angle of Survey No. 75.
West ...	Then the line continues from south to north forming the eastern boundary of Survey Nos. 85 and 86 and joins the starting point.

No. 10—Ml. 86-17-72, dated 1st July 1918.

Whereas by proclamation published on the 3rd January 1918 at pages 3-4 in English and at pages 6-7 in Kannada of the *Mysore Gazette*, Part II, for 1918, and posted up in conspicuous places in the town of Tiptur, Tumkur District, it was duly announced under Section 8 of the Municipal Regulation VII of 1906, that it was proposed under Section 7 of the said Regulation to constitute the town of Tiptur the local area comprised within the limits specified in that proclamation, into a permanent Municipality and whereas no objections were made to the said proposals, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased, in exercise of the powers conferred on them by Section 4 (1) of the said Regulation, to con-

stitute the said town of Tiptur into a permanent Municipality and to declare that the boundary of the said Municipality shall, on and from the 1st July 1918, be shown as hereunder:—

East.—Starting from the north-west corner of Survey No. 282, the line runs in an eastern direction along its northern boundary to its north-eastern corner; again the line runs east crossing the Bangalore-Shimoga road to the north-east corner of Survey No. 140: then the line runs south-east along its eastern boundary to its south-east corner; then the line runs south-west along the southern boundary of Survey Nos. 140 and 314 to the south-west corner of the last survey number. The line runs south crossing the railway line along the eastern boundary of Nonavinakere road to the south-west corner of Survey No. 142; the line then runs west crossing Nonavinakere road to the north-east corner of Survey No. 135; again south along its eastern boundary to its south-east corner; then west along its southern boundary to its south-west corner; the line runs north along its western boundary to its north-west corner; then east along its northern boundary to its north-east corner; thus including Madigarhatti; then the line runs north along the western boundary of Nonavinakere road to the south-east corner of Survey No. 301 crossing the railway line.

South.—The line then runs west along the southern boundary of Survey Nos. 301, 300, 75, 299 and 298 to the south-west corner of the last said survey number; then the line runs west along the northern boundary of railway line to the south-east corner of Survey No. 297; then the line runs west along its southern boundary to its south-west corner; then the line runs south crossing the railway line to the north-west corner of Survey No. 70; then east, along its northern boundary to its north-east corner; then south, along its eastern boundary to its south-east corner; then west along its southern boundary to its south-west corner, then north along its western boundary to its north-western corner; then west crossing the cart-track to the north-east corner of Survey No. 55; thus including the site of the Government Anglo-Vernacular School; again the line runs south along the eastern boundary of Survey Nos. 55, 56 and 57 to the southern corner of last said survey number; then the line runs north along its western boundary to the south-east corner of Survey No. 58; then the line runs west along its southern boundary to its south-west corner; then north along its western boundary to its north-west corner; again north along the western boundaries of Survey Nos. 56 and 55 to the north-west corner of the last number; then east along the northern boundary of Survey No. 55 to its north-east corner; then north crossing the railway line to the south-west corner of Survey No. 297; then north along its western boundary to its north-west corner; then west, along the southern boundary of Survey No. 53 to its south-west corner.

West.—The line then runs north along the western boundaries of Survey Nos. 53 and 52 to the north-west corner of the last number; then the line runs due north across the Survey Nos. 49, 45 and 44 to the southern boundary of Shimoga road, thus including Virashivashrama and its compound; then the line runs west along the northern boundaries of Survey Nos. 44, 45, 46 and 47 of Tiptur village and of Survey Nos. 59, 60, 20, 21 and 22 of Maramgere village to the north-east corner of Survey No. 25; then south along its eastern boundary to its south-east corner; then west along its southern boundary to its south-west corner; then north along its western boundary to its north-west corner thus including the travellers' bungalow with its compound; then the line runs north crossing Shimoga road to the north-west corner of Survey No. 46; again north along the western boundaries of Survey Nos. 46 and 47 to the north-west corner of the last said survey number.

North.—Then the line runs east along the northern boundaries of Survey Nos. 47, 48, 50 and 51 to the north-east corner of the last said survey number; then south along its eastern boundary to its south-east corner; then east along the southern boundary of Survey Nos. 57 and 58 of Maramgere village and 31 and 32 of Tiptur village to the south-east corner of the last number; the line then runs north along the western boundary of Survey No. 34 to its north-west corner; then east along the northern boundary of houses built in Survey Nos. 35, 36, 37 and 38 to the south-east corner of the last said survey number; then south along the western boundary of Survey No. 39 to its south-west corner; then east along its southern boundary to its south-east corner; then north along its eastern boundary to the southern boundary of Survey No. 1; then east along the southern boundary of Survey No. 1 to the south-east corner of Survey No. 282; then north-west along its southern boundary to its south-west corner; then north along its western boundary to its north-west corner, the starting point.

No. 11—*Ml.* 86-17-73, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Whereas by proclamation published on the 31st May 1917 at pages 898-9 in English and at pages 649-50 in Kannada of the *Mysore Gazette*, Part II, for 1917 and posted up in conspicuous places in the town of Koppa, Kadur District, it was duly announced under Section 8 of the Municipal Regulation VII of 1906 that it was proposed under Section 7 of the

specified in that proclamation, into a permanent Municipality and whereas the objections made to the said proposals were disposed of otherwise, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased in exercise of the powers conferred on them by Section 4 (1) of the said Regulation, to constitute the said town of Koppa into a permanent Municipality and to declare that the boundary of the said Municipality shall, on and from the 1st July 1918, be shown as hereunder.

The boundary line of Koppa Town commences at the south-east corner of Survey No. 2 of Harandur village and proceeding north-west, it meets the boundary line of Survey No. 31 and then continues south-west on the line of Survey Nos. 49, 26, 25, 24, 20 and 21 which reaches the boundary line of Koppa Survey No. 112.

The line further runs south-east along No. 112 touching the boundary line of Survey No. 113 in the west and continues south-west, then turns west, goes along the boundary line of Survey Nos. 96, 97, 115 and 114 and reaches the point where the boundary of Survey Nos. 107 and 47 meet towards north.

Here it runs north-west along the line of Survey No. 47 and turns south crossing the Provincial road which leads from Hariharpur to Koppa and continues along the boundary line of Survey Nos. 106 and 105 south-east.

Further the line continues south-west and north-west of almost and runs against south-west crossing the road to Norve. Then, comes along the line of Koppa Survey Nos. 6 and 14 south-west, where it reaches the boundary line of Koppa Survey No. 1. Then turns to north-east and crosses the road Balagadi in the commencement of Survey No. 23 of Koppa towards east which will meet an agalu or trench.

The line proceeds round the trench in the direction of north-west and north and also to the north-east, continuing along the line of Koppa Survey Nos. 74, 62, 61, 60 and 100, and meets the point where the boundaries of Harandur Survey Nos. 13 and 12 join. Then the line continuing to the north-east along the boundary line of Harandur village Nos. 13 and 14 reaches the road which leads to Narasimharajapura and then the starting point which is the south-east corner of Harandur Survey No. 2.

Again runs along the boundary line of Survey Nos. 14 and 13 (Harandur) south-west, and joins the boundary line of Harandur No. 12. Therefrom runs towards south through the boundary line of Harandur Nos. 11 and 8 which will meet the boundary of No. 7 and meets the halla.

Then continues to the east along the bank through the limit of Harandur No. 7 and runs to the north along the line of Harandur Nos. 6 and 9 *via* Nos. 17, 100 and 86 of Harandur in the east and then crosses a road which leads to Kelaginapeta, still further continues and crosses Narasimharajapura road.

The same will meet the halla by turning to the south-east and then to the south and proceeding through the boundary limits of Bintharvalli village Nos. 16, 59, 58, 57, 56, 55, 54, 53, 52, 51, 50, 49, 48, 47, 46, 45, 44, 43, 39, 42, 41, 33 and 28.

Further the line will continue through the bank of the said halla in the direction of north and then to the north-west proceedings further it crosses again the said halla. Then it runs to the south and will then to west and again to north. In continuation of north alone it reaches the limits of Harandur Survey No. 7 and runs along the limit of Survey Nos. 8, 11, 12, 13 and 14 of Harandur. Further meets at the point of Survey No. 2 in the direction of south-east which is the starting point.

[*Note.*—Portions of Koppa-Harandur and Bintharvalli villages combined together form the Koppa town.]

No. 12—*Ml.* 86-17-74, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Whereas by proclamation published on the 9th August 1917 at pages 1427-8 in English and at page 903 in Kannada of the *Mysore Gazette*, Part II, for 1917 and posted up in conspicuous places in the town of Mudgere, Kadur District, it was duly announced under Section 8 of the Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, that it was proposed under Section 7 of the said Regulation to constitute the town of Mudgere, the local area comprised within the limits specified in that proclamation, into a permanent Municipality and whereas no objections were made to the said proposals, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased in exercise of the powers conferred on them by Section 4 (1) of the said Regulation, to constitute the said town of Mudgere into a permanent Municipality and to declare that the boundary of the said Municipality shall on and from the 1st July 1918, be shown as hereunder.

East.—Starting from the southernmost point of Survey No. 6, the boundary line runs north along the eastern edge of Survey No. 6 and passing through the point, where Survey Nos. 6 and 4 meet, it runs along the eastern boundary of Survey No. 4 and joins the southern

No. 221 and along the eastern edge of Survey No. 4. Then joining the southern corner of Survey No. 229, it passes along the same survey number and along the edge of the Belur-Mudgere road, and crossing that road near the south-east corner of Survey No. 191, it goes along the southern and eastern boundary of Survey No. 191 till it reaches the south-eastern corner of Survey No. 165. From there it passes along the eastern boundary of Survey No. 165 and terminates at the north-eastern corner of the same survey number.

North.—Beginning from the north-eastern corner of Survey No. 165, the boundary line runs west along the northern and western boundary of the same survey number and crossing the Chikmagalur-Mudgere road it joins the north-eastern corner of Survey No. 163. Then it proceeds in a westerly direction along the northern boundary of Survey Nos. 163, 239, 240, 159 and 158 and terminates in the north-western corner of Survey No. 158.

West.—The boundary line begins at the north-west corner of Survey No. 158 and proceeds due south along the western boundary of Survey Nos. 158 and 157 till it goes half the distance along the western boundary of Survey No. 157 and then it proceeds due west along the northern boundary of Survey Nos. 156 and 154. Then it takes a southern direction and proceeds along the western boundary of Survey Nos. 154, 153, 152, 151 and 150 and from the south-west corner of Survey No. 150 it goes along the western edge of the Kadur-Mangalore road till it meets the northern boundary of Survey No. 129 and then it goes along the northern and western boundary of Survey Nos. 129 and 130 till it terminates in the south-west corner of Survey No. 130.

South.—Commencing from the south-west corner of Survey No. 130 the boundary line proceeds in an easterly direction along the southern boundary of Survey No. 130 and crossing the Kadur-Mangalore road it joins the south-western corner of Survey No. 132 and goes east along the southern boundary of that survey number and then it passes along the eastern boundary of Survey Nos. 132 and 131 till it meets the Kadur-Mangalore road. And going along the eastern edge of the road it joins the south-western corner of Survey No. 237. From there the line goes along the western and southern boundary of Survey Nos. 3 and 6 till it closes the circuit at the southernmost point of Survey No. 6.

No. 13—Ml. 86-17-75, dated, 1st July 1918.

Whereas by proclamation published on the 21st March 1918 at pages 292 and 293 in English and at page 181 in Kannada of the *Mysore Gazette*, Part II, for 1918 and posted up in conspicuous places in the town of Vadigenhalli, Bangalore District, it was duly announced under Section 8 of the Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, that it was proposed under Section 7 of the said Regulation to constitute the town of Vadigenhalli, the local area comprised within the limits specified in that proclamation, into a permanent Municipality and whereas no objections, were made to the said proposals, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased in exercise of the powers conferred on them by Section (4) (1) of the said Regulation, to constitute the said town of Vadigenahalli into a permanent Municipality and to declare that the boundary of the said Municipality shall on and from the 1st July 1918, be shown as hereunder.

I. The boundary of the Vadigenhalli Town commences at the south-western corner of the Survey No. 200 and runs southward and eastward along the southern boundary of the said survey number. It then passes along the southern boundary of the Survey Nos. 207 and 210 and crosses the Kodihalla of Vadigenhalli Amanikere in its southern boundary. The line then passes the southern boundary of the Survey Nos. 261 and 262 and running southward it passes the eastern boundary of Survey Nos. 267 and 289. Then turning eastward it passes along the southern boundary of the Survey Nos. 289, 291, 292, 293 and crosses the cart-track near the south-western corner of the Survey No. 294 and passing westward along the northern boundary of the Survey Nos. 316 and 317, it runs along the western and southern boundary of the Survey No. 317.

II. Then it passes the western boundaries of the Survey Nos. 318, 331 and 321 and turning towards the east, it runs along the southern boundary of Survey Nos. 321 and 325. Then turning southward, it passes along the western boundaries of the Survey Nos. 326, 380 and 389.

III. Then the boundary line turns westward along the northern boundary of the Kolar-Sompur road till it crosses the said road near the junction of the Devanhalli-Vadigenhalli road and Kolar-Sompur road. It then passes along the northern boundary of the Devanhalli-Vadigenhalli road and turning northward, it runs along the eastern boundary of Survey Nos. 96 and 105. Then turning towards the east it passes along the Koalr-Sompur road in its southern boundary and crosses it near the south-eastern corner of Survey No. 185.

IV. From this point the boundary line runs northward along the eastern boundary of the Survey Nos. 185, 186, 188, 189 and turning a little westward passes along the eastern

boundary of Survey Nos. 190, 195 and 196, till it reaches the south-western corner of the Survey No. 200.

From this it will be seen that the town of Vadigenhalli will include the undermentioned survey numbers of Kasaba Vadigenhalli.

Survey Nos. 1 to 35 and Nos. 92, 93, 94 and 95.

No. 14—*Ml.* 86-17-76, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Whereas by proclamation published on the 9th August 1917 at the page 1428 in English and at pages 901-2 in Kannada of the *Mysore Gazette*, Part II, for 1917 and posted up in conspicuous places in the town of Kadur, Kadur District, it was duly announced under Section 8 of the Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, that it was proposed under Section 7 of the said Regulation to constitute the town of Kadur, the local area comprised within the limits specified in that proclamation, into a permanent Municipality and whereas no objections were made to the said proposals, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased in exercise of the powers conferred on them by Section 4 (1) of the said Regulation, to constitute the said town of Kadur, into a permanent Municipality and to declare that the boundary of the said Municipality shall, on and from the 1st July 1918, be shown as hereunder.

North.—The northern boundary of Kadur Town begins at the south-eastern corner of the Survey No. 38 and runs west along the southern boundaries of the Survey Nos. 38, 37, 33 and 32 and going south along the eastern boundaries of Survey Nos. 22 and 21 turns west along the southern boundary of Survey No. 21. It joins the Bangalore-Honnawara road till it crosses the road at 130th mile 3rd furlong passing south along the western boundary of Survey No. 2 crosses the railway line over to the point of the south-eastern corner of Survey No. 1; it terminate with the southern boundary of Survey Nos. 1 and 372.

West.—The western boundary commences at the north-eastern corner of Survey No. 211 and goes south along the eastern boundary of the Nos. 211 and 206. It then crosses the Rayagalve water channel at the south-western corner of Survey No. 375 and passes south-west along the western boundary of Survey No. 205. Running across the Lingalapur villages branch road it goes south along the eastern boundary of Survey Nos. 141, 140 and 139 and crosses the Kadur-Mangalore road at the 130th mile 5th furlong.

South.—The southern boundary of the town begins at the above said 5th furlong in the Kadur-Mangalore road and running along with the road north-east and joins the railway line at the point of the northern corner of Survey No. 136. It crosses the Railway line over to the point of the south-western corner of No. 110 and proceeds along the southern boundaries of Survey Nos. 110, 111 and 112 and then northwards along the western boundary of Survey No. 113. It joins the travellers' bungalow road at the north-eastern corner of No. 112 and passing along the same till its junction with the Bangalore road and on along with the latter. It crosses the Bangalore road at the 129th mile, 4th furlong.

East.—The eastern boundary begins at the abovementioned crossing at the 129th mile, 4th furlong and running along with the road passes north along the western boundaries of No. 72 and then turns westwards along the northernb oundaries of Survey Nos. 71 and 70. It then follows the western boundaries of Survey Nos. 69 and 68 and the southern boundaries of Survey Nos. 49, 48 and 47 terminating at the south-eastern corner of Survey No. 38, which is the starting point of the northern boundary.

No. 15—*Ml.* 86-17-77, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Whereas by proclamation published on the 4th October 1917, at pages 1674—1675 in English and at pages 1111—1112 in Kannada of the *Mysore Gazette*, Part II, for 1917 and posted up in conspicuous places in the town of Magadi, Bangalore District, it was duly announced under Section 8 of the Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, that it was proposed under Section 7 of the said Regulation to constitute the town of Magadi the local area comprised within the limits specified in that proclamation, into a permanent Municipality, and whereas no objections were made to the said proposals, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased in exercise of the powers conferred on them by Section 4 (1) of the said Regulation, to constitute the said town of Magadi into a permanent Municipality and to declare that the boundary of the said Municipality shall, on and from the 1st July 1918, be shown as hereunder.

North.—The boundary line of Municipality commences on the north at the south-west corner stone of Survey No. 1 of Kasaba Magadi, runs east along the southern edge of Survey Nos. 1 and 5 and then turns north at the south-east corner of Survey No. 5 runs up to the Gowramma tank and skirting the voni leading from Magadi Town to Gowramma tank between Survey Nos. 5 and 6 joins the south-west corner stone of Survey No. 6 and following along the southern boundary line of the same. No. turns north at east south-east corner, goes up to south-west corner of Survey No. 7 and turning due east along the south-

boundary line of Survey No. 7, reaches the Gowramma tank and going round it reaches the south-eastern corner of the tank. From this point it crosses the voni leading from Magadi to Bychapur village on the south-west corner stone of Survey No. 28 of Kasaba Magadi and following due east along the Magadi-Gudemaranahalli road and along the southern boundary lines of Survey Nos. 27, 26, 25, 24 and 23 of Kasaba Magadi and along the southern boundary line of Survey No. 38 of Tirumale village runs along the bund of Kotikatte of Tirumale through the middle of Survey No. 43 along the road between Magadi and Tirumale meets the south-west corner stone of Survey No. 41 of Tirumale, runs along its southern border and turning north at its south-east corner meets south-west corner stone of Survey No. 42 of Tirumale and turning due east along the southern boundary of the same number turns north at its south-east corner, follows along the eastern boundary of Survey Nos. 42 and 41 of the same village meets the north-east corner stone of Survey No. 41 and thence it runs due east along southern boundary of Survey No. 31 of the said Tirumale village and terminates at the south-east corner stone of the same number.

East.—The eastern boundary line commences at the south-eastern corner stone of Survey No. 31 of Tirumale, runs south, south-east and again south along the western boundary line of Survey No. 13 of the village up to the south-west corner of the same number, turns west and then south along the western boundary line Survey Nos. 1 and 115 of the same village up to the north-eastern corner bandh of Survey No. 112 and running along the northern boundary line of Survey No. 112 of Tirumale till it again meets the northern boundary line of the Survey No. 111 at the junction between the Survey Nos. 111 and 112 and then up to the north-western corner bandh of the said Survey No. 111. Then it continues along the northern boundary lines of Survey Nos. 108, 107, 106 and 104 of the village of Tirumale and turning south at the north-western corner of the said Survey No. 104, runs along the western boundary lines of Survey Nos. 104 and 103 of Tirumale up to the voni between the Bangalore-Magadi road and Survey No. 102 and going along and including the said voni it meets the Magadi-Bangalore road and terminates there.

South.—The southern boundary line commences at the point where the voni between the Survey No. 102 of Tirumale village and Magadi-Bangalore road meet, crosses the road to the south at right angles the said point to its opposite side to the middle of the northern boundary line of Survey No. 101 of Tirumale village and thence running due west along the northern boundary line of Survey Nos. 100 and 101 of Tirumale village crosses the voni between Survey Nos. 100 and 70 of the same village on to the north-eastern corner bandh on Survey No. 70 of Tirumale village, and running along the northern boundary line of the same number crosses the voni between the same number and Survey No. 69 of the same village on to the north-eastern corner bandh of the said Survey No. 69, runs along the northern boundary lines of Survey Nos. 69 and 68 of Tirumale village up to the north-western corner stone of the said Survey No. 68. Thence it continues along the northern boundary line of Survey No. 108 of Kasaba Magadi up to its north-western corner stone, thence it crosses the Kodihalli of Magadi-Gowramma tank on to the north-west corner stone of Survey No. 156 of Kasaba Magadi.

Then it follows along the northern boundary lines of Survey Nos. 156, 157 and 163 of Kasaba Magadi up to the north-western corner stone of the said Survey No. 163, then it runs south along the bund of Hombalammanpet tank, *i.e.*, along the eastern boundary line of Survey No. 170 of Magadi and thence along the southern boundary line of Survey No. 169 of Magadi up to its south-eastern corner stone, thence it runs south up to the northern boundary line of Survey No. 177 of Magadi and turning due west along its northern boundary line up to its south-western corner stone. There it crosses the voni between Survey Nos. 167 and 177 and Survey Nos. 178 and 141 of Kasaba Magadi on to the north-west corner stone of Survey No. 178 and running west along the northern and western boundary line of the same survey number meets north-west corner stone of Survey No. 179. Then it crosses the voni leading to Netenhalli meets the middle stone in the eastern boundary line of Survey No. 180 of Magadi, runs north, meets north-east corner stone of the same survey number continues west and meeting the south-east corner stone of Survey No. 183 of Magadi continues north along the western boundary line of the same number, turns east at its north-west corner bandh, runs along the full length of its northern boundary line and continuing along the southern and eastern boundary lines of Survey No. 176 of Magadi, meets the north-west corner stone of Survey No. 174 of Magadi, crosses the feeder channel of Hombalammanpet tank, meets the south-east corner stone of Survey No. 173, runs north along with its eastern boundary line, and running in its continuation along the southern boundary line of Survey No. 172 in the easterly direction, turns north against the south-east corner stone of the same number and running along its eastern boundary line and that of Survey No. 171 meets the north-eastern corner stone of the same number, then turns westward and following along the northern boundary line of this number and those of the Survey Nos. 239, 186 and 192 crosses the voni leading to Netenhalli, meets the south-eastern corner stone of Survey No. 193, runs in a north-westerly course along the boundary lines of

Survey Nos. 193 and 220 of Magadi crosses the voni leading from Magadi to Tatval village on to the south-eastern corner stone of Survey No. 223 of Magadi and stops there.

West.—The western boundary line commences at the south-eastern corner stone of Survey No. 223 of Magadi runs in a north-westerly direction along the boundary lines of Survey Nos. 223, 222 and 221 of Magadi adjoining the Bangalore-Magadi-Huliyurdurga road up to the north-west corner stone of the said Survey No. 221 crosses the voni between the Survey Nos. 221, 228 of Magadi, on to the north-east corner stone of the same Survey No. 228 and thence crosses the Bangalore-Magadi-Huliyurdurga road on to the south-west corner bandh of Survey No. 236, runs north and turns east along the eastern and southern boundary lines of the same number meets the north-west corner stone of Survey No. 227 of Magadi continues along its northern boundary line, and turning north along with the eastern boundary line of Survey No. 36 of Magadi meets the starting point north-eastern corner stone of Survey No. 236 or (the south-west corner stone of Survey No. 1 of Magadi).

No. 16—*Ml.* 86-17-78, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Whereas by proclamation published on the 14th June 1917 at page 980 in English and at pages 716—717 in Kannada of the *Mysore Gazette*, Part II, for 1917 and posted up in conspicuous places in the town of French Rocks, Mysore District, it was duly announced under Section 8 of the Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, that it was proposed under Section 7 of the said Regulation to constitute the town of French Rocks the local area comprised within the limits specified in that proclamation, into a permanent Municipality and whereas no objections were made to the said proposals, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased in exercise of the powers conferred on them by Section 4 (1) of the said Regulation, to constitute the said town of French Rocks into a permanent Municipality and to declare that the boundary of the said Municipality shall, on and from the 1st July 1918, be shown as hereunder.

North.—The southern boundaries of Survey Nos. 40, 49, 56, 5 and 8 and the culvert between Survey Nos. 8 and 10 of Beersettihalli village.

East.—The western boundary of Hirode tank, the kodi bridge, the kodi halla and the halla which flows in Survey No. 75 of Hirode village.

South.—The northern boundary of Survey Nos. 14, 15, 16 and 17 of Harohalli village and the halla which flows through Survey Nos. 28, 29, 30, 31 and 73 of Hirode village.

West.—The western boundary of Survey No. 13 of Harohalli village.

No. 17—*Ml.* 86-17-79, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Whereas by proclamation published on the 14th June 1917 at page 979 in English and at page 715 in Kannada of the *Mysore Gazette*, Part II, for 1917 and posted up in conspicuous places in the town of Ramasamudra, Chamrajnagar Taluk, it was duly announced under Section 8 of the Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, that it was proposed under Section 7 of the said Regulation to constitute the town of Ramasamudra the local area comprised within the limits specified in that proclamation, into a permanent Municipality and whereas no objections were made to the said proposals, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased in exercise of the powers conferred on them by Section 4 (1) of the said Regulation, to constitute the said town of Ramasamudra into a permanent Municipality and to declare that the boundary of the said Municipality shall, on and from the 1st July 1918, be shown as hereunder.

The boundary line commences from the south-west corner of Survey No. 613, follows its southern boundary line, encloses Survey Nos. 612, 618, 619, 620, 629 and 623, the voni lying between Survey Nos. 623 and 624 and also Survey Nos. 624 and 625 and turning to the north goes along the eastern boundary line of Survey No. 626. It then turns east and keeps to the southern boundary line of Survey No. 652 and part of the western and the whole of the southern boundary line of Survey No. 661 enclosing Survey No. 662. Then it crosses the voni, which runs north and south, follows part of the western and southern boundary line of Survey No. 1 and crossing the halla, turns to the south, follows the western boundary line of Survey Nos. 112, 113 and 114. It then skirts round Survey Nos. 116 and 118, crosses the voni at the south-west corner of Survey No. 118 and turning to the west, follows the northern boundary line of Survey Nos. 563, 564, 565, 583 and 584. Then it crosses a voni and passes along the northern boundary of Survey No. 585 and again crosses a voni turns to the north, follows the eastern boundary line of Survey Nos. 609 and 611 and joins the Chamrajnagar-Ramasamudram road. There the line turns to the west and follows the northern boundary of Survey Nos. 611, 609, 601 and 600 of Ramasamudram village, crosses the Chamrajnagar-Ramasamudram road, and joins the south-west corner of Survey No. 613, from where it started.

No. 18—*Ml.* 86-17-80, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Whereas by proclamation published on the 14th June 1917 at pages 980-81 in English and at pages 715—6 in Kannada of the *Mysore Gazette*, Part II, for 1917 and posted up in conspicuous places in the town of Talkad, Mysore District, it was duly announced under Section 8 of the Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, that it was proposed under Section 7 of the said Regulation to constitute the town of Talkad the local area comprised within the limits specified in that proclamation, into a permanent Municipality, and whereas the objections made to the said proposals were disposed of otherwise, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased in exercise of the powers conferred on them by Section 4 (1) of the said Regulation, to constitute the said town of Talkad into a permanent Municipality and to declare that the boundary of the said Municipality shall, on and from the 1st July 1918, be shown as hereunder.

The boundary line of the newly constituted Municipality of Talkad Town commences at the junction of the south-west corner of the boundary line of Survey No. 1323 of Talkad village, with the northern bank of the Cauvery river and runs west along the northern bank of the river passing along the southern boundary lines of Survey Nos. 1330, 1331, 1332, 1333, 1335, 1336, 1337 and 1338, where it passes across the mouth of the branch channel which join the river. From there the boundary line runs in a north-westerly direction between the margin of the great sand dunes and the northern bank of the Cauvery river, then turns north and runs along the river shore as far as the place where the margin of the sand dunes turns towards east near the south-west corner of Survey No. 227. The line runs east along the southern boundary line of Survey No. 227 and then turns north and goes till it meets the south-west corner of Survey No. 233, turns east and passes along the southern boundary line of that Survey No. 233, then turns and runs along the north-eastern boundary line of Survey No. 233, where it meets the northern boundary line of Survey No. 234, and then turns west and goes as far as the western limit of the northern boundary line of Survey No. 234, and then runs along the south-east boundary of Survey Nos. 234, 235 and 236 and then runs south-east along the boundary line of Survey Nos. 96, 97 and 98 and then turns west and runs along the southern boundary line of Survey No. 98 and turns south-east and runs along the boundary line of Survey No. 91 and turns south-west and goes along the boundary line of Survey No. 92 and then runs along the southern boundary line of Survey No. 92, and meets the southern boundary line of Survey No. 91, and goes east till it meets the north-east corner of Survey No. 90 and then goes along the western boundary line up to the south-west corner and then turns and goes along the southern boundary line of Survey Nos. 90 and 89 and then turns north-east and goes along the boundary line of Survey Nos. 89 and 88, till it meets the southern boundary line of Survey No. 86 and goes along that boundary line towards east till it meets the north-east corner of Survey No. 84 and turns south and goes along the southern boundary line of Survey Nos. 84, 83 and 82 and then turns east and runs along the southern boundary lines of Survey Nos. 82, 81, 80, 79, 78, 77 and 73 and then turns north and runs along the western bank of Madhava Mantri channel as far as the north-east corner of Survey No. 264 and goes north crossing the channel, it meets the northern bank of Madhava Mantri channel and runs along the northern bank up to the south-west corner of Survey No. 268 and turns north and runs along the western boundary line of Survey Nos. 268 and 269 and again turns east and runs along the northern boundary line, till it meets T.-Narsipur-Talkad road where it crosses it and turns north and runs along the eastern margin of the road up to the north-west corner of Survey No. 25 of Vadiyandahalli village and then turns east and runs along the northern boundary line of Survey Nos. 25, 45 and 46 and crosses the Talkad-Sivasamudram road and goes east along the northern boundary line of Survey Nos. 88, 89 and 138 and up to north-eastern corner of Survey No. 164 and then turns south and passes along the eastern boundary line of Survey Nos. 164, 132, 131 and 130 and crosses Talkad-Vijapur road and meets the point where the southern boundary line of Survey No. 172 meets the south-west boundary line of Survey No. 168 and passes along the curve of the boundary line of Survey No. 168 and then passes along the eastern boundary line of Survey No. 172 and goes up to the point where it meets the northern bank of Madhava Mantri channel and from there it turns towards south-west and passes along the northern bank of the channel till it meets the south-west corner of Survey No. 119 and turns south, crosses the channel and meets the north-west corner of Survey No. 117, on the eastern margin of Talkad road on the eastern bank of the channel. From there it runs towards south, along the eastern margin of the road, till it meets the south-west corner of Survey No. 70. Here it turns eastward and passes along the northern boundary line of Survey No. 70 or the western bank of the channel, here called Kukkur channel, and passes along the western bank of this channel, till it meets the north-west corner of Survey No. 25 of Talkad village, where it turns due south and passes along the western boundary line of Survey Nos. 25, 1327 and 1323 and meets the south-west corner of the western boundary line of Survey No. 1323 with the northern bank of the Cauvery river, wherefrom it started.

No. 19—*Ml.* 86-17-81, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Whereas by proclamation published on the 21st June 1917 at page 1040 in English and at pages 747—8 in Kannada of the *Mysore Gazette*, Part II, for 1917 and posted up in conspicuous places in the town of Nagamangala, Mysore District, it was duly announced under Section 8 of the Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, that it was proposed under Section 7 of the said Regulation to constitute the town of Nagamangala the local area comprised within the limits specified in that proclamation, into a permanent Municipality, and whereas no objections were made to the said proposals, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased in exercise of the powers conferred on them by Section 4 (1) of the said Regulation, to constitute the said town of Nagamangala into a permanent Municipality and to declare that the boundary of the said Municipality shall, on and from the 1st July 1918, be shown as hereunder.

The boundary line commences from the north-east boundary stone of Survey No. 689, runs westward along the Survey Nos. 690, 691 and 692 in their northern boundary lines, until it meets with the north-west corner stone of Survey No. 692, then turns north-west, meets the north-east boundary stone of Survey No. 695, and turning next south-west, passes along the same number 695, and Survey Nos. 1, 87 and 88 in their respective northern boundary lines, joins the north-east corner stone of Survey No. 89, from here it crosses the oni and touching the south-east corner stone of Survey No. 162, turns south-west and passing along that Survey No. 162 to a distance of 66 yards turns north, and touching the south-east corner stone of Survey No. 163, passes in the same direction until it meets the north-east corner stone of the Survey No. 163. From this point, it crosses the oni and touching next, the south-west corner stone of Survey No. 176, turns north-west, again turns due north and next passing in the same direction, and meeting the north-west corner stone of the same number, crosses the feeder halla of the Hirikere tank and continues its course in the Survey No. 177 also to a distance of 77 yards, turns east, joins the south-west corner stone of Survey No. 178, again turns south-east, comes in contact with the southern corner point of 178, turns north-east and meets the south-western end of the Hirikere tank. From here it takes the east course along the tank until it meets the right end of the tank at the junction stone of Survey No. 436 and next turns south-east and passing along the Survey Nos. 436, 437, 438, 439 in their western boundary, meets the south-west corner stone of Survey No. 439 turns east joins the south-east corner stone of the same No. 439. From this point it crosses the French Rocks-Nelligere road and touching the north-west boundary stone of Survey No. 453, runs north-east, meets the north-east corner stone of the same number, then turns south-east comes in contact with the north-east corner stone of Survey No. 452, turns south, meets the south-east corner stone of Survey No. 452, crosses the old Mandya road, joins the western boundary stone of Survey No. 501 and next passing through the Survey Nos. 501, 502, 506 and 507 in their western boundary line meets the north-east corner stone of Survey No. 508 and next turning south-west, runs in that direction and meets the north-west corner stone of the same No. 508. From here it crosses the French Rocks-Nelligere road and joins the north-east corner stone of Survey No. 689 whence it originally started.

Survey Nos. 440 to 451 are also included within the limits of the Municipality.

No. 20—*Ml.* 86-17-82, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Whereas by proclamation published on the 4th October 1917 at page 1679 in English and at pages 1112—13 in Kannada of the *Mysore Gazette*, Part II, for 1917 and posted up in conspicuous places in the town of Hoskote, Bangalore District, it was duly announced under Section 8 of the Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, that it was proposed under Section 7 of the said Regulation to constitute the town of Hoskote the local area comprised within the limits specified in that proclamation, into a permanent Municipality and whereas no objections were made to the said proposals, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased in exercise of the powers conferred on them by Section 4 (1) of the said Regulation, to constitute the said town of Hoskote into a permanent Municipality and to declare that the boundary of the said Municipality shall, on and from the 1st July 1918, be shown as hereunder.

The boundary line of the proposed permanent Municipality of Hoskote commences from the south-eastern corner of Survey No. 303 of Hoskote, passes through the south-west corner of Survey No. 200 and through Survey Nos. 304 and 305 crosses Madras-Cannanore road, passes through Survey Nos. 320, 307, 308 and 309 crosses the cross road from Hoskote to Madras-Cannanore road, passes through Survey No. 313, crosses Salbele road and passing through Survey Nos. 315, 369 and 454 joins the north-western corner of Survey No. 454.

From there it starts north-east and passing through Survey No. 424 crosses Ghati road, passes through Survey No. 448, crosses Hoskote, Chikkere, Kodihalla and passing through Survey Nos. 92, 93 and 91 joins the north-eastern corner of Survey No. 91 of Hoskote.

From there it starts north-east and passing on the northern side of Survey Nos. 94, 96 and 98 of Hoskote (in the margin of Hoskote-Doddamanikere) crosses Sulbele road and the Chikkere tank bund at a little distance from the sluice and passing through the above tank bed and through Survey Nos. 56, 55, 53, 51, 50 and 49 and passing along the northern boundary line of Survey No. 45 joins the north-eastern corner of the same survey number.

From there it starts south-east and passing along the northern boundary line of Survey No. 44 and Chikamanikere tank bed passes through Survey No. 120 and joins the north-eastern corner of the same survey number of Hoskote.

From there it starts south-east and passing through Survey Nos. 40, 41 and 42 of Dandapalya village crosses Guddappah road and passing through Survey Nos. 72, 71, 69, 68, 67, 61 and 60 of the above village crosses Madras-Cannanore road and joins the north-western corner of Survey No. 85 of Dandapalya.

From there it starts south-west and passing through Survey Nos. 84 and 10 of Dandapalya village, joins the south-western corner of the latter survey number.

From there it starts westwards, crosses Malur road, passes through Survey Nos. 22, 23 and 24 of Dandapalya, crosses the halla and passing through Survey Nos. 27 and 28 of the above village, joins the south-western corner of the latter survey number.

From there it starts south-west, crosses the halla passes through Survey Nos. 146, 147, 148, 167, 168, 169, 170, 180 and 179 of Hoskote crosses Kannarahalli cart-track and the katte (Survey No. 213) and passing through Survey Nos. 214, 215, 205 and 203 of Hoskote finally joins the south-western corner of Survey No. 303 from where it originally started.

No. 21—Ml. 86-17-83, dated 1st July 1918.

Whereas by proclamation published on the 4th October 1917, at pages 1678-79 in English and at page 1110 in Kannada of the *Mysore Gazette*, Part II, for 1917 and posted up in conspicuous places in the town of Thyamagondlu, Nelamangala Taluk, it was duly announced under Section 8 of the Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, that it was proposed under Section 7 of the said Regulation to constitute the town of Tyamagondlu the local area comprised within the limits specified in that proclamation, into a permanent Municipality, and whereas no objections were made to the said proposals, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased in exercise of the powers conferred on them by Section 4 (1) of the said Regulation to constitute the said town of Thyamagondlu into a permanent Municipality and to declare that the boundary of the said Municipality shall on and from the 1st July 1918, be shown as hereunder.

The boundary line of Thyamagondlu Town commences at the north-east corner of Survey No. 171 and runs southward along the eastern boundary of Survey Nos. 171, 160 and 159, till it crosses the road leading to Dodbele at the north-western corner of Survey No. 119. Then it passes along the western boundary of Survey No. 119 and continues to run along the eastern boundary of Survey Nos. 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129 and 130, where it joins the road, leading to Gundenahalli in the south-eastern corner.

II. Then it runs along the said Gundenahalli road in the western direction as far as the south-eastern corner of Survey No. 81, where it crosses the road leading from Bidlure. Then it continues to run along the southern boundary of Survey Nos. 81 and 71 as far as south-eastern corner of Survey No. 70, where it crosses the road leading from Bidlure and passing along the southern boundary of Survey No. 70, till it reaches south-western corner of Survey No. 70 in the south-west.

III. Then the boundary line, turning to the north, runs along the western boundary of Survey No. 70, till it crosses the road, leading to Sivaganga at the north-eastern corner of Survey No. 69, it then turns to the west on the northern boundary of Survey No. 69 and passes towards the north along the eastern boundary of Survey Nos. 46, 45 and 38, reaching the south-eastern corner of Survey No. 39, it then continues to run along the eastern boundary of Survey No. 39, passing through Survey Nos. 2 and 3 and along the western boundary of Survey No. 4, it crosses the road leading from Sompur at the south-eastern corner of Survey No. 11, and thence it runs through the Survey No. 10 and reaches the south-eastern corner of Survey No. 9 in the north-west.

IV. Then the northern boundary line, starting from this point towards the east along the northern boundary line of Survey No. 7, crosses the road, leading to Tavarekere in the west of Survey No. 179 and runs towards the south along the same road as far as the south-western corner of Survey No. 179, it again, turning to the east runs along the road, leading to the tank, it reaches the north-eastern corner of Survey No. 171 in the north-east.

From this it will be seen that the Town of Thyamagondlu will include the undermentioned survey numbers of Kasaba Thyamagondlu. 1—part of 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126,

127, 128, 129, 130, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 168, 169, 170, 171, 180, 181, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192.

No. 22—Ml. 86-17-84, dated 1st July 1918.

Whereas by proclamation published on the 13th September 1917, at page 1587 in English and at page 1027 in Kannada of the *Mysore Gazette*, Part II, for 1917 and posted up in conspicuous places in the town of Chamarajnagar, Mysore District, it was duly announced under Section 8 of the Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, that it was proposed under Section 7 of the said Regulation to alter the limits of the Chamrajnagar Municipality and whereas no objections were made to the said proposals, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased in exercise of the powers conferred on them by Section 4 (1) of the said Regulation, to alter the limits of the said Municipality and to declare that the boundary of the same Municipality shall, on and from the 1st July 1918, be shown as hereunder.

The boundary line commences from the south-east corner of Survey No. 23 (which is situated to the north-west of Chamrajnagar Town and on the left side of Nanjangud-Hasnurghat road) follows the southern boundary line of Survey Nos. 24, 21, 3 and 1 up to the south-east corner of Survey No. 1. It then turns towards the north on the T.-Narsipur road side, skirts round the eastern boundary line of Survey Nos. 1, 5, 6, 7 and 13 and then crosses the said road near the halla on the north side of Survey No. 13. It then follows the western boundary line of Survey No. 342 and going a little distance along the western boundary of Survey No. 343, turns to the east and encloses portions of Survey Nos. 343 and 344, lying to the south of the lane, and a portion of Survey No. 354, lying to the south and west of the lane. It then skirts round Survey Nos. 356, 361, 360 and 359 and joins the Ramasamudra road from there the line turns east and following the southern boundary line of Survey Nos. 358, 412, 298, 296 and 295 of Chamrajnagar, crosses the Chamrajnagar-Ramasamudram road. It then follows the northern boundary of Survey Nos. 391, 390, 388, 387, 386, 385 and 366 and turning south, goes along the western boundary of Survey Nos. 366 and 367, the northern boundary of Survey No. 369, the eastern and northern boundary of Survey No. 428 and northern and western line of Survey No. 429.

It then crosses the voni and going along the northern and part of western boundary line of Survey No. 427 and the western boundary line of Survey Nos. 433 and 434, joins the Hasnurghat road. It then follows the boundary line of Survey Nos. 434 and 436 and part of Survey No. 444, crosses the Hasnurghat road and following the northern boundary of Survey Nos. 458, 459 and 461 and enclosing Survey Nos. 462, 463, 464 and 467 joins the Gundlupet road. Further, the line goes along the western boundary line of Survey No. 470, crosses the said road at the south-west corner of the said survey number and following the eastern boundary line of Survey Nos. 471, 472 and 466, turns to the west, and going along the northern boundary line of Survey Nos. 466 and 473, joins the south-eastern corner of Survey No. 475 (which is a tank). Then enclosing the eastern bund of the said tank, the line follows the southern and eastern boundary line of Survey No. 672 and eastern boundary line of that number and Survey No. 673 and encloses Survey Nos. 701, 702, 703, 704, 679, 705 and 706. It then goes along the southern boundary line of Survey Nos. 688 and 689 and the eastern boundary line of Survey Nos. 689 and 686 and joins the Nanjangud-Hasnurghat road on the north-eastern corner of Survey No. 686. Then the line follows the northern boundary line of Survey Nos. 686, 685, and 659, crosses the said road and joins the south-eastern corner of Survey No. 23 from where it started.

No. 23—Ml. 86-17-85, dated 1st July 1918.

Whereas by proclamation published on the 4th October 1917, at page 1677 in English and at pages 1113-14 in Kannada of the *Mysore Gazette*, Part II, for 1917 and posted up in conspicuous places in the town of Sulibele, Hoskote Taluk, it was duly announced under Section 8 of the Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, that it was proposed under Section 7 of the said Regulation to constitute the town of Sulibele the local area comprised within the limits specified in that proclamation, into a permanent Municipality and whereas no objections were made to the said proposals, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased in exercise of the powers conferred on them by Section 4 (1) of the said Regulation, to constitute the said town of Sulibele into a permanent Municipality and to declare that the boundary of the said Municipality shall on and from the 1st July 1918 be shown as hereunder.

The boundary line of the proposed Sulibele Municipality commences from the south-west corner of Survey No. 62 of Sulibele and running north-east, passes through the above survey number, crosses the cross road to Sulibele, passes through Survey No. 335, crosses the cart-track in the same, passes through Survey Nos. 339, 340 and 342, crossing the cart-track in the middle of Survey No. 342 and crossing Survey Nos. 343, 345, 398 and 197 joins the south-eastern corner of Survey No. 196.

From there it starts eastwards, passes through Survey No. 181 of Sulibele, crossing the cart-track in the middle of the same number joins the north-east corner of Survey No. 197 and passes through Survey Nos. 346, 347, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 15, crosses the halla and passing through Survey Nos. 16 and 158, joins the south-eastern corner of the latter survey number.

From there it starts south-east, crosses the halla passes through Survey No. 20 of Sulibele and crosses the halla, passes through Survey Nos. 144 and 142, crosses the sluice channel of Sulibele tank, passes through Survey Nos. 138, 137, 136, 135 and 133 and passing along the western boundary line of Survey No. 130, joins the south-eastern corner of the same survey number.

From there it starts north-west passes through Survey Nos. 131 and 124 of Sulibele and crossing the cart-track in the latter, passes through Survey Nos. 118, 117 and 35, joins the south-western corner of Survey No. 34, then passes through Survey Nos. 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41 and 43 and passing along the northern boundary line of Survey No. 44, joins the north-western corner of the same survey numbers.

From there it starts north-west, crosses the halla, passes through Survey Nos. 45 and 46 of Sulibele and joins the north-western corner of the latter survey number and passing through Survey Nos. 52, 54, 57, 59, 60, 61 and 63, lastly joins the south-western corner of Survey No. 62 from where it originally started.

No 24—*Ml.* 86-17-86, *dated 1st July* 1918.

Whereas by proclamation published on the 4th October 1917 at pages 1676-77 in English and at pages 1114-15 in Kannada of the *Mysore Gazette*, Part II, for 1917 and posted up in conspicuous places in the town of Sariapura, Anekal Taluk, it was duly announced, under Section 8 of the Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, that it was proposed under Section 7 of the said Regulation to constitute the town of Sarjapura the local area comprised within the limits specified in that proclamation, into a permanent Municipality and whereas no objections were made to the said proposals, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased in exercise of the powers conferred on them by Section 4 (1) of the said Regulation, to constitute the said town of Sarjapura into a permanent Municipality and to declare that the boundary of the said Municipality shall on and from the 1st July 1918 be shown as hereunder.

North.—The northern boundary commences from the south-western corner of Survey No. 3, runs east along the southern boundary of Survey No. 3, crosses the lane and meets the northern boundary line, Survey No. 2, then runs along the northern boundary line, then turns south and meets south-western corner of Survey No. 9, then runs east along the southern boundary line of Survey No. 9, then again turns south and meets the south-western corner of Survey No. 10 and again runs east along the southern boundary line of Survey Nos. 10, 11 and meets the south-western corner of Survey No. 583.

East.—The eastern boundary commences from the north-western corner of Survey No. 583 and turns south along the western boundary line of Survey No. 583, again turns east and meets the north-western corner of Survey No. 584, then again runs south along the western boundary line of Survey Nos. 584 and 585 and again turns east along the southern boundary line of Survey No. 585 and meets the north-western corner of Survey No. 586, turns south, east and south and again east along the western and southern boundary line of Survey No. 586 and meets the north-western corner of Survey No. 587, then again turns south running along the western boundary line of Survey No. 587, again turns east and meets the north-western corner of Survey No. 14 and again runs south along the western boundary line of Survey Nos. 14, 15 and again runs in an eastern direction along the southern boundary line of Survey Nos. 15, 16, 17, 18, 19 and after skirting along the well sunk by Mr. Govinda Rao, crosses the east track leading to Thindlu and meeting the northern boundary line of Survey No. 23 runs in a western direction along the northern boundary line of Survey No. 23 and again turns south along the western boundary line of Survey Nos. 23, 24 and 25 until it meets the north-eastern corner of Survey No. 29.

South.—The southern boundary starts from the north-eastern corner of Survey No. 29, runs west along the northern boundary line of Survey No. 29 and again south along the western boundary line of Survey No. 29 and after skirting round the fresh water well meets the north-eastern corner of Survey No. 30, then again runs south along the western boundary line of Survey Nos. 30, 34 and 38 corsses the voni and meeting the north-eastern corner of Survey No. 40, runs west along the northern boundary line of Survey Nos. 40, 594, then again turns south along the western boundary line of Survey No. 594 crosses the cart-track running from the town to go in the Bangalore-Hosur road and joins the north-eastern corner of Survey No. 447, then again runs west and south along the northern and western boundary line of Survey No. 447 and meets the south-eastern corner of Survey No. 448,

and again runs along the eastern and northern boundary line of Survey No. 448 until it meets the south-eastern corner of Survey No. 454.

West.—The western boundary starts from the south-eastern corner of Survey No. 454, runs north along the eastern boundary line of Survey Nos. 454, 455 and again turns east along the northern boundary line of Survey Nos. 456, 452 and crossing the road leading from the town to join the Bangalore-Hosur road meets south-western corner of Survey No. 470 and again turns east along the southern boundary line of Survey Nos. 470, 457, 458 again turns north along the eastern boundary line of Survey No. 458 and running along the southern and eastern boundary line of Survey No. 449 meets the south-western corner of Survey No. 462, again turns east along the southern boundary line of Survey No. 462 and again turns north along the eastern boundary line of Survey Nos. 463, 464, meets the north-eastern corner of Survey No. 464 and again running west along the northern boundary line of Survey No. 464, turns south along the western boundary line of Survey Nos. 464, 463 meets the north-eastern corner of Survey No. 461 and running west along the northern boundary line of Survey No. 461 again turns west along the western boundary line of Survey No. 461, meets the northern boundary line of Survey No. 461 and running in a north-western direction along the northern boundary line of Survey Nos. 461, 458 and 470 again turns north along the western boundary line of Survey No. 470 crosses the road leading into the town from Bangalore and Kodgodi meets the south-western corner of Survey No. 571, turns north and east along the western and northern boundary line of Survey No. 571 and after skirting around the travellers' bungalow runs along the foot-path leading into the town from Demmasandra cuts across the Survey No. 577 and again turns north along the eastern boundary line of Survey Nos. 578 and 579 meets south-western corner of Survey No. 3.

The Survey Nos. included within the Municipal limits are :—

591, 592, 595, 596, 597, 593, 588, 589, 35, 36, 590, 37, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, a portion of Survey Nos. 470, 571, a portion of Survey Nos. 577, 580, 581, 582, 1 and 2.

No. 25—M. 86-17-87, dated 1st July 1918.

Whereas by proclamation published on the 2nd August 1917 at page 1394 in English and at page 876 in Kannada of the *Mysore Gazette*, Part II for 1917 and posted up in conspicuous places in the town of Nelamangala, Bangalore District, it was duly announced under Section 8 of the Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906 that it was proposed under Section 7 of the said Regulation to constitute the town of Nelamangala the local area comprised within the limits specified in that proclamation, into a permanent Municipality and whereas no objections were made to the said proposals, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased in exercise of the powers conferred on them by Section 4 (1) of the said Regulation, to constitute the said town of Nelamangala into a permanent Municipality and to declare that the boundary of the said Municipality shall on and from the 1st July 1918 be shown as hereunder.

I. The boundary line of Nelamangala Town commences in the east at the eastern corner of Survey No. 89 and runs southwards along the eastern boundary of Survey Nos. 89, 90, 91, 98 and 97, and crossing the road leading to Bangalore at the north-eastern corner of Survey No. 117, it continues to run along the eastern boundary of Survey Nos. 117, 116 and 134 till it reaches the south-eastern corner of Survey No. 134, in the south-east.

II. Then it runs to the western direction along the southern boundary of Survey Nos. 134, 131, 130, 128 and passing through the Survey No. 161 to reach the south-eastern corner of Survey No. 162, it continues to run along the southern boundary of the Nelamangala village (*i.e.*), along the boundary of Survey Nos. 240, 175, 176 and 177 till it reaches the south-western corner of Survey No. 177 in the south-west.

III. The western boundary runs from this point northward along the western boundary of Survey Nos. 177, 179, 180, 182, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 192, 194, 244, 204, 206, 207, 209, 210 and that of the tank No. 2 and reaches the north-western corner of the tank No. 2, forming the same boundary as that of the Nelamangala village.

IV. The northern boundary line of the town, starting from this point towards the east along the northern boundary of the tank No. 2 and that of the Survey Nos. 3, 4, 12, 13, 14, 15 and 24, turns southwards at the north-eastern corner of Survey No. 24, and runs along the eastern boundary of Survey Nos. 24 and 30, turning again eastward it continues to run along the northern boundary of Survey Nos. 33, 64, 65, 75, 76, 239 and 89, till it reaches the eastern corner of Survey No. 89, in the east.

From this it will be seen that the town of Nelamangala will include the undermentioned survey numbers of kasaba Nelamangala:—

Survey Nos. 1 to 24, 30 to 98, 116 to 134 part of 161, 162 to 213, 216, 217, 218, 219, 224, 227, 228, 232 to 241, 243 and 244.

No. 26—Ml. 86-17-88, dated 1st July 1918.

Whereas by proclamation published on 28th June 1917 and 24th January 1918 respectively at page 1087 in English and at page 70 in Kannada of the *Mysore Gazette*, Part II, for 1917 and 1918 and posted up in conspicuous places in the town of Channagiri, Shimoga District, it was duly announced under Section 8 of the Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, that it was proposed under Section 7 of the said Regulation to constitute the town of Channagiri, the local area comprised within the limits specified in that proclamation, into a permanent Municipality and whereas, objections having been received from the villagers of Diggenahalli, Muddenahalli and Chikkulikere against the inclusion of these villages within the said Municipal limits, it has been decided that the above said villages should be excluded from the said Municipal area, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased in exercise of the powers conferred on them by Section 4 (1) of the said Regulation, to constitute the said town of Channagiri into a permanent Municipality and to declare that the boundary of the said Municipality shall on and from the 1st July 1918 be shown as hereunder:

The boundary line commences at the western bank of the Haridravati stream from the bridge in the Chitaldrug-Benkipur road and runs southwards passing along the eastern and southern boundary of Survey No. 72 enclosing also Survey Nos. 71, 96, 100 and 101 and touches the boundary between Channagiri and Diggenahalli at the southern corner of Survey No. 101.

2. The line then proceeds westward along the boundary between Diggenahalli and Channagiri up to the cart-track from Diggenahalli to Channagiri and then turns northwards along the cart-track across Survey No. 102 and proceeds along the eastern boundary line of Survey Nos. 104 and 105. It turns westward from the cart-track along the southern boundary of Survey No. 99 and runs northwards along the western boundary of Survey No. 98 and westward along the northern boundary of Survey No. 105 turning northward along the eastern boundary of Survey No. 115 and runs westward along the southern boundary lines of Survey Nos. 118 and 127. It then proceeds north along eastern and northern boundary lines of Survey No. 128 enclosing Survey Nos. 126, 134, 135 and 136 and meets Puttabasappa's tank on its southern side and passes along the western side of the tank and joins the Channagiri-Malebennur road, crossing the Chitaldrug-Benkipur road at their junction.

3. From this point the line runs eastwards along Benkipur-Chitaldrug road and at the eastern end of Puttabasappa's tank turns northwards and along the boundary of Channagiri and Chikkulikere and eastwards along Channagiri and Muddenahalli boundary till it reaches the north-eastern corner of Survey No. 17.

4. The line then turns southwards along the eastern boundary of Survey No. 17 and eastwards along the north-eastern boundary of Survey No. 17 and northern boundary of Survey Nos. 18, 27 and 25 and touches the western bank of Haridravati stream at the north-eastern corner of Survey No. 25. Further the line proceeds southwards along the bank of Haridravati stream and meets the starting point after crossing the Chitaldrug-Benkipur road near the bridge.

No. 27—Ml. 86-17-89, dated 1st July 1918.

Whereas by a proclamation published on the 31st May 1917, at pages 901-902 in English and at pages 651-652 in Kannada, *Mysore Gazette*, Part II for 1917, and posted up in conspicuous places in the town of Hosdrug it was duly announced under Section 8 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, that it was proposed under Section 7 of the said Regulation to constitute the town of Hosdrug the local area comprised within the limits specified in that proclamation into a permanent Municipality and whereas the objection made by the villagers of Goravanakallu against the inclusion of certain survey numbers within the limits of the proposed Municipality was rejected by Government as being untenable, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased in exercise of the powers conferred on them by Section 4 (1) of the said Regulation to constitute the said Hosdrug into a permanent Municipality and to declare that the boundary of the said Municipality shall on and from the 1st July 1918, be as shown hereunder.

East.—The boundary starting from the north-west pahani stone of Survey No. 83, goes towards the south as far as the north-west pahani stone of Survey No. 51, turns to the east and goes as far as the north-east pahani stone of the same number, crosses the voni, touches the north-west pahani stone of Survey No. 46, turns to the east up to the north-east pahani stone of Survey No. 46, then to the south goes as far as the south east pahani stone of Survey No. 45, turns to the east goes as far as the north-east pahani stone of Survey No. 108, turns to the south, goes as far as the south-east pahani stone of Survey No. 108, turns to the west, meets the north-east pahani stone of Survey No. 42, turns to the south, goes as

far as the pahani stone of Survey No. 42, on the northern boundary of Huliyar-Holalkere road, crosses the said road, passes the southern line of the said road and meets the north-east pahani stone of Survey No. 44, turns to south and terminates at south-west pahani stone of Survey No. 44.

South.—Commencing from south-west pahani stone of Survey No. 44, goes west, turns to the north, reaches the north-west pahani stone of the same number, turns to the south-west, then east, then to south direct, turns to the south-west, then to the north, then to the north nort-west, then to the north, passes on to the south-west, meets the south-east pahani stone of Survey No. 64, turns to the south, then west, then north-west, and terminates at the south-west pahani stone of Survey No. 65.

West.—Commencing from the south-west pahani stone of Survey No. 65, passes north and meets the Ajjampur road and then passes along the southern boundary of the said road, crosses the road, turns to the north-west along the western boundary of Survey No. 68, crosses the Holalkere-Hosdrug road, passes on the northern boundary of the said road to the south-west pahani stone of Survey No. 66, passes at north and terminates at the north-west pahani stone of Survey No. 66.

North.—Commencing from the north-west pahani stone of Survey No. 66, passes along the northern boundary of the said number, turns to the south-east, runs along the northern boundary of Survey No. 63, turns then to the north, then to the east, then again to the north, then passing along the northern boundary of Survey No. 61, meets the contour of the Goravanakallu tank and passing along the contour line to the north, then to the east, then going south and thence north along the west of the Hiriyur road, turns to the east and terminates at the south-west pahani stone of Survey No. 85.

N.B.—1. The survey numbers shown in the above description belong to Goravanakallu village.

2. No hamlets are included in the above area.

3. Survey Nos. 51, 46, 45, 108, 42, 44, 64, 65, 68, 66, 63, 62, 61, 60 and 59 of Goravanakallu village are included in the above area.

No. 28—*Ml.* 86-17-90, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Whereas by proclamation published on the 28th June 1917 and 24th January 1918, respectively at page 1088, in English and at page 71 in Kannada of the *Mysore Gazette*, Part II, for 1917 and 1918, and posted up in conspicuous places in the town of Nyamti, Shimoga District, it was duly announced under Section 8 of the Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, that it was proposed under Section 7 of the said Regulation to constitute the town of Nyamti the local area comprised within the limits specified in that proclamation into a permanent Municipality and whereas no objections were made to the said proposals, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased in exercise of the powers conferred on them by Section 4 (1) of the said Regulation, to constitute the said town of Nyamti into a permanent Municipality and to declare that the boundary of the said Municipality shall on and from the 1st July 1918, be shown as hereunder.

Boundaries.

North.—Survey Nos. 80, 175 and 67, Nyamti-Ayanur road and Survey Nos. 64 and 63.

East.—Survey Nos. 3 and 5, Doddethinahalli road and a portion of Survey No. 8.

West.—Survey Nos. 131, 129, 127, 125, 124 and 94.

South.—Survey Nos. 12, 9, 149, 144, 143 and 142.

No. 29—*Ml.* 86-17-91, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Whereas by proclamation published on the 28th June 1917, and 24th January 1918, respectively at page 1088, in English and at page 70 in Kannada of the *Mysore Gazette*, Part II for 1917, and 1918 and posted up in conspicuous places in the town of Honnali, Shimoga District, it was duly announced under Section 8 of the Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, that it was proposed under Section 7 of the said Regulation to constitute the town of Honnali the local area comprised within the limits specified in that proclamation, into a permenent Municipality and whereas no objections were made to the said proposals, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased in exercise of the powers conferred on them by Section 4 (1) of the said Regulation, to constitute the said town of Honnali, into a permanent Municipality and to declare that the boundary of the said Municipality shall on and from the 1st July 1918, be shown as hereunder.

Boundaries.

North.—Portion of Survey Nos. 1 and 2 and Survey Nos. 33 and 34.

East.—Thunga Bhadra river.

South.—Survey Nos. 62 and 61, Shimoga-Honnali road, Survey Nos. 54, 48, 47 and 41, Honnali-Shikarpur road, and Survey No. 35.

West.—Survey Nos. 38, 31, 30, 24 and 23, portions of Survey Nos. 22, 121, 19, 18, 15 and 1.

No. 30—*Ml.* 86-17-92, *dated* 1st *July* 1918.

Whereas by proclamation published on the 28th June 1917 and 24th January 1918, respectively at pages 1088-89 in English and at pages 71-72 in Kannada of the *Mysore Gazette*, Part II, for 1917 and 1918 and posted up in conspicuous places in the town of Sorab, Shimoga District, it was duly announced under Section 8 of the Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906; that it was proposed under Section 7 of the said Regulation, to constitute the town of Sorab, the local area comprised within the limits specified in that proclamation, into a permanent Municipality and whereas no objections were made to the said proposals, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased in exercise of the powers conferred on them by Section 4 (1) of the said Regulation, to constitute the said town of Sorab into a permanent Municipality and to declare that the boundary of the said Municipality shall on and from the 1st July 1918, be shown as hereunder:

North.—From the boundary stone by the side of Muragimatt near the foot-path leading to the Dandavati river in the corner of Survey Nos. 18 and 17 Heresakuna village, the line runs to the north of the boundary stone of Survey No. 1 of Sorab town and to the western boundary of Survey No. 1 of Heresakuna village, passing along the foot-path leading to the Dandavati river turning to the east near the eastern corner of Hiresakuna village and running along the southern borders of Survey Nos. 12, 11, 10, 8, 7 and 1.

South.—From the left corner of Survey No. 36 of Hiresakuna village, running along the borders of Survey Nos. 122, 121 and 120 to the tank No. 117 and turning west including the village site of Hiresakuna village and passing down to the corner of Survey No. 116, the line runs west crossing Sorab-Ulavi road, passing along the border of village site up to the corner of Survey No. 113 and turns left towards the other corner of the same survey number.

East.—From the corner of Survey No. 1 of Hiresakuna village running along the left border of Siralkoppa road up to the 7th furlong of 54th mile and crossing the same road and running left along the border of Survey No. 64, the line comes down along the border of Survey No. 63, running west along the southern borders of Survey Nos. 63 and 60, and going up to the Siralkoppa road along the western border of Survey No. 60 including Survey Nos. 60 and 63 and running up to the western corner of Survey No. 136, of Hiresakuna village.

West.—From the north-eastern corner of Survey No. 19 of Tirumalapur village, the line running along the northern border of the same survey number, to the Dandavati bridge and passing along the left of Sorab-Siddapur road crosses the same turning back along the road to the south-western corner of Survey No. 22 and running along the southern borders of Survey Nos. 22, 21, 20, 19 and 18 of Hiresakuna village and joining the corner of Survey Nos. 17 and 18.

No. 31—*Ml.* 86-17-93, *dated* 1st *July* 1918.

Whereas by proclamation published on the 28th June 1917 and 24th January 1918, respectively at pages 1090-1 in English and at page 71 in Kannada of the *Mysore Gazette*, Part II, for 1917 and 1918, and posted up in conspicuous places in the town of Shiralkoppa, Shimoga District, it was duly announced under Section 8 of the Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, that it was proposed under Section 7 of the said Regulation to constitute the town of Siralkoppa, the local area comprised within the limits specified in that proclamation, into a permanent Municipality and whereas no objections were made to the said proposals, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased in exercise of the powers conferred on them by Section 4 (1) of the said Regulation, to constitute the said town of Siralkoppa, into a permanent Municipality and to declare that the boundary of the said Municipality shall on and from the 1st July 1918, be shown as hereunder:

North.—Starting from the boundary stone in the Siralkoppa-Gondi road, including the Forest lodge and Forest Depot, the boundary line runs along the southern boundaries of Survey Nos. 16, 18, 19 and 95 of Siralkoppa village, till it reaches south-east corner of the Survey Nos. 2, 3, 4, 53, 59, 60 and 61 of the same village.

South.—From Mallappanakatte tank from the boundary stone at the north-western corner of Survey No. 134 it passes along Survey Nos. 134 and 131; crossing Shimoga-Sorab-Sirsi road at 7th furlong of the 44th mile, passing behind Gadangadakeri, through Survey Nos. 14, 120, 119 and 113 of Siralkoppa village.

East.—From Survey No. 113 of Siralkoppa village, crossing the Neralagi road and passing along the Survey Nos. 111 and 102 and thence turning to the east and crossing the Siralkoppa-Hirekerur road it joins the south-east corner of Survey No. 95.

West.—From Mallappanakatte tank including the travellers' bungalow along the Survey Nos. 142 and 143 of Siralkoppa village the line crosses Sorab-Sirsi road and joins the boundary stone.

No. 32—Ml. 86-17-94, dated 1st July 1918.

Whereas by proclamation published on the 28th June 1917 and 24th January 1918, respectively, at pages 1089—90, in English and at pages 72—3 in Kannada of the *Mysore Gazette*, Part II, for 1917 and 1918, and posted up in conspicuous places in the town of Sagar, Shimoga District, it was duly announced under Section 8 of the Municipal Regulation VII of 1906, that it was proposed under Section 7 of the said Regulation to constitute the town of Sagar, the local area comprised within the limits specified in that proclamation into a permanent Municipality and whereas no objections were made to the said proposals, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased in exercise of the powers conferred on them by Section 4 (1) of the said Regulation, to constitute the said town of Sagar into a permanent Municipality and to declare that the boundary of the said Municipality shall on and from the 1st July 1918, be shown as hereunder.

North.—The boundary line commences at the Municipal boundary stone over the bridge to the Sannamanehalla on the Bangalore-Honnavara road and running eastward along the southern borders of Survey Nos. 22, 21, 14, 13, 12 and 11 of Sannamane village, meets the south-eastern boundary stone of Survey No. 11 abovementioned. Proceeding northwards along the western border of the same survey number it makes the south-western boundary stone of Survey No. 1 of Chendramavinakoppalu village. The line then running eastwards along the southern borders of Survey Nos. 1 and 2 of the same village and the Varada river, crossing the bridge over the river on the Sagar-Siralkoppa road and passing along the westen border of Survey No. 5 of Chendramavinakoppalu village meets the northern boundary stone of the same survey number. After proceeding to the west it meets south-eastern boundary stone of Analikoppa village. The line then turning north-west runs along the boundary limits of Analikoppa and Bhimaneri villages to meet the north-western boundary stone of Survey No. 2 of Mangalabisu village. Proceeding south-west the line runs along the western border of the same survey number to meet its boundary stone (south) from the Sagar-Siralkoppa road and passes north-west along the same road meeting the Municipal boundary stone at the Mankodu village boundary on the same road.

East.—From this point the line runs south-west as far as the boundary stone between Mankodu village and Survey No. 5 of Mangalabisu village, then proceeding to south-west along the borders of Survey Nos. 5, 4 and 8 of the latter village meets the bank of the Varda river and continuing in the same direction along its bank meets the bridge again on the Sagar-Siralkoppa road. Thence the line runs south-west along the boundary of Chendramavinakoppalu village to meet the bridge of the left waste weir of Ganapathi tank on the Bangalore-Honnavara road, then passing north-east along the same village boundary meets the Varda river at junction of the Kerekodi halla. Proceeding south along the western border of Survey No. 42 of Jambagar village and meeting the south-western boundary stone on the Bangalore-Honnavara road it passes to the east along the same road to meet the Municipal boundary stone at the northern corner of Survey No. 4 of Jambagar village.

South.—From the above point the line runs south-west along the northern border of the Survey Nos. 4 and 3 of Jambagar village and northern boundary of Kambalikoppa village up to south-eastern boundary stone of the Ganapathi tank and surrounding this tank and Survey Nos. 7 and 8 of Kotavalkatte village on their eastern, northern and western borders meets the north-eastern boundary stone of Survey No. 5 of this village. Proceeding to the west and thence south along the borders of the same survey number the line runs south-east along the Kambalikoppa village boundary and meets the Municipal boundary stone at the northern point of junction of Kambalikoppa and Aralikoppa village boundaries. Passing west and thence north along the boundary of the latter village it meets the south-eastern boundary stone of Survey No. 5 of Nirkodu village. The line proceeding north-west, north and thence west along the borders of Survey Nos. 5 and 7 of the above village meets the north-western boundary stone of the said Survey No. 7 on the Nirkodu halla.

West.—From this point the line runs north-west direct along the Nirkodu halla till it reaches the 1st Municipal boundary stone over the bridge to the halla on the Bangalore-Honnavara road.

No. 33—Ml. 86-17-95, dated 1st July 1918.

Whereas by proclamation published on the 28th June 1917 and 24th January 1918, respectively at page 1091 in English and at page 69 in Kannada of the *Mysore Gazette*,

Part II, for 1917 and 1918, and posted up in conspicuous places in the town of Benkipur, Shimoga District, it was duly announced under Section 8 of the Municipal Regulation VII of 1906, that it was proposed under Section 7 of the said Regulation to constitute the town of Benkipur the local area comprised within the limits specified in that proclamation, into a permanent Municipality and whereas no objections were made to the said proposals, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased in exercise of the powers conferred on them by Section 4 (1) of the said Regulation, to constitute the said town of Benkipur into a permanent Municipality and to declare that the boundary of the said Municipality shall on and from the 1st July 1918, be shown as hereunder.

The northern boundary line commences from the southern corner of Survey No. 221 and running in a southerly direction passes along the southern boundaries of Survey Nos. 222, 1, 213, 214, 61, 64, 66 and 68 of Benkipur village and 59 of Sigebagi village. Then it takes north-easterly bend at Survey No. 59 turns downwards and runs along the boundary line of Survey No. 56 of Sigebagi; 69, 70, 73, 74 of Benkipur village, where it takes a north-easterly direction and passes along the voni leading to Kabalikatte, till it reaches the north-western corner of Survey No. 106. It runs downwards and traverses the whole village of Hosamane. Again it passes through the other edge of the voni referred to above and reaches the western boundary point of Survey No. 211.

The eastern boundary begins at the north-western corner of Survey No. 211, runs downwards as far as it touches the south-western corner of Survey No. 205. Then it runs along the southern boundary of Survey Nos. 206 and 207 joins the Benkipur-Tarikere road runs eastward and touches the Railway line leading to Shimoga. It then runs in a north-westerly direction along the boundary line of the Bhadra river and reaches the Shimoga-Channagiri road.

The southern boundary starts from the point where the eastern boundary ends and runs along the Shimoga-Channagiri road over the bridge and joins the southern end of the Forest wood yard, traversing the whole inam village of Anchalli, passes along the other bank of the Bhadra river and enters Shimoga-Channagiri road. It runs in a westerly direction till it reaches the north-western point of Survey No. 63.

The western boundary begins from the point where the southern boundary ends and runs along the eastern boundaries of Survey Nos. 25, 26 and 32. It then takes a turn to the west and runs in a northerly direction till it touches the starting point of the northern boundary.

No. 34—*Ml.* 86-17-96, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Whereas by proclamation published on the 28th June 1917 and 24th January 1918, respectively at page 1090 in English and at pages 73—74 in Kannada of the *Mysore Gazette*, Part II, for 1917 and 1918, and posted up in conspicuous places in the town of Tirthahalli, Shimoga District, it was duly announced under Section 8 of the Municipal Regulation VII of 1906, that it was proposed under Section 7 of the said Regulation to constitute the town of Tirthahalli, the local area comprised within the limits specified in that proclamation, into a permanent Municipality and whereas no objections were made to the said proposals, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased in exercise of the powers conferred on them by Section 4 (1) of the said Regulation, to constitute the said town of Tirthahalli into a permanent Municipality and to declare that the boundary of the said Municipality shall on and from the 1st July 1918, be shown as hereunder.

North—From the boundary stone in the Tirthahalli-Ananthapur road, and including Roman Catholic Church compound along the boundary line of Yedehalli village to east, touching Survey No. 13, Soppinabetta of Tirthahalli village.

East—From the north corner of Re-Survey No. 13, Soppinabetta of Tirthahalli, passing down along the boundary line of Survey Nos. 13, 12, 16, 17 and 68 behind the houses of Tirthahalli Town and also Survey Nos. 67 and 66 crossing the Tirthahalli-Shimoga road near the boundary stone and turning to the south along the road near Octroi katte passing along the boundary line of Survey Nos. 70, 73, 95 and 94 and inclusive of Ananthaiana Agrahar as far as river Tunga.

South—Tunga river inclusive of Kuruvalli Town to the south end of the Bhimarasahyana Agrahar near Kuruvalli, it passes behind the houses of Kuruvalli village up to the boundary stone on Koppa road and on through old Survey Nos. 47, 48, and 49 touching the river Tunga.

West—From the river Tunga along the boundary line of Survey Nos. 96 and 98 to 108 of Tirthahalli village the line crosses the Agumbe road at the boundary stone and runs along the Survey Nos. 5, 3, 2, 1, 9 and 10.

No. 35—*Ml.* 86-17-97, *dated* 1st *July* 1918.

Whereas by proclamation published on the 28th June 1917 and 24th January 1918, respectively at pages 1086-7 in English and at page 69 in Kannada of the *Mysore Gazette*, Part II, for 1917 and 1918, and posted up in conspicuous places in the town of Kumsi, Shimoga District, it was duly announced under Section 8 of the Municipal Regulation VII of 1906, that it was proposed under Section 7 of the said Regulation to constitute the town of Kumsi, the local area comprised within the limits specified in that proclamation, into a permanent Municipality and whereas no objections were made to the said proposals, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased in exercise of the powers conferred on them by Section 4 (1) of the said Regulation, to constitute the said town of Kumsi into a permanent Municipality and to declare that the boundary of the said Municipality shall on and from the 1st July 1918, be shown as hereunder.

The town consists of two separate blocks and as such the boundaries of each have been separately given as shown below :—

1. Town.

North.—Survey Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4 and Kempanakoppa boundary.
East.—Boundaries of Hosur and Somasettikoppa and Survey Nos. 6 and 7.
South.—Survey Nos. 80, 81 and 65.
West.—Hirekere tank, Survey Nos. 154, 155 and 153 and Eraiina tank and Survey No. 83.

2. Petta.

North.—Survey Nos. 209, 210 and 213.
East.—Hirekere, Survey Nos. 154, 160, 161, 216 and 217.
South—Survey Nos. 182, 183, 181 and 163.
West.—Survey Nos. 212, 211 and 184.

No. 36—*Ml.* 86-17-98, *dated* 1st *July* 1918.

Whereas by proclamation published on the 28th June 1917 and 24th January 1918, respectively at page 1090 in English and at page 73 in Kannada of the *Mysore Gazette*, Part II, for 1917 and 1918 and posted up in conspicuous places in the town of Kallurkatte, Shimoga District, it was duly announced under Section 8 of the Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, that it was proposed under Section 7 of the said Regulation to constitute the town of Kallurkatte the local area comprised within the limits specified in that proclamation, into a permanent Municipality and whereas no objections were made to the said proposals, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased in exercise of the powers conferred on them by Section 4 (1) of the said Regulation, to constitute the said town of Kallurkatte into a permanent Municipality and to declare that the boundary of the said Municipality shall on and from the 1st July 1918 be shown as hereunder.

North.—The boundary commences at 7/1 mile in Shimoga-Kollur ghat road and is bounded by Survey Nos. 156, 158, 168, 169, 170, 171, 173, 1, 84 and 115 of Kallurkatte Town.

East.—It is bounded by Survey No. 19 of Mavinakoppa and Survey Nos. 5, 4, 74, 73, 72, 71, 70, 68, 67 and 66 of Ganganakoppa village.

South.—It is bounded by Survey Nos. 4 and 53 of Ganganakoppa and Survey No. 133 of Kallurkatte Town.

West.—It is bounded by Survey Nos. 117, 151, 152, 154, 155 of Kallurkatte Town and Survey No. 40 of Mulaguddi village.

No. 37—*Ml.* 86-17-99, *dated* 1st *July* 1918.

Whereas by proclamation published on the 9th August 1917 at page 1426 in English and at page 898 in Kannada of the *Mysore Gazette*, Part II, for 1917 and posted up in conspicuous places in the town of Saklespur, Hassan District, it was duly announced under Section 8 of the Municipal Regulation VII of 1906 that it was proposed under Section 7 of the said Regulation to constitute the town of Saklespur the local area comprised within the limits specified in that proclamation, into a permanent Municipality and whereas no objections were made to the said proposals, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased in exercise of the powers conferred on them by Section 4 (1) of the said Regulation to constitute the said town of Saklespur into a permanent Municipality and to declare that the boundary of the said Municipality shall on and from the 1st July 1918 be shown as hereunder.

North.—Saklespur Survey Nos. 166, 167, 168, 177, 178, 182, 189, 190, 187; north side of the bridge of the Hemavathi river Malale Survey Nos. 262, 261, 375, 270, Bangalore-Mangalore old road Survey Nos. 288, 292, 291.

East.—Malali Survey Nos. 302, 303; Bangalore-Mangalore road Survey No. 317.

South.—Malali Survey Nos. 319, 321, 322; 281, 286, 285, 283, 373, 380, 260, south side of the bridge to the Hemavathi river and Saklespur Survey Nos. 51, 50, 3, 10, 12, 14, 35, 56, 38, 40, 99, 98, 98 and the Kappinakudi halla.

West.—Saklespur Survey Nos. 125, 121, 148, 150.

No. 38—Ml. 86-17-100, dated 1st July 1918.

Whereas by proclamation published on the 9th August 1917 at page 1426 in English and at page 900 in Kannada of the *Mysore Gazette*, Part II, for 1917 and posted up in conspicuous places in the town of Channarayapatna, Hassan District it was duly announced under Section 8 of the Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, that it was proposed under Section 7 of the said Regulation to constitute the town of Channarayapatna the local area comprised within the limits specified in that proclamation, into a permanent Municipality and whereas no objections were made to the said proposals, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased in exercise of the powers conferred on them by Section 4 (1) of the said Regulation, to constitute the said town of Channarayapatna, into a permanent Municipality and to declare that the boundary of the said Municipality shall on and from the 1st July 1918 be shown as hereunder.

North.—Survey Nos. 38, 43, 44, 46, 48 of Channarayapatna and 71 of Gurnahalli.

East.—Channarayapatna Amanikere Tank, Survey Nos. 56, 55, 54, 60, 90, 91, 92, 94, and 95 of Channarayapatna and Survey Nos. 80, 89, 85, 65 and 62 of Channarayapatna Amanikere village.

South.—Channarayapatna Amanikere Survey Nos. 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93 and Survey Nos. of 102, 103, 101, 106, 107, 111, 112, 144, 147, 155, 149, 154 of Channarayapatna.

West.—Survey Nos. 150, 153, 34, 33 of Channarayatna and Survey Nos. 35, 36, 37, 38, 19, 20, 21, 22 of Marenahalli Survey Nos. 97, 135, 134, 132, 131, 130, 129 128, 127, 123, 124 of Nagasamudra village.

No. 39—Ml. 86-17-101, dated 1st July 1918.

Whereas by proclamation published on the 16th August 1917 at page 1473-1474 in English and at page 926 in Kannada of the *Mysore Gazette*, Part II, for 1917 and posted up in conspicuous places in the town of Belur, Hassan District, it was duly announced under Section 8 of the Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, that it was proposed under Section 7 of the said Regulation to constitute the town of Belur the local area comprised within the limits specified in that proclamation, into a permanent Municipality and whereas no objections were made to the said proposals, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased in exercise of the powers conferred on them by Section 4 (1) of the said Regulation to constitute the said town of Belur into a permanent Municipality and to declare that the boundary of the said Municipality shall on and from the 1st July 1918 be shown as hereunder.

North.—Limits of Atlagere village.

West.—The limits of Lakshmipur and Gotranalli villages.

East.—Original Survey Nos. 48, 47, 37, 36, 35, 12, 14, 16, 19 of Chikkabyadagere village and 101, 100, 97, 94, 92 and 91 of Rayapura village and also the limits of Bittranalli village.

South.—Boundaries of Bitranalli, Otpathanahalli, Kerlur, Channapur and Lakshmipur villages.

No. 40—Ml. 86-17-102, dated 1st July 1918.

Whereas by proclamation published on the 16th August 1917 at page 1474 in English and at page 926 in Kannada of the *Mysore Gazette*, Part II, for 1917 and posted up in conspicuous places in the town of Arsikere, Hassan District, it was duly announced under Section 8 of the Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, that it was proposed under Section 7 of the said Regulation to constitute the town of Arsikere the local area comprised within the limits specified in that proclamation, into a permanent Municipality and whereas no objections were made to the said proposals, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased in exercise of the powers conferred on them by Section 4 (1) of the said Regulation, to constitute the said town of Arsikere into a permanent Municipality and to declare that the boundary of the said Municipality shall on and from the 1st July 1918 be shown as hereunder.

The boundary line starts from south-eastern corner bondh stone of Survey No. 34, runs along the northern boundary line of Survey No. 33, joins Southern Mahratta Railway

line in Survey No. 34 turns to the south along Arsikere-Channarayapatna road near the cross-in on the Railway line in Survey No. 34 and skirts along the western boundary line of Survey Nos. 385, 32, 31, 30 and as far as it reaches the junction of Hassan-Arsikere road along the western boundary line of Survey No. 27. It crosses the Arsikere-Channarayapatna road and turns towards north. It skirts along the eartern boundary line of Survey Nos. 29 and 38 and passes along the eastern boundary line of Southern Mahratta Railway Station yard limits. Then it turns along the northern boundary line of Station yard limits as far as it forms the south-west boundary line of Survey No. 76. It runs northward, south-east of Survey Nos. 74, 75 and 78. It crosses Bangalore-Honnavar road and skirts along the northern boundary line of Survey Nos. 292 and 291 and turns southwards along the eastern boundary line of Survey No. 291 and again turns eastwards. It skirts along the northern boundary line of Survey No. 290 and runs southward where it crosses Arsikere-Huliyar road. It skirts along the northern and eastern boundary line of Survey Nos. 3 and 4. It passes along the western boundary line of Survey Nos. 5 and 6 and it turns westward till it reaches the boundary line of Survey No. 17 and runs southward along the south-western boundary line of Survey No. 17 till it reaches Bangalore-Honnavar road and joins the south-east corner bondh stone of Survey No. 34.

No. 41—*Ml.* 86-17-103, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Whereas by proclamation published on the 16th August 1917, at pages 1474-5 in English and at page 925 in Kannada of the *Mysore Gazette*, Part II, for 1917, and posted up in conspicuous places in the town of Harnhalli, Hassan District, it was duly announced under Section 8 of the Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, that it was proposed under Section 7 of the said Regulation to constitute the town of Harnhalli, the local area comprised within the limits specified in that proclamation, into a permanent Municipality and whereas no objections were made to the said proposals, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased in exercise of the powers conferred on them by Section 4 (1) of the said Regulation, to constitute the said town of Harnhalli into a permanent Municipality and to declare that the boundary of the said Municipality shall on and from the 1st July 1918, be shown as hereunder.

The boundary line starts from north-east corner bondh stone of Survey No. 64 of Harnahalli village, crosses Hassan-Arsikere road, skirts along the western boundary line of Survey Nos. 66, 65, 69, 73, 77, 83, 85, 86, 87 and meets north-western corner bondh stone of Survey No. 88. It turns eastward and skirts along the southern boundary line of Survey No. 87 and of Survey No. 89 at its corner. It turns north, skirts along the western boundary line of Survey No. 89 and turns westward forming the northern boundary line of Survey No. 481. It crosses the village road leading to Guttankere. It skirts along the western boundary line of Survey Nos. 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 365, 366, 367, 371, 372, 377, 378, 379. Then it takes a turn eastward, skirts along the northern and eastern boundary line of Survey No. 380 and touches the north-western corner stone of Survey No. 383. It turns westward and meets the eastern boundary line of Survey No. 392. It skirts as far as western boundary line of Survey No. 391 and passes along the western boundary line of Survey No. 390 as far as the halla known as Kudur halla. It crosses the Hassan-Arsikere road taking a turn towards north, skirts along the north-eastern boundary line of Survey Nos. 389 and 393. It meets the bund of Haranahalli tank and goes along with the bund. It turns westward along with the tank bund so far as it meets the boundary line of Survey No. 480. It passes along the cart-track and meets the south-eastern corner bondh stone of Survey No. 493. It skirts along the southern boundary line of Survey No. 493 and turns northward. It skirts along the eastern boundary line of Survey Nos. 478 and 477. It crosses the village road leading to Mukkanahalli, and meets the south-western corner stone of No. 8. It turns eastward skirting along the southern boundary line of Survey Nos. 7, 5, 45, so far as it meets the north-western corner bondh stone of Survey No. 51. It turns southward and skirts along the western boundary line of Survey Nos. 51, 50 and 48, taking a turn to the east it skirts along the southern boundary line of Survey Nos. 48 and 49. It turns northwards and skirts along the eastern boundary line of Survey Nos. 49, 50, 53, 54, 64 as far as it meets the village boundary limit towards Yelvare.

No. 42—*Ml.* 86-17-104, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Whereas by proclamation published on the 9th August 1917, at pages 1424-5 in English and at pages 899-900 in Kannada of the *Mysore Gazette*, Part II, for 1917 and posted up in conspicuous palces in the town of Arkalgud, Hassan District, it was duly announced under Section 8 of the Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, that it was proposed under Section 7 of the said Regulation to constitute the town of Arkalgud, the local area comprised within the limits specified in that proclamation, into a permanent Municipality and whereas no objections were made to the said proposals, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja

are pleased in exercise of the powers conferred on them by Section 4 (1) of the said Regulation, to constitute the said town of Arkalgud into a permanent Municipality and to declare that the boundary of the said Municipality shall on and from the 1st July 1918, be shown as hereunder.

North.—Starting from the north-western corner of Survey No. 245 of Arkalgud village, the boundary line runs east along the cart-track touching the northern boundaries of Survey Nos. 246, 249, 251, 252, 270, 271 and 272 where it crosses Hassan-Periyapatna-Konanur road. Then running east, the boundary line forms the northerly boundary of Survey Nos. 36, 37, 54, 55 and 62 of Arkalgud village and crossing the waterway from Hentakere Koppal tank it runs east along the northern boundaries of Survey Nos. 76, 77, 78 and 79 and meets the cart-track leading to Cholenahalli at the north-eastern corner of Survey No. 79.

East.—From the above point the line runs south along the cart-track leading to Holerahatti and meets the north-eastern corner of Survey No. 99 (Katte) and running east and again south, it forms the eastern boundary of Survey Nos. 99 and 100 and touching the eastern portion of Holerahatti. The eastern boundary joins the Hole-Narsipur Public Works Department road at the north-western corner of Survey No. 104. Then the line continuing along the Public Works Department road towards east crosses the cart-track leading to Kellur village at the pahani stone and bondh in the north-western corner of Survey No. 61 of Kellur village. Then the line runs south forming the western boundary of Survey Nos. 61, 63, 64, 65 and 66 and eastern boundary of Survey No. 87, where it turns west forming the southern boundary of Survey No. 87. Then the line runs south forming the eastern boundary of Survey No. 89 and meets the Halli Mysore road at the south-eastern corner bondh stone in Survey No. 89, of Kellur, and then proceeds further east towards the tank Survey No. 51 of Machagodnahalli village crossing the Halli Mysore road.

South.—Then the line runs along the northern boundary of Survey No. 53 of the Machagodnahalli village forming the southern boundary of Survey No. 52 and meets the north-eastern bondh stone on Survey No. 67 crossing the Survey Nos. 67 and 69 diagonally meets the north-eastern corner of Survey No. 71 (Katte). From the above point, it runs south forming the eastern boundary of Survey Nos. 71 and 78 of Machagondnahalli meets the Ramanathapur Public Works Department road and runs along in a southerly direction up to the north-western corner bondh stone of Survey No. 64 and takes an easterly turn forming the northern boundary and passes across Survey No. 63 meets the bondh in north-western corner of Survey No. 62. Then continuing in the easterly direction it forms the northern boundary of Survey No. 62 and turning south forms the eastern boundary of Survey Nos. 62 and 27 of Machagodnahalli and then turning west forms the southern boundary of Survey No. 27. Then running across Survey No. 26 towards west crosses Ramanathapur Public Works Department road and meets the north-eastern bondh stone of Survey No. 19. Then the line turns west and runs round Machagondnahalli village which is bounded by Survey Nos. 19, 1, 109 and 108 and meets the Ramanathapur Public Works Department road at the south-eastern bondh stone of Survey No. 80. Then running north along the road, the line meets the south-eastern corner bondh stone of Survey No. 82 and turning west forms the southern boundary of Survey No. 82 and then proceeding northwards it forms the eastern boundary of Survey Nos. 83 and 84. Then the line runs west forming the northern boundary of Survey No. 86 and meets the cart-track leading to Salagopalu. Then running south along the cart-track meets the tri-bondhs in the south-eastern corner of Survey No. 111 of Arkalgud village. Then turning west forms the southern boundary of Survey Nos. 114, 116 and 118 of the Arkalgud village. Then taking a south-westerly direction, the boundary line forms the southern boundary of Survey Nos. 118, 122, 123, 125 and 126 of Arkalgud village, then turning west forms the southern boundary of Survey Nos. 126 and 128, where it joins the cart-track leading to Ramenahalli. Then running along the cart-track towards south-west in the middle of Survey No. 177 and turning west, it runs along the southern and western boundaries of Survey No. 179, where it meets the cart-track of Hampapur Koppal. The line then runs west along the cart-track in Survey No. 181 and meets the cart-track leading to Kattimallenahalli in Survey No. 205.

West.—From the above point, the boundary line runs north along the cart-track in Survey Nos. 205 and 208 and running along the western boundary of Survey Nos. 209, 210 and 211 crossed the cart-track leading to Adike Bommanahalli and running still north forms the western boundary of Survey Nos. 213, 214 and 235 and crossing Kodlipete Public Works Department road it runs north forming the western boundary of Survey Nos. 238, 239, 241, 242 and 243 of Arkalgud, continuing in the same direction it runs along the cart-track in Survey No. 244 and meets the northern boundary of the same survey numbers. Then turning east and then north, the boundary line meets the starting point.

Note.—The following villages shall also be included within the limits of the said Arkalgud Municipality.—

(1) Arkalgud Revenue village, in which are included the separated parts of the Fort and the Petta, so also the 15 koppals surrounding them and parts of,

(2) Kellur and Machagondnahalli villages also.

No. 43—*Ml.* 86-17-105, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Whereas by proclamation published on the 9th August 1917, at pages 1426-7 in English and at page 901 in Kannada of the *Mysore Gazette*, Part II, for 1917, and posted up in conspicuous places in the town of Alur, Hassan District it was duly announced under Section 8 of the Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, that it was proposed under Section 7 of the said Regulation to constitute the town of Alur, the local area comprised within the limits specified in that proclamation, into a permanent Municipality and whereas no objections were made to the said proposals, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased in exercise of the powers conferred on them by Section 4 (1) of the said Regulation, to constitute the said town of Alur into a permanent Municipality and to declare that the boundary of the said Municipality shall on and from the 1st July 1918, be shown as hereunder.

It commences at the north-east corner of Survey No. 41 of Alur village, goes to the south-east as far as the south-east corner of the above survey number and turns to the west and runs on the southern boundary line of the same survey number and continuing in the same direction on the southern boundary line of Alurpetta village site, till it meets Alur-Saklespur road of Bedachanahalli village boundary, then turns south-west, goes as far as the junction of Alur-Saklespur road and Marasu road, crossing the Alur-Saklespur road runs on the northern boundary line of Survey Nos. 37, 29 and 20 of Machenahalli and Survey No. 162 of Marasu, till it meets Survey No. 160 of Marasu. Skirting the Marasu village site on the northern side till it meets Survey No. 4 of Marasu village, it runs on the western and southern boundary line of Survey Nos. 4 and 2, meets the village boundary line of Marasu Koppal and skirts round the same and meets the Alur-Marasu road. Then running along the northern boundary line of Alur-Marasu road till the junction of the above road and Alur-Saklespur road, turns towards north-east and meets Survey No. 24 of Marasu. Turning west, skirts on the southern boundary line of Survey Nos. 24 and 23 and the western boundary line of Survey Nos. 23 and 25 of Marasu and again turns east goes on the northern boundary line of Survey No. 25 of Marasu, till it meets Alur-Saklespur road. Then it turns north and goes in that direction till it meets the south-east corner of Survey No. 140 of Alur. Then skirting on the eastern and northern boundary line of Survey No. 140 of Alur till it meets Alur-Bikkode road, crossing this road it runs along the northern boundary line of Alurpetta, till it meets the road leading to Alur village in Survey No. 18 of Alur, where it follows the western boundary line of the cart-track to Alur in a northerly direction over Survey Nos. 18, 142, 14, 13, 11, 7, 6, 5, 4 and 151 till it enters the Alur village. From there it skirts around the village of Alur and passes along the eastern boundary line of the cart-track from it to Petta, till it meets the southern boundary line of Survey No. 18 of Alur. Then turning east goes along the northern boundary line of Alurpetta and continues in the same direction along Alur-Hassan road till it meets the south-east corner of Survey No. 40 of Alur. It then turns north goes in that direction on the western boundary line of Survey No. 42 till it comes to the south-eastern corner of Survey No. 43, crosses the Survey No. 42 and meets the eastern boundary line. Then turning south, goes on the eastern boundary line of Survey No. 42, crosses Alur-Hassan road and meets the north-east corner of Survey No. 41 of Alur.

No. 44—*Ml.* 86-17-106, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Whereas by proclamation published on the 9th August 1917 at pages 1425-26 in English and at pages 900-901 in Kannada of the *Mysore Gazette*, Part II for 1917 and posted up in conspicuous places in the town of Sravanabelagola, Hassan District, it was duly announced under Section 8 of the Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, that it was proposed under Section 7 of the said Regulation to constitute the town of Sravanabelagola, the local area comprised within the limits specified in that proclamation, into a permanent Municipality and whereas no objections were made to the said proposals, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased in exercise of the powers conferred on them by Section 4 (1) of the said Regulation, to constitute the said town of Sravanabelagola into a permanent Municipality and to declare that the boundary of the said Municipality shall on and from the 1st July 1918, be shown as hereunder:—

North.—Survey Nos. 144, 14, 1 of Sravanabelagola and boundary of Jinnathapur.

East.—Survey Nos. 15, 8, 7, 6, 27, 50, 51, 58, 59 of Sravanabelagola.

South.—Survey Nos. 103, 107, 115, 112, 111 of Sravanabelagola and Nagamangala-Channarayapatna road.

West.—Survey Nos. 55, 54, 53, 138, 137, 136, 142 of Sravanabelagola.

No. 45—*Ml.* 86-17-107, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Whereas by proclamation published on the 9th August 1917 at pages 1428-29 in English and at pages 903-904 in Kannada of the *Mysore Gazette*, Part II for 1917 and

posted up in conspicuous places in the town of Ajjampur, Tarikere Taluk, it was duly announced under Section 8 of the Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, that it was proposed under Section 7 of the said Regulation to constitute the town of Ajjampur, the local area comprised within the limits specified in that proclamation, into a permanent Municipality and whereas no objections were made to the said proposals, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased in exercise of the powers conferred on them by Section 4 (1) of the said Regulation, to constitute the said town of Ajjampur into a permanent Municipality and to declare that the boundary of the said Municipality shall on and from the 1st July 1918, be shown as hereunder:—

North.—The northern boundary begins from the central portion of the north of Survey No. 111 and runs parallel to the Survey No. 74, passing through the centre of the Survey No. 75 and then deviates itself on the south-eastern side of Survey No. 75, passing through Survey No. 73.

East.—The eastern boundary begins from the continuation of the line meeting the Railway line at the level cross to join Hosdurga road. Then the line runs along the Hosdurga road as far as the junction of the Hosdurga old road and then runs along the Hosdurga old road in the western direction for 165 yards passing through the bridge and channel to the east of Survey No. 136 turns due south passing along Survey Nos. 136 and 135 to take a western turn in a portion of Survey No. 135.

South.—The southern boundary line commences from a portion of Survey No. 135 running across the Survey Nos. 62, 34 and 31 due west parallel to Survey Nos. 67 and 130 in the north and crossing the channel at the junction of Survey Nos. 31 and 34, runs due west as far as Birur road, then the line running a south-west course along the Birur road meets it at 6/9 furlong stone. Then the line runs in the northern direction towards the east of Survey No. 9. Then turning to the north-west direction of Survey No. 9, meets Tarikere road. Then it takes a turn in the south-west direction along the Tarikere road in Survey No. 9 as far as 4/11 furlong stone.

West.—The western boundary begins from the 4/11 furlong stone of Tarikere road running towards north to the east of Survey No. 2. Then turning west to a distance of 100 yards and again turning to the north to join a foot-path for Tarikere meets the south of Survey No. 129, runs due north across the west of Survey No. 129 and meets the western boundary of Survey No. 113. Then the line deviates from the western boundary of Survey No. 139 across the north-eastern direction of Survey No. 111 and joins the northern boundary at the central portion of the north of Survey No. 111 where it began.

No. 46—Ml. 86-17-108, dated 1st July 1918.

Whereas by proclamation published on the 9th August 1917 at page 1429 in English and at page 902 in Kannada of the *Mysore Gazette*, Part II for 1917 and posted up in conspicuous places in the town of Sivane, Tarikere Taluk, it was duly announced under Section 8 of the Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, that it was proposed under Section 7 of the said Regulation to constitute the town of Sivane, the local area comprised within the limits specified in that proclamation, into a permanent Municipality and whereas no objections were made to the said proposals, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased in exercise of the powers conferred on them by Section 4 (1) of the said Regulation to constitute the said town of Sivane into a permanent Municipality, and to declare that the boundary of the said Municipality shall on and from the 1st July 1918, be shown as hereunder:—

North.—The northern boundary commences from north-western corner of Survey No. 45, runs diagonal to Survey No. 45 in the south-east course as far as the south of the tank. Then the line runs in the south-eastern direction to the north of Survey No. 2 and deviates itself to the south-east to meet the southern boundary of Survey No. 206.

East.—The eastern boundary begins from the southern boundary line of Survey No. 206, running south across the Survey Nos. 205, 204 and 195 meets the Bukkambudi road in Survey No. 195 and runs along the road as far as 4/1 furlong stone. Then the line runs parallel to the west along the Bukkambudi road up to a portion of Survey No. 195. Then turning due south crosses the southern boundary of Survey No. 195, meets the foot-path of Tadaga village to the east of Survey No. 192.

South.—The southern boundary begins from the Tadaga path to the east of Survey No. 192 and runs due west parallel to Survey Nos. 192 and 191, meets the path of Anuvangalli to the south-west of Survey No. 191.

West.—The western boundary commences from the south-west corner of Survey No. 191, runs north-west across the Survey No. 148 and the Bukkambudi road and meets the southern line of Survey No. 147. Then the line takes a northerly direction across

the Survey Nos. 147, 142 and 141 meeting the northern boundary line of Survey No. 141. Then the line deviates across the Survey No. 129 meeting the northern boundary, running across the foot-path from Tavarekere, at the north-west corner of Survey No. 45, where it began.

No. 47—Ml. 86-17-109, dated 1st July 1918.

Whereas by proclamation published on the 7th June 1917 at page 946 in English and at page 672 in Kannada of the *Mysore Gazette*, Part II for 1917 and posted up in conspicuous places in the town of Gundlupet, Mysore District, it was duly announced under Section 8 of the Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, that it was proposed under Section 7 of the said Regulation to constitute the town of Gundlupet, the local area comprised within the limits specified in that proclamation, into a permanent Municipality and whereas no objections were made to the said proposals, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased in exercise of the powers conferred on them by Section 4 (1) of the said Regulation, to constitute the said town of Gundlupet into a permanent Municipality and to declare that the boundary of the said Municipality shall on and from the 1st July 1918 be shown as hereunder:—

North.—The boundary line starts from the south-west corner of Survey No. 1 of Vijayapura and runs eastwards along the southern boundaries of the Survey Nos. 1 and 268, and turns northwards along the eastern boundary line of Survey No. 268 and then goes eastwards along the southern boundary line of Survey No. 263 up to 35 chains from the south-west corner of Survey No. 263 and then turns northwards to reach the northern boundary line of Survey No. 263. Then it turns eastwards along the northern boundary line of Survey No. 263 and then turns southwards and passes along the eastern boundary of Survey No. 263 and western boundary of Survey No. 264 and turns eastwards to a length of 3 chains along the southern boundary of Survey No. 264 and again turns southwards along the eastern boundary of Survey No. 263 and takes a south-westerly direction along the north-western boundary of Survey No. 262 and turns southwards along the western boundary of Survey Nos. 262 and 260 and turns eastwards along the southern boundary line of Survey No. 260 till it joins the north-western corner of Survey No. 199 and turns in a south-easterly direction along the western boundary of Survey No. 199 up to the south-western corner of Survey No. 199 and crosses Gundlupet-Chamrajnagar road touching the north-eastern corner of Survey No. 197. Then it joins the north-western boundary line of Survey No. 201 at a point 8 chains from the northern apex of Survey No. 201 and runs in a north-westerly direction along the Gundlupet-Chamrajnagar road touching the western boundary of Survey No. 201 and north-western boundary of Survey No. 196 and turns southwards to a distance of 3 chains from the north-eastern corner of Survey No. 195 and turns westwards till it joins the western boundary line of Survey No. 189 at a point 3 chains from the north-western corner of Survey No. 189 and then turns southwards along the western boundary line of Survey No. 189 to a distance of 11 chains from the south-western corner of Survey No. 189 and turns westwards along the southern boundary of Survey No. 188 up to a length of 8 chains from the south-eastern corner of Survey No. 188 and turns southwards in Survey No. 187 along the eastern and southern edge of the katte locally known as "Subedar katte" and takes a south-westerly direction till it joins the south-western corner of Survey No. 187, and turns northwards along the western boundary of Survey No. 187 to a length of 12 chains from the south-western corner of Survey No. 187. Then it crosses the Bangalore-Nilgiri road and runs along the southern boundary of Survey No. 72 and turns northwards along the eastern boundaries of Survey Nos. 73, 71 and 271 and turns westwards along the northern boundary of Survey No. 271 till it joins the south-eastern corner of Survey No. 69 and turns northwards along the eastern boundaries of Survey Nos. 69, 68, 67 up to a distance of 2 chains from the north-eastern corner of Survey No. 67 and turns eastwards along the northern boundary of Survey No. 275 and runs northwards along the eastern boundary of Survey No. 66 and continues in a north-westerly direction to a length of 17 chains along the Bangalore-Nilgiri road and again crosses the Bangalore-Nilgiri road to join the south-western corner of Survey No. 1 where it started.

No. 48—Ml. 86-17-110, dated 1st July 1918.

Whereas by proclamation published on the 7th June 1917 at page 949 in English and at page 675 in Kannada of the *Mysore Gazette*, Part II, for 1917 and posted up in conspicuous places in the town of Krishnarajpete, Mysore District, it was duly announced under Section 8 of the Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, that it was proposed under Section 7 of the said Regulation to constitute the town of Krishnarajpete, the local area comprised within the limits specified in that proclamation, into a permanent Municipality and whereas no objections were made to the said proposals, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased in exercise of the powers conferred on them by Section 4 (1) of the said Regulation, to

constitute the said town of Krishnarajpete into a permanent Municipality and to declare that the boundary of the said Municipality shall on and from the 1st July 1918, be shown as hereunder:—

To the north.—Survey Nos. 137, 136, 255, 135, 134, 132 and 131.

To the east.—Survey No. 126, portions of Survey Nos. 127 and 128 as shown in the sketch, Survey Nos. 1, 10, 11, 243, 284, 285, 286 and 281.

To the south.—Seringapatam-Channarayapatna road.

To the west.—Survey Nos. 258, 257, 241, 242, 244, 245, 247, 254, 253, 252, 174, 173, 172, 171, 169, 170 and 138.

No. 49—Ml. 86-17-111, dated 1st July 1918.

Whereas by proclamation published on the 7th June 1917, at page 947 in English and at page 673 in Kannada of the *Mysore Gazette*, Part II, for 1917 and posted up in conspicuous places in the town of Saligram, Yedatore Taluk, it was duly announced under Section 8 of the Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906 that it was proposed under Section 7 of the said Regulation to constitute the town of Saligram, the local area comprised within the limits specified in that proclamation, into a permanent Municipality and whereas no objections were made to the said proposals, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased in exercise of the powers conferred on them by Section 4 (1) of the said Regulation, to constitute the said town of Saligram into a permanent Municipality and to declare that the boundary of the said Municipality shall on and from the 1st July 1918, be shown as hereunder.

North.—Commencing from the north-eastern boundary mark of Survey No. 1 of Saligram, the boundary line runs west along the edge of the bed of Saligram tank, up to the north-western boundary of Survey No. 1. And from this point, the line runs south-west cutting the Saligram-Ramnathpur road, up to the north-eastern boundary stone of Survey No. 744. The line from this point, runs south along the eastern boundary line of Survey No. 744, up to the south-eastern corner of Survey No. 744 and from this point runs in a straight line westwards along the southern boundary of Survey Nos. 744 and 734, up to the south-eastern bend of Survey No. 734.

West.—Starting from this south-eastern bend of Survey No. 734, the line runs southwards and touches the north-eastern boundary mark of Survey No. 733, and from this point runs southwards along the eastern boundary lines of Survey Nos. 733 and 730, up to the south-eastern corner of Survey No. 730. From this point the line runs westwards up the north-eastern boundary mark of Survey No. 729, and running southwards from this point along the eastern boundary of Survey No. 729, the line crosses the road leading to Yadadahalli, and touches Survey No. 690 at its north-eastern corner, and continues to run southwards along the eastern boundary of Survey No. 690, up to the north-western boundary mark of Survey No. 689. From this point the line runs eastwards along the northern boundary of Survey No. 689, up to its north-eastern corner. From this corner the line runs south along the eastern boundary of Survey No. 689, and touching the south-eastern corner of Survey No. 689, runs eastwards from this point along the northern boundary of Survey No. 688, up to its north-eastern boundary marks. From this point the line takes the southern direction, abutting the eastern boundary lines of Survey Nos. 688, 687, 686 and 685 up to the bend where the road from Saligram to Chiknayakanhalli begins.

South.—From this point, the line runs eastwards crossing the road to Chiknayakanhalli, and touching the north-western boundary mark of Survey No. 672, along the northern boundaries of Survey Nos. 672, 673 and 674, up to the north-eastern boundary mark of Survey No. 674. From this point the line crosses the road leading to Chunchankatte and stops at the south-western boundary mark of Survey No. 644.

East.—Commencing from the south-western boundary mark of Survey No. 644, the line runs north along the western boundary of Survey No. 644, up to its northern corner. From this point the line continues northwards between Survey No. 645 and the Saligram Nala, up to the north-eastern boundary mark of Survey No. 545. The line from this point takes the western direction along the boundary line between Survey Nos. 645 and 646 up to the south-western corner of Survey No. 646. From this point the line takes the northern direction abutting the western boundary lines of Survey Nos. 646, 647, 649, 650, 652 and 653 and touching the north-western corner of Survey No. 653, the line runs eastwards along the northern boundary of Survey No. 653, up to its north-eastern corner. From this point it passes along the eastern boundary lines of Survey Nos. 653 and 652, up to the north-eastern corner of Survey No. 651. The line from this point, running along the north bank of the Nala, touches Survey No. 67 at its south-western corner. From this point, the line runs northwards along the western boundary of Survey No. 67, up to its north-western corner.

From this point the line takes the eastern direction, and runs along the northern boundaries of Survey Nos. 67, 65, up to the north-eastern corner of Survey No. 65. It then goes southwards along the eastern boundary of Survey No. 65 and touching its south-eastern corner, runs eastwards along the margin of the Nala, up to the south-western corner of Survey No. 64. From this point, it takes the northern direction along the western boundaries of Survey Nos. 64, 63, up to the north-western boundary of Survey No. 63. From this point, the line runs eastwards along the northern boundaries of Survey Nos. 63, 62, up to the north-eastern corner of Survey No. 62. From this point it takes a north-westward direction, abutting the boundary lines of Survey Nos. 61 and 57, up to south-western corner of Survey No. 57. From this point the line runs northwards along the western boundary lines of Survey Nos. 57 and 56, and going along the southern and western boundaries of Survey No. 54 runs along the margin of Saligram tank bed up to the south-eastern corner of Survey No. 8. From this point, it runs along the southern boundary of Survey No. 8, up to its south-western corner. From here the line takes a northern direction abutting the western boundary lines of Survey Nos. 8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3 and 2, up to the north-western corner of Survey No. 2. From this point, the line runs northwards along the eastern boundary line of Survey No. 1, and stops at the north-eastern boundary mark of Survey No. 1.

2. All persons who entertain any objection to the said proposal are required to submit the same with reasons therefor in writing to the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, within two months from the date of publication of this proclamation in the *Mysore Gazette*. No objection or suggestions will be entertained after that period.

No. 50—Ml. 86-17-112, dated 1st July 1918.

Whereas by proclamation published on the 7th June 1917 at page 948 in English and at page 674 in Kannada of the *Mysore Gazette*, Part II, for 1917 and posted up in conspicuous places in the town of Mugur, T.-Narsipur Taluk it was duly announced under Section 8 of the Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906 that it was proposed under Section 7 of the said Regulation to constitute the town of Mugur, the local area comprised within the limits specified in that proclamation, into a permanent Municipality and whereas no objections were made to the said proposals, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased in exercise of the powers conferred on them by Section 4 (1) of the said Regulation, to constitute the said town of Mugur into a permanent Municipality and to declare that the boundary of the said Municipality shall on and from the 1st July 1918 be shown as hereunder.

The boundary line of the newly constituted Municipality of Mugur town commences at the junction of the T.-Narsipur road with the western boundary line of Survey No. 380 of Mugur village; and goes southward till it meets the western boundary line of Survey No. 390 at its northern corner; and goes southward and crosses the line which goes towards east, and then meets the western boundary line of Survey No. 400 and goes towards south, passing along the western boundary lines of Survey Nos. 399, 398, 397, 396 and 395, where it meets and crosses the Mugur-Kollegal road and meets the eastern boundary line of Survey No. 448. It then goes southwards as far as the corner of eastern boundary line of Survey No. 449. From there it turns south-west and goes along the eastern boundary line of Survey No. 449, till the southern corner, where it meets the Chamrajnagar road at the north-western point of Survey No. 451. From there it turns west and crosses the Chamrajnagar road and passes along the northern boundary line of Survey Nos. 781 and 782 and turns in a south-westerly direction and passes along the boundary line between Survey Nos. 785, 783 and 784, till the junction of the boundary lines of Survey Nos. 786, 785 and 784; where it turns west and passes along the southern boundary line of Survey No. 786; where it turns again northwards and passes along the western boundary line of Survey No. 786. There it crosses the road and joins the south-eastern corner of the boundary line of Survey No. 869 and goes along the southern boundary line of Survey Nos. 869 and 870 as far as Hosahalli-oni and up to north-western corner of Survey No. 871, where it turns south and passes along the western boundary line of Survey No. 871 and turning westward and crossing the road just opposite to Survey No. 886 and meets south-eastern corner of that Survey No. 886 and goes along its southern boundary line in a north-western direction and then turns due west and passes along the southern boundary line of Survey No. 888 till its western corner where it turns due north and goes along its western boundary line as far as the bank of the stream near the south-western corner of Survey No. 1066 and passes eastward along the southern boundary line of Survey Nos. 1066 and 1067 and turns northward near the south-east corner of Survey No. 1067 and goes northward along the eastern boundary line of Survey No. 1067 up to its north-eastern corner, where it turns westward and passes between the boundary lines of Survey Nos. 1067 and 1069 up to the south-western corner of Survey No. 1069. It again turns northward and passes along the western boundary line of Survey Nos. 1069 and 1077 up to the north-west corner of Survey No. 1077 and goes towards east along the southern side of the oni going to Adibettahalli or along the northern boundary line of Survey

lines of Survey Nos. 1075 and 1076 meet, it crosses the road and goes towards north along the western boundary line of Survey No. 1075 as far as its north-western corner and turns towards east and goes along the northern boundary line of Survey No. 1075 as far as the north-eastern corner and turns again northward and passes along the western boundary line of Survey No. 1110 and turns westward at north-western corner and goes along the southern boundary line of Survey No. 1111 and turns northward, goes along the western boundary line of Survey Nos. 1111, 1112 and 1113 up to the north-west corner of Survey No. 1113, where it turns eartward and passes along the northern boundary line of Survey No. 1113 and meets the village boundary line at its north-east corner and passes eastward along the southern boundary line of Survey No. 1118 and turns northward at its south-west corner and passes along the boundary line up to south-western corner of Survey No. 1119 where it turns eastward and passes along the southern boundary line of Survey Nos. 1119, 1121 and up to south-east corner of Survey No. 19, where it turns south-east and passes along the south-western boundary line of Survey No. 21 up to the north-east corner of Survey No. 16 and turns due east and passes along the southern boundary line of Survey No. 21 and turns southward and passes along the western boundary line of Survey No. 22 where it meets the northern margin of T.-Narsipur road at the south-west corner of Survey No. 22 and turns eastward and passes along the north side of the road margin and along the southern boundary line of Survey No. 22 and at last crosses the Narsipur road and meets the junction of the road with the western boundary line of Survey No. 389 of Mugur village wherefrom it started.

No. 51—*Ml.* 86-17-113, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Whereas by proclamation published on the 7th June 1917 at page 945 in English and at page 672 in Kannada of the *Mysore Gazette*, Part II, for 1917 and posted up in conspicuous places in the town of Sargur, Heggaddevankote Taluk it was duly announced under Section 8 of the Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906 that it was proposed under Section 7 of the said Regulation to constitute the town of Sargur the local area comprised within the limits specified in that proclamation, into a permanent Municipality and whereas no objections were made to the said proposals, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased in exercise of the powers conferred on them by Section 4 (1) of the said Regulation, to constitute the said town of Sargur into a permanent Municipality and to declare that the boundary of the said Municipality shall on and from the 1st July 1918 be shown as hereunder.

The boundary line starts at the boundary mark of Survey No. 186 in the Hunsur-Begur road and runs westward till it reaches the western boundary marks of Survey Nos. 185 and 186 and turns southward and skirts along the western boundary line of Survey No. 186 till it touches the northern head of Survey No. 191 where it turns south-west and runs along the northern boundary lines of Survey Nos. 191 and 192 and skirts the western line of the latter some distance where it turns westward and touches the Municipal boundary stone fixed near the north-east mark of Survey No. 193, and then turns south-west and runs across that number till it cuts the western line and crosses the Shandi square and touches the Municipal boundary stone fixed in the middle of the eastern boundary line of Survey No. 160 (160′ south of the southern boundary mark of Survey No. 159). Then it runs northward along the eastern boundary of Survey Nos. 160 and 159 till it touches the north-eastern boundary mark and then turns west, skirts along the northern boundary line of Survey No. 159 till it reaches the Kapila river bank, whence it runs along the right bank of the river till it touches the south-west boundary mark of Survey No. 196 and runs northward along the road to Thogatakere of Bidagalu and turns north-east and runs in that direction till it reaches the Municipal boundary stone, whence it turns north and skirts the left margin of the Thogatakere street till it touches the boundary stone (separating Bidagalu from Sargur) and then turns eastward and runs along the line till it reaches the Municipal boundary stone fixed in the Hunsur-Begur road. Again it runs in a south-easterly direction along the right margin of the Hunsur-Begur road till it reaches the boundary mark of Survey No. 186, where it began.

No. 52—*Ml.* 86-17-114, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Whereas by proclamation published on the 13th September 1917 at pages 1586-7 in English and at page 1027-28 in Kannada of the *Mysore Gazette*, Part II, for 1917 and posted up in conspicuous places in the Municipality of T.-Narsipur, Mysore District, it was duly announced under Section 8 (1) of the Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906 that it was proposed to alter the limits of the Municipality and whereas no objections were made to the said proposals, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased in exercise of the powers conferred on them by Section 4 (1) of the said Regulation, to alter the limits of the said Municipality and to declare that the boundary of the said Municipality shall on and from the 1st July 1918 be shown as hereunder.

The boundary line of T.-Narsipur Municipality, as newly constituted now, commences at the south-east corner of Survey No. 4 of Algode village and keeping to the west of Narsipur-Chamrajnagar road runs towards north as far as the north-eastern corner of Survey No. 13 of Algode village, where it turns to the west, following the northern boundary line of Survey Nos. 13, 14, 20 and 22 of Algode, it then crosses the Nanjangud-Narsipur road, and meets the south-western corner of Survey No. 23 of Algode village. Here again it turns to the north and passes along the western boundary line of Survey No. 23, and turns east, till it meets the south-west corner of Survey No. 24 of Algode village. It then passes along the western boundary line of Survey Nos. 24, 25 and 26 of Algode village and of Survey Nos. 4, 3, 2, 13 and 14 of T.-Narsipur village, till it meets the Mysore-Narsipur road. Then turning to the north-west, it follows the southern margin of the same road, as far as the north-western corner of Survey No. 15 of Narsipur village and skirting round the Madigakeri on the eastern, southern and western sides, crosses the Mysore-Narsipur road, and goes northward till it meets the Kabbini river. Again turning to the east it follows the southern bank of the above river, as far as the north-eastern corner of Survey No. 33 of Narsipur village. Skirting the same survey number on the east and south, it turns to the east and passes along the northern margin of Narsipur-Talkad road, where it meets the south-eastern corner of Survey No. 33 of Algode village. It then crosses the road and goes on the north of Survey Nos. 75, 76, 77, 78 and 79 of Algode village. Here the line turns to the south; keeps to the eastern margin of Narsipur-Chamrajnagar road, as far as the south-western corner of Survey No. 87 of Algode village, and turns west, crosses Narsipur-Chamrajnagar road, where it meets the south-east corner of Survey No. 4 of Algode village wherefrom it started.

No. 54—*Ml.* 170-17-14; *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906 as further amended by Regulation V of 1918, it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Koppa in the Kadur District, shall consist of 12 Councillors of whom 4 shall be elected and 8 nominated inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio* :—

(i) The Amildar, Koppa Taluk.
(ii) The Senior Medical Officer, Koppa.
(iii) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Koppa Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation the Amildar of the Koppa Taluk is appointed President of the Municipal Council.

3. Under Section 187 of the same Regulation, this Municipal Council is declared a Minor Municipal Council and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following sections of the Regulation :—

Chapter of the Regulation.	*Nos. of Sections.*	*Chapter of the Regulation.*	*Nos. of Sections.*
II	6, 12, 13 and 22.	IX	92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149, and 160.
III	27 to 36 and 39.	X	162 to 166.
IV	46 and 47.	XI	169 (2).
VII	59 to 81.	XII	180A.
VIII	82 to 88.	XIII	181 to 186.

No. 56—*Ml.* 170-17-16, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906 as further amended by Regulation V of 1918 it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Kadur in the Kadur District, shall consist of 12 Councillors of whom 4 shall be elected and 8 nominated inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio* :—

(i) The Amildar, Kadur Taluk.
(ii) The Medical Officer, Kadur.
(iii) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Kadur Taluk.
(iv) The Sub-Registrar, Kadur Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation the Amildar of the Kadur Taluk is appointed President of the Municipal Council.

3. Under Section 187 of the same Regulation, this Municipal Council, is declared a Minor Municipal Council and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following sections of the Regulation :—

Chapter of the Regulation.	Nos. of Sections.	Chapter of the Regulation.	Nos. of Sections.
II	6, 12, 13 and 22.	IX	92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149, and 160.
III	27 to 36 and 39.	X	162 to 166.
IV	46 and 47.	XI	169 (2).
VII	59 to 81.	XII	180A.
VIII	82 to 88.	XIII	181 to 186.

No. 58—*Ml.* 170-17-17, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906 as further amended by Regulation V of 1918 it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Ajjampur, Tarikere Taluk in the Kadur District, shall consist of 12 Councillors of whom 4 shall be elected and 8 nominated inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio*:—

(i) The Amildar, Tarikere Taluk.
(ii) The Medical Officer, Ajjampur.
(iii) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Tarikere Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation the Amildar of the Tarikere Taluk, is appointed President of the Municipal Council.

3. Under Section 187 of the same Regulation, this Municipal Council is declared a Minor Municipal Council and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following sections of the Regulation :—

Chapter of the Regulation.	Nos. of Sections.	Chapter of the Regulation.	Nos. of Sections.
II	6, 12, 13 and 22.	IX	92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149, 160.
III	27 to 36 and 39.	X	162 to 166.
IV	46 and 47.	XI	169 (2).
VII	59 to 81.	XII	180A.
VIII	82 to 88	XIII	181 to 186.

No. 60—*Ml.* 170-17-18, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906 as further amended by Regulation V of 1918 it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Sivane, Tarikere Taluk in the Kadur District, shall consist of 9 Councillors of whom 3 shall be elected and 6 nominated inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio* :—

(i) The Amildar, Tarikere Taluk.
(ii) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Tarikere Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation the Amildar of the Tarikere Taluk is appointed President of the Municipal Council.

3. Under Section 187 of the same Regulation, this Municipal Council is declared a Minor Municipal Council and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following sections of the Regulation :—

Chapter of the Regulation.	Nos. of Sections.	Chapter of the Regulation.	Nos. of Sections.
II	6, 12, 13 and 22.	IX	92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149, and 160.
III	27 to 36 and 39.	X	162 to 166.
IV	46 and 47.	XI	169 (2).
VII	59 to 81.	XII	180A.
VIII	82 to 88.	XIII	181 to 186.

No. 62—*Ml.* 170-17-19, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906 as further amended by Regulation V of 1918, it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Mudgere, in the Kadur District, shall consist of 12 Councillors of whom 4 shall be elected and 8 nominated inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio* :—

(i) The Amildar, Mudgere Taluk.
(ii) The Medical Officer, Mudgere.

(iii) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Mudgere Taluk.
(iv) The Sub-Registrar, Mudgere Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation the Amildar of the Mudgere Taluk is appointed President of the Municipal Council.

3. Under Section 187 of the same Regulation, this Municipal Council is declared a Minor Municipal Council and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following sections of the Regulation:—

Chapter of the Regulation.	*Nos. of Sections.*	*Chapter of the Regulation.*	*Nos. of Sections.*
II	... 6, 12, 13 and 22.	IX	... 92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149, and 160.
III	... 27 to 36 and 39.	X	... 162 to 166.
IV	... 46 and 47.	XI	... 169 (2).
VII	... 59 to 81.	XII	... 180A.
VIII	... 82 to 88.	XIII	... 181 to 186.

No. 64—*Ml.* 170-17-20, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Under Section 187 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII, of 1906, as amended by Regulation V of 1918, the Municipal Council of Narasimharajapura is declared a Minor Municipal Council and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following sections of the Regulation:—

Chapter of the Regulation.	*Nos. of Sections.*	*Chapter of the Regulation.*	*Nos. of Sections.*
II	... 6, 12, 13 and 22.	IX	... 92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149, and 160.
III	... 27 to 36 and 39.	X	... 162 to 166.
IV	... 46 and 47.	XI	... 169 (2).
VII	... 59 to 81.	XII	... 180A.
VIII	... 82 to 88.	XIII	... 181 to 186.

No. 66—*Ml.* 170-17-21, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, as further amended by Regulation V of 1918, it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Maddagiri in the Tumkur District, shall consist of 16 Councillors of whom 8 shall be elected and 8 nominated inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio*:—

(i) The Assistant Commissioner, Maddagiri Sub-Division.
(ii) The Amildar, Maddagiri Taluk.
(iii) The Medical Officer, Maddagiri.
(iv) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Maddagiri Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation, the Assistant Commissioner, Maddagiri Sub-Division and the Amildar, Maddagiri Taluk, are appointed President and Vice-President respectively of the Municipal Council.

No. 68—*Ml.* 170-17-22, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906 as further amended by Regulation V of 1918 it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Pavagada, in the Tumkur District, shall consist of 12 Councillors of whom 4 shall be elected and 8 nominated inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio*:—

(1) The Amildar, Pavagada Taluk.
(2) The Medical Officer, Pavagada.
(3) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Pavagada Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation the Amildar, Pavagada Taluk, is appointed President of the Municipal Council.

3. Under Section 187 of the same Regulation, this Municipal Council is declared a Minor Municipal Council and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following sections of the Regulation:—

Chapter of the Regulation.	*Nos. of Sections.*	*Chapter of the Regulation.*	*Nos. of Sections.*
II	... 6, 12, 13 and 22.	IX	... 92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149, and 160.
III	... 27 to 36 and 39.	X	... 162 to 166.
IV	... 46 and 47.	XI	... 169 (2).
VII	... 59 to 81.	XII	... 180A.
VIII	... 82 to 88.	XIII	... 181 to 186.

No. 70—Ml. 170-17-23, dated 1st July 1918.

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, as further amended by Regulation, V of 1918, it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Tiptur in the Tumkur District, shall consist of 16 Councillors of whom 8 shall be elected and 8 nominated inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio* :—

(i) The Amildar, Tiptur Taluk.
(ii) The Medical Officer, Tiptur.
(iii) The Senior Officer, of the Public Works Department for the Tiptur Taluk.
(iv) The Sub-Registrar, Tiptur Taluk.

2. Under Sections 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation, the Amildar of the Tiptur Taluk, is appointed President of Municipal Council.

No. 72—Ml. 170-17-24, dated 1st July 1918.

Under Section 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, as further amended by Regulation, V of 1918, it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Chiknayakanhalli in the Tumkur District, shall consist of 16 Councillors of whom 8 shall be elected and 8 nominated inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio* :—

(i) The Amildar of the Chiknayakanhalli Taluk.
(ii) The Medical Officer, Chiknayakanhalli.
(iii) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Chiknayakanhalli Taluk.
(iv) The Sub-Registrar, Chiknayakanhalli Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation, the Amildar of the Chiknayakanhalli Taluk and the Sub-Registrar, are appointed President and Vice-President respectively of the Municipal Council.

No. 74—Ml. 170-17-25, dated 1st July 1918.

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, as further amended by Regulation, V of 1918, it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Sira in the Tumkur District, shall consist of 16 Councillors of whom 8 shall be elected and 8 nominated inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio* :—

(i) The Amildar, Sira Taluk.
(ii) The Medical Officer, Sira.
(iii) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Sira Taluk.
(iv) The Sub-Registrar, Sira Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation, the Amildar and the Sub-Registrar, Sira Taluk, are appointed President and Vice-President, respectively of the Municipal Council.

No. 76—Ml. 170-17-26, dated 1st July 1918.

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, as further amended by Regulation, V of 1918, it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Kunigal in the Tumkur District, shall consist of 16 Councillors of whom 8 shall be elected and 8 nominated inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio* :—

(i) The Amildar, Kunigal Taluk.
(ii) The Medical Officer, Kunigal.
(iii) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Kunigal Taluk.
(iv) The Sub-Registrar, Kunigal Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation, the Amildar and the Sub-Registrar, Kunigal Taluk, are appointed President and Vice-President respectively of the Municipal Council.

No. 78—Ml. 170-17-27, dated 1st July 1918.

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, as further amended by Regulation, V of 1918, it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Turuvekere in the Tumkur District, shall consist of 12 Councillors of whom 4 shall be elected and 8 nominated inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio* :—

(i) The Deputy Amildar, Turuvekere Sub-Taluk.
(ii) The Medical Officer, Turuvekere.
(iii) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Turuvekere Sub-Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation the Deputy Amildar of the Turuvekere Sub-Taluk, is appointed President of the Municipal Council.

3. Under Section 187 of the same Regulation, this Municipal Council is declared a Minor Municipal Council and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following sections of the Regulation :—

Chapter of the Regulation.	Nos. of Sections.	Chapter of the Regulation.	Nos. of Sections.
II	6, 12, 13 and 22.	IX	92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149 and 160.
III	27 to 36 and 39.	X	162 to 166.
IV	46 and 47.	XI	169 (2).
VII	59 to 81.	XII	180A.
VIII	82 to 88.	XIII	181 to 186.

No. 80—Ml. 170-17-28, dated 1st July 1918.

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, as further amended by Regulation, V of 1918, it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Koratagere in the Tumkur District, shall consist of 12 Councillors of whom 4 shall be elected and 8 nominated inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio* :—

(i) The Deputy Amildar, Koratagere Sub-Taluk.
(ii) The Medical Officer, Koratagere.
(iii) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Koratagere Sub-Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation, the Deputy Amildar of the Koratagere Sub-Taluk is appointed President of the Municipal Council.

3. Under Section 187 of the same Regulation, this Municipal Council is declared a Minor Municipal Council and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following sections of the Regulation :—

Chapter of the Regulation.	Nos. of Sections.	Chapter of the Regulation.	Nos. of Sections.
II	6, 12, 13 and 22.	IX	92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149 and 160.
III	27 to 36 and 39.	X	162 to 166.
IV	46 and 47.	XI	169 (2).
VII	59 to 81.	XII	180A.
VIII	82 to 88.	XIII	181 to 186.

No. 82—Ml. 170-17-29, dated 1st July 1918.

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, as further amended by Regulation, V of 1918, it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Naikanhatti in the Chitaldrug District, shall consist of 9 Councillors of whom 3 shall be elected and 6 nominated inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio* :—

(i) The Amildar, Challakere Taluk.
(ii) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Challakere Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation, the Amildar of the Challakere Taluk, is appointed President of the Municipal Council.

3. Under Section 187 of the same Regulation, this Municipal Council is declared a Minor Municipal Council and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following sections of the Regulation :—

Chapter of the Regulation.	Nos. of Sections.	Chapter of the Regulation.	Nos. of Sections.
II	6, 12, 13 and 22.	IX	92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149 and 160.
III	27 to 36 and 39.	X	162 to 166.
IV	46 and 47.	XI	169 (2).
VII	59 to 81.	XII	180A.
VIII	82 to 88.	XIII	181 to 186.

No. 84—Ml. 170-17-30, dated 1st July 1918.

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, as further amended by Regulation, V of 1918, it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Malebennur in the Chitaldrug District, shall consist of 9 Councillors of whom 3 shall be elected and 6 nominated inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio* :—

(i) The Deputy Amildar, Harihar Sub-Taluk.
(ii) The Medical Officer, Malebennur.
(iii) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Harihar Sub-Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation, the Deputy Amildar of the Harihar Sub-Taluk, is appointed President of the Municipal Council.

3. Under Section 187 of the same Regulation, this Municipal Council is declared a Minor Municipal Council and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following sections of the Regulation :—

Chapter of the Regulation.	*Nos. of Sections.*	*Chapter of the Regulation.*	*Nos. of Sections.*
II	6, 12, 13 and 22.	IX	92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121; 123 to 149 and 160.
III	27 to 36 and 39.	X	162 to 166.
IV	46 and 47.	XI	169 (2).
VII	59 to 81.	XII	180A.
VIII	82 to 88.	XIII	181 to 186.

No. 86—*Ml.* 170-17-31, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, as further amended by Regulation, V of 1918, it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Hosdurga in the Chitaldrug District, shall consist of 12 Councillors of whom 4 shall be elected and 8 nominated inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio* :—

(i) The Amildar, Hosdurga Taluk.

(ii) The Medical Officer, Hosdurga.

(iii) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Hosdurga Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation, the Amildar of the Hosdurga Taluk, is appointed President of the Municipal Council.

3. Under Section 187 of the same Regulation, this Municipal Council is declared a Minor Municipal Council and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following sections of the Regulation :—

Chapter of the Regulation.	*Nos. of Sections.*	*Chapter of the Regulation.*	*Nos. of Sections.*
II	6, 12, 13 and 22.	IX	92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149 and 160.
III	27 to 36 and 39.	X	162 to 166.
IV	46 and 47.	XI	169 (2).
VII	59 to 81.	XII	180A.
VIII	82 to 88.	XIII	181 to 186.

No. 88—*Ml.* 170-17-32, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, as further amended by Regulation, V of 1918, it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Molakalmuru in the Chitaldrug District, shall consist of 12 Councillors of whom 4 shall be elected and 8 nominated inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio* :—

(i) The Amildar, Molakalmuru Taluk.

(ii) The Medical Officer, Molakalmuru.

(iii) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Molakalmuru Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation, the Amildar of the Molakalmuru Taluk, is appointed President of the Municipal Council.

3. Under Section 187 of the same Regulation, this Municipal Council is declared a Minor Municipal Council and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following sections of the Regulation :—

Chapter of the Regulation.	*Nos. of Sections.*	*Chapter of the Regulation.*	*Nos. of Sections.*
II	6, 12, 13 and 22.	IX	92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149 and 160.
III	27 to 36 and 39.	X	162 to 166.
IV	46 and 47.	XI	169 (2).
VII	59 to 81.	XII	180A.
VIII	82 to 88.	XIII	181 to 186.

No. 90—*Ml.* 86-17-33, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, as further amended by Regulation, V of 1918, it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of

Jagalur, in the Chitaldrug District, shall consist of 12 Councillors of whom 4 shall be elected and 8 nominated inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio*:—

(i) The Amildar, Jagalur Taluk.
(ii) The Medical Officer, Jagalur.
(iii) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Jagalur Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation, the Amildar of the Jagalur Taluk, is appointed President of the Municipal Council.

3. Under Section 187 of the same Regulation, this Municipal Council is declared a Minor Municipal Council and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following sections of the Regulation:—

Chapter of the Regulation.	*Nos. of Sections.*	*Chapter of the Regulation.*	*Nos. of Sections.*
II	6, 12, 13 and 22.	IX	92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149 and 160.
III	27 to 36 and 39.	X	162 to 166.
IV	46 and 47.	XI	169 (2).
VII	59 to 81.	XII	180A.
VIII	82 to 88.	XIII	181 to 186.

No. 92—*Ml.* 170-17-34, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, as further amended by Regulation, V of 1918, it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Holalkere in the Chitaldrug District, shall consist of 12 Councillors of whom 4 shall be elected and 8 nominated inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio*:—

(i) The Amildar, Holalkere Taluk.
(ii) The Medical Officer, Holalkere.
(iii) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Holalkere Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation, the Amildar of the Holalkere Taluk, is appointed President of the Municipal Council.

3. Under Section 187 of the same Regulation, this Municipal Council, is declared a Minor Municipal Council and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following sections of the Regulation:—

Chapter of the Regulation.	*Nos. of Sections.*	*Chapter of the Regulation.*	*Nos. of Sections.*
II	6, 12, 13 and 22.	IX	92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149 and 160.
III	27 to 36 and 39.	X	162 to 166.
IV	46 and 47.	XI	169 (2).
VII	59 to 81.	XII	180A.
VIII	82 to 88.	XIII	181 to 186.

No. 94—*Ml.* 170-17-35, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, as further amended by Regulation, V of 1918, it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Hiriyur in the Chitaldrug District, shall consist of 12 Councillors of whom 4 shall be elected and 8 nominated inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio*:—

(i) The Amildar, Hiriyur Taluk.
(ii) The Medical Officer, Hiriyur.
(iii) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Hiriyur Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation, the Amildar, Hiriyur Taluk, is appointed President of the Municipal Council.

3. Under Section 187 of the same Regulation, this Municipal Council is declared a Minor Municipal Council and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following sections of the Regulation:—

Chapter of the Regulation.	*Nos. of Sections.*	*Chapter of the Regulation.*	*Nos. of Sections.*
II	6, 12, 13 and 22.	IX	92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149 and 160.
III	27 to 36 and 39.	X	162 to 166.
IV	46 and 47.	XI	169 (2).
VII	59 to 81.	XII	180A.
VIII	82 to 88.	XIII	181 to 186.

No. 96—*Ml.* 170-17-36, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, as further amended by Regulation, V of 1918, it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Challakere in the Chitaldrug District, shall consist of 12 Councillors of whom 4 shall be elected and 8 nominated inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio* :—

(i) The Amildar, Challakere Taluk.
(ii) The Medical Officer, Challakere.
(iii) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Challakere Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation, the Amildar of the Challakere Taluk, is appointed President of the Municipal Council.

3. Under Section 187 of the same Regulation, this Municipal Council is declared a Minor Municipal Council and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following sections of the Regulation :—

Chapter of the Regulation.	*Nos. of Sections.*	*Chapter of the Regulation.*	*Nos. of Sections.*
II	6, 12, 13 and 22.	IX	92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1); 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149 and 160.
III	27 to 36 and 39.	X	162 to 166.
IV	46 and 47.	XI	169 (2)
VII	59 to 81.	XII	180A.
VIII	82 to 88.	XIII	181 to 186.

No. 98—*Ml.* 170-17-15, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, as further amended by Regulation, V of 1918, it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Mayakonda in the Chitaldrug District, shall consist of 9 Councillors of whom 3 shall be elected and 6 nominated inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio* :—

(i) The Amildar, Davangere Taluk.
(ii) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Davangere Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation, the Amildar of the Davangere Taluk, is appointed President of the Municipal Council.

3. Under Section 187 of the same Regulation, this Municipal Council is declared a Minor Municipal Council and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following sections of the Regulation :—

Chapter of the Regulation.	*Nos. of Sections.*	*Chapter of the Regulation.*	*Nos. of Sections.*
II	6, 12, 13, and 22.	IX	92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149 and 160.
III	27 to 36 and 39.	X	162 to 166.
IV	46 and 47.	XI	169 (2)
VII	59 to 81.	XII	180A.
VIII	82 to 88.	XIII	181 to 186.

No. 100—*Ml.* 170-17-37, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906 as further amended by Regulation IV of 1918 it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Bagepalli in the Kolar District, shall consist of 12 Councillors of whom 4 shall be elected and 8 nominated inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio* :—

(i) The Amildar, Bagepalli Taluk.
(ii) The Medical Officer, Bagepalli.
(iii) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Bagepalli Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation, the Amildar of the Bagepalli Taluk is appointed President of the Municipal Council.

3. Under Section 187 of the same Regulation, this Municipal Council is declared a Minor Municipal Council and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following sections of the Regulation :—

Chapter of the Regulation.	*Nos. of Sections.*	*Chapter of the Regulation.*	*Nos. of Sections.*
II	6, 12, 13 and 22.	IX	92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149 and 160.
III	27 to 36 and 39.	X	162 to 166.
IV	46 and 47.	XI	169 (2)
VII	59 to 81.	XII	180A.
VIII	82 to 88.	XIII	181 to 189.

No. 102—Ml. 170-17-38, dated 1st July 1918.

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906 as further amended by Regulation, V of 1918, it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Gudibanda in the Kolar District, shall consist of 9 Councillors of whom 3 shall be elected and 6 nominated inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio* :—

(i) The Deputy Amildar, Gudibanda Sub-Taluk.

(ii) The Medical Officer, Gudibanda.

(iii) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Gudibanda Sub-Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation, the Deputy Amildar of the Gudibanda Sub-Taluk, is appointed President of the Municipal Council.

3. Under Section 187 of the same Regulation, this Municipal Council is declared a Minor Municipal Council and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following sections of the Regulation :—

Chapter of the Regulation.	*Nos. of Sections.*	*Chapter of the Regulation.*	*Nos. of Sections.*
II	6, 12, 13 and 22.	IX	92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149 and 160.
III	27 to 36 and 39.	X	162 to 166.
IV	46 and 47.	XI	169 (2).
VII	59 to 81.	XII	180A.
VIII	82 to 88.	XIII	181 to 186.

No. 104—Ml. 170-17-39, dated 1st July 1918.

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906 as further amended by Regulation, V of 1918, it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Goribidnur in the Kolar District, shall consist of 12 Councillors of whom 4 shall be elected and 8 nominated inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio* :—

(i) The Amildar, Goribidnur Taluk.

(ii) The Medical Officer, Goribidnur.

(iii) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Goribidnur Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation, the Amildar of the Goribidnur Taluk, is appointed President of the Municipal Council.

3. Under Section 187 of the same Regulation, this Municipal Council is declared a Minor Municipal Council and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following sections of the Regulation :—

Chapter of the Regulation.	*Nos. of Sections.*	*Chapter of the Regulation.*	*Nos. of Sections.*
II	6, 12, 13 and 22.	IX	92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149 and 160.
III	27 to 36 and 39.	X	162 to 166.
IV	46 and 47.	XI	169 (2).
VII	59 to 81.	XII	180A.
VIII	82 to 88.	XIII	181 to 186.

No. 106—Ml. 170-17-40, dated 1st July 1918.

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906 as further amended by Regulation, V of 1918, it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Malur in the Kolar District, shall consist of 12 Councillors of whom 4 shall be elected and 8 nominated inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio* :—

(i) The Amildar, Malur Taluk.

(ii) The Medical Officer, Malur.

(iii) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Malur Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation, the Amildar of the Malur Taluk, is appointed President of the Municipal Council.

3. Under Section 187 of the same Regulation, this Municipal Council is declared a Minor Municipal Council and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following sections of the Regulation:—

Chapter of the Regulation.	Nos. of Sections.	Chapter of the Regulation.	Nos. of Sections.
II	... 6, 12, 13 and 22.	IX	... 92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149 and 160.
III	... 27 to 36 and 39.	X	... 162 to 166.
IV	... 46 and 47.	IX	... 169 (2).
VII	... 59 to 81.	XII	... 180A.
VIII	... 82 to 88.	XIII	... 181 to 186.

No. 108—*Ml.* 170-17-41, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906 as further amended by Regulation, V of 1918 it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Srinivaspur in the Kolar District, shall consist of 12 Councillors of whom 4 shall be elected and 8 nominated inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio*:—

(i) The Amildar, Srinivaspur Taluk.

(ii) The Medical Officer, Srinivaspur.

(iii) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Srinivaspur Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation, the Amildar of the Srinivaspur Taluk is appointed President of the Municipal Council.

3. Under Section 187 of the same Regulation, this Municipal Council is declared a Minor Municipal Council and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following sections of the Regulation:—

Chapter of the Regulation.	Nos. of Sections.	Chapter of the Regulation.	Nos. of Sections.
II	... 6, 12, 13 and 22.	IX	... 92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149 and 160.
III	... 27 to 36 and 39.	X	... 162 to 166.
IV	... 46 and 47.	XI	... 169 (2).
VII	... 59 to 81.	XII	... 180A.
VIII	... 82 to 88.	XIII	... 181 to 186.

No. 110—*Ml.* 170-17-42, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, as further amended by Regulation, V of 1918, it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Tirthahalli in the Shimoga District, shall consist of 12 Councillors of whom 4 shall be elected and 8 nominated inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio*:—

(i) The Amildar, Tirthahalli Taluk.

(ii) The Medical Officer, Tirthahalli.

(iii) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Tirthahalli Taluk.

(iv) The Sub-Registrar, Tirthahalli Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation, the Amildar, Tirthahalli Taluk, is appointed President of the Municipal Council.

3. Under Section 187 of the same Regulation, this Municipal Council is declared a Minor Municipal Council and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following sections of the Regulation:—

Chapter of the Regulation.	Nos. of Sections.	Chapter of the Regulation.	Nos. of Sections.
II	... 6, 12, 13 and 22.	IX	... 92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149 and 160.
III	... 27 to 36 and 39.	X	... 162 to 166.
IV	... 46 and 47.	XI	... 169 (2).
VII	... 59 to 81.	XII	... 180A.
VIII	... 82 to 88.	XIII	... 181 to 186.

No. 112—*Ml.* 170-17-43, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906 as further amended by Regulation, V of 1918, it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Sorab

in the Shimoga District, shall consist of 12 Councillors of whom 4 shall be elected and 8 nominated inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio*:—

(i) The Amildar, Sorab Taluk.
(ii) The Medical Officer, Sorab.
(iii) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Sorab Taluk.
(iv) The Sub-Registrar, Sorab Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation, the Amildar, Sorab Taluk, is appointed President of the Municipal Council.

3. Under Section 187 of the same Regulation, this Municipal Council is declared a Minor Municipal Council and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following sections of the Regulation:—

Chapter of the Regulation.	*Nos. of Sections.*	*Chapter of the Regulation.*	*Nos. of Sections.*
II	... 6, 12, 13 and 22.	IX	... 92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149 and 160.
III	... 27 to 36 and 39.	X	... 162 to 166.
IV	... 46 and 47.	XI	... 169 (2).
VII	... 59 to 81.	XII	... 180A.
VIII	... 82 to 88.	XIII	... 181 to 186.

No. 114—*Ml.* 170-17-44, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, as further amended by Regulation, V of 1918, it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Siralkoppa in the Shimoga District, shall consist of 12 Councillors of whom 4 shall be elected and 8 nominated inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio*:—

(i) The Amildar, Shikarpur Taluk.
(ii) The Medical Officer, Siralkoppa.
(iii) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Shikarpur Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation, the Amildar of the Shikarpur Taluk, is appointed President of the Municipal Council.

3. Under Section 187 of the same Regulation, this Municipal Council is declared a Minor Municipal Council and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following sections of the Regulation:—

Chapter of the Regulation.	*Nos. of Sections.*	*Chapter of the Regulation.*	*Nos. of Sections.*
II	... 6, 12, 13 and 22.	IX	... 92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149, and 160.
III	... 27 to 36 and 39.	X	... 162 to 166.
IV	... 46 and 47.	XI	... 169 (2).
VII	... 59 to 81.	XII	... 180A.
VIII	... 82 to 88.	XIII	... 181 to 186.

No. 116—*Ml.* 170-17-45, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906 as further amended by Regulation, V of 1918, it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Kallurkatte in the Shimoga District, shall consist of 9 Councillors of whom 3 shall be elected and 6 nominated inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio*:—

(i) The Amildar, Nagar Taluk.
(ii) The Medical Officer, Kallurkatte.
(iii) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Nagar Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation, the Amildar, Nagar Taluk, is appointed President of the Municipal Council.

3. Under Section 187 of the same Regulation, this Municipal Council is declared a Minor Municipal Council and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following sections of the Regulation:—

Chapter of the Regulation.	*Nos. of Sections.*	*Chapter of the Regulation.*	*Nos. of Sections.*
II	... 6, 12, 13 and 22.	IX	... 92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149 and 160.
III	... 27 to 36 and 39.	X	... 162 to 166.
IV	... 46 and 47.	XI	... 169 (2).
VII	... 59 to 81.		
VIII	... 82 to 88.		

No. 118—*Ml.* 170-17-46, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, as further amended by Regulation, V of 1918, it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Kumsi in the Shimoga District, shall consist of 9 Councillors of whom 3 shall be elected and 6 nominated, inclusive of the following, appointed *ex-officio* :—

(i) The Deputy Amildar, Kumsi Sub-Taluk.
(ii) The Medical Officer, Kumsi.
(iii) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Kumsi Sub-Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation, the Deputy Amildar, Kumsi Sub-Taluk, is appointed President of the Municipal Council.

3. Under Section 187 of the same Regulation, this Municipal Council is declared a Minor Municipal Council, and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following Sections of the Regulation :—

Chapter of the Regulation.	*Nos. of Sections.*	*Chapter of the Regulation.*	*Nos. of Sections.*
II	6, 12, 13 and 22.	IX	92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149 and 160.
III	27 to 36 and 39.	X	162 to 166.
IV	46 and 47.	XI	169 (2).
VII	59 to 81.	XII	180A.
VIII	82 to 88.	XIII	181 to 186.

No. 120—*Ml.* 170-17-47, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, as further amended by Regulation, V of 1918, it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Benkipur, in the Shimoga District, shall consist of 9 Councillors, of whom 3 shall be elected and 6 nominated, inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio* :—

(i) The Amildar, Shimoga Taluk.
(ii) The Medical Officer, Benkipur.
(iii) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Shimoga Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation, the Amildar of the Shimoga Taluk, is appointed President of the Municipal Council.

3. Under Section 187 of the same Regulation, this Municipal Council is declared a Minor Municipal Council, and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following Sections of the Regulation :—

Chapter of the Regulation.	*Nos. of Sections.*	*Chapter of the Regulation.*	*Nos. of Sections.*
II	6, 12, 13 and 22.	IX	92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149 and 160.
III	27 to 36 and 39.	X	162 to 166.
IV	46 and 47.	XI	169 (2).
VII	59 to 81.	XII	180A.
VIII	82 to 88.	XIII	181 to 186.

No. 122—*Ml.* 170-17-48, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, as further amended by Regulation, V of 1918, it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Honnali, in the Shimoga District, shall consist of 12 Councillors, of whom 4 shall be elected and 8 nominated, inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio* :—

(1) The Amildar, Honnali Taluk.
(2) The Medical Officer, Honnali.
(3) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Honnali Taluk.
(4) The Sub-Registrar, Honnali Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation, the Amildar, Honnali Taluk, is appointed President of the Municipal Council.

3. Under Section 187 of the same Regulation, this Municipal Council is declared a Minor Municipal Council, and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following Sections of the Regulation :—

Chapter of the Regulation.	*Nos. of Sections.*	*Chapter of the Regulation.*	*Nos. of Sections.*
II	6, 12, 13 and 22.	IX	92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149 and 160.
III	27 to 36 and 39.	X	162 to 166.
IV	46 and 47.	XI	169 (2).
VII	59 to 81.	XII	180A.
VIII	82 to 88.	XIII	181 to 186.

No. 124—*Ml.* 170-17-49, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, as further amended by Regulation, V of 1918, it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Nyamti in the Shimoga District, shall consist of 12 Councillors, of whom 4 shall be elected and 8 nominated, inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio* :—

(1) The Amildar, Honnali Taluk.
(2) The Medical Officer, Nyamti.
(3) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Honnali Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation, the Amildar, Honnali Taluk, is appointed President of the Municipal Council.

3. Under Section 187 of the same Regulation, this Municipal Council is declared a Minor Municipal Council, and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following Sections of the Regulation :—

Chapter of the Regulation.	*Nos. of Sections.*	*Chapter of the Regulation.*	*Nos. of Sections.*
II	... 6, 12, 13 and 22.	IX	... 92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149 and 160.
III	... 27 to 36 and 39.	X	... 162 to 166.
IV	... 46 and 47.	XI	... 169 (2).
VII	... 59 to 81.	XII	... 180A.
VIII	... 82 to 88.	XIII	... 181 to 186.

No. 126—*Ml.* 170-17-50, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, as further amended by Regulation, V of 1918, it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Channagiri in the Shimoga District, shall consist of 12 Councillors, of whom 4 shall be elected and 8 nominated, inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio* :—

(1) The Amildar, Channagiri Taluk.
(2) The Medical Officer, Channagiri.
(3) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Channagiri Taluk.
(4) The Sub-Registrar, Channagiri Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation, the Amildar of the Channagiri Taluk, is appointed President of the Municipal Council.

3. Under Section 187 of the same Regulation, this Municipal Council is declared a Minor Municipal Council, and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following Sections of the Regulation :—

Chapter of the Regulation.	*Nos. of Sections.*	*Chapter of the Regulation.*	*Nos. of Sections.*
II	... 6, 12, 13 and 22.	IX	... 92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149 and 160.
III	... 27 to 36 and 39.	X	... 162 to 166.
IV	... 46 and 47.	XI	... 169 (2).
VII	... 59 to 81.	XII	... 180A.
VIII	... 82 to 88.	XIII	... 181 to 186.

No. 128—*Ml.* 170-17-51, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, as further amended by Regulation, V of 1918, it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Sagar in the Shimoga District, shall consist of 16 Councillors, of whom 8 shall be elected and 8 nominated, inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio* :—

(1) The Assistant Commissioner, Sagar Sub-Division.
(2) The Amildar, Sagar Taluk.
(3) The Medical Officer, Sagar.
(4) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Sagar Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation, the Assistant Commissioner, Sagar Sub-Division, is appointed President of the Municipal Council.

No. 130—*Ml.* 170-17-52, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, as further amended by Regulation, V of 1918, it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Nelamangala in the Bangalore District, shall consist of 12 Councillors, of whom 4 shall be elected and 8 nominated, inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio* :—

(1) The Amildar, Nelamangala Taluk.
(2) The Medical Officer, Nelamangala.

(3) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Nelamangala Taluk.

(4) The Sub-Registrar, Nelamangala Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation, the Amildar and the Sub-Registrar, Nelamangala Taluk, are appointed President and Vice-President, respectively of the Municipal Council.

3. Under Section 187 of the same Regulation, this Municipal Council is declared a Minor Municipal Council, and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following Sections of the Regulation :—

Chapter of the Regulation.	*Nos. of Sections.*	*Chapter of the Regulation.*	*Nos. of Sections.*
II	... 6, 12, 13 and 22.	IX	... 92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149 and 160.
III	... 27 to 36 and 39.	X	... 162 to 166.
IV	... 46 and 47.	XI	... 169 (2).
VII	... 59 to 81.	XII	... 180A.
VIII	... 82 to 88.	XIII	... 181 to 186.

No. 133—*Ml.* 170-17-53, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, as further amended by Regulation, V of 1918, it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Vadigenhalli in the Bangalore District, shall consist of 9 Councillors, of whom 3 shall be elected and 6 nominated, inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio*:

(i) The Amildar, Devanhalli Taluk.

(ii) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Devanhalli Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation, the Amildar of the Devanhalli Taluk is appointed President of the Municipal Council.

3. Under Section 187 of the same Regulation, this Municipal Council is declared a Minor Municipal Council, and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following Sections of the Regulation :—

Chapter of the Regulation.	*Nos. of Sections.*	*Chapter of the Regulation.*	*Nos. of Sections.*
II	... 6, 12, 13 and 22.	IX	... 92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149 and 160.
III	... 27 to 36 and 39.	X	... 162 to 166.
IV	... 46 and 47.	XI	... 169 (2).
VII	... 59 to 81.	XII	... 180A.
VIII	... 82 to 88.	XIII	... 181 to 186.

No. 135—*Ml.* 170-17-54, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, as further amended by Regulation, V of 1918, it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Sulibele in the Bangalore District, shall consist of 9 Councillors, of whom 3 shall be elected and 6 nominated, inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio* :—

(1) The Amildar, Hoskote Taluk.

(2) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Hoskote Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation, the Amildar, Hoskote Taluk, is appointed President of the Municipal Council.

3. Under Section 187 of the same Regulation, this Municipal Council is declared a Minor Municipal Council, and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following Sections of the Regulation :—

Chapter of the Regulation.	*Nos. of Sections.*	*Chapter of the Regulation.*	*Nos. of Sections.*
II	... 6, 12, 13 and 22.	IX	... 92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149 and 160.
III	... 27 to 36 and 39.	X	... 162 to 166.
IV	... 46 and 47.	XI	... 169 (2).
VII	... 59 to 81.	XII	... 180A.
VIII	... 82 to 88.	XIII	... 181 to 186.

No. 137—*Ml.* 170-17-55, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, as further

Tyamagondlu in the Bangalore District, shall consist of 12 Councillors, of whom 4 shall be elected and 8 nominated, inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio* :—

(1) The Amildar, Nelamangala Taluk.
(2) The Medical Officer, Tyamagondlu.
(3) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Nelamangala Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation, the Amildar of the Nelamangala Taluk, is appointed President of the Municipal Council.

3. Under Section 187 of the same Regulation, this Municipal Council is declared a Minor Municipal Council, and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following Sections of the Regulation :—

Chapter of the Regulation.	*Nos. of Sections.*	*Chapter of the Regulation.*	*Nos. of Sections.*
II	6, 12, 13 and 22.	IX	92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149 and 160.
III	27 to 36 and 39.	X	162 to 166.
IV	46 and 47.	XI	169 (2).
VII	59 to 81.	XII	180A.
VIII	82 to 89.	XIII	181 to 186.

No. 139—*Ml.* 170-17-56, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, as further amended by Regulation, V of 1918, it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Magadi in the Bangalore District, shall consist of 12 Councillors, of whom 4 shall be elected and 8 nominated, inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio* :—

(1) The Amildar, Magadi Taluk.
(2) The Medical Officer, Magadi.
(3) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Magadi Taluk.
(4) The Sub-Registrar, Magadi Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation, the Amildar and Sub-Registrar, Magadi Taluk, are appointed President and Vice-President, respectively, of the Municipal Council.

3. Under Section 187 of the same Regulation, this Municipal Council is declared a a Minor Municipal Council, and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following Sections of the Regulation :—

Chapter of the Regulation.	*Nos. of Sections.*	*Chapter of the Regulation.*	*Nos. of Sections.*
II	6, 12, 13 and 22.	IX	92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149 and 160.
III	27 to 36 and 39.	X	162 to 166.
IV	46 and 47.	XI	169 (2).
VII	59 to 81.	XII	180A.
VIII	82 to 88.	XIII	181 to 186.

No. 141—*Ml.* 170-17-57, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, as further amended by Regulation, V of 1918, it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Hosakote in the Bangalore District, shall consist of 12 Councillors of whom 4 shall be elected and 8 nominated, inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio* :—

(1) The Amildar, Hoskote.
(2) The Medical Officer, Hoskote Taluk.
(3) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Hoskote Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation, the Amildar, Hoskote Taluk, is appointed President of the Municipal Council.

3. Under Section 187 of the same Regulation, this Municipal Council is declared a Minor Municipal Council and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following Sections of the Regulation :—

Chapter of the Regulation.	*Nos. of Sections.*	*Chapter of the Regulation.*	*Nos. of Sections.*
II	6, 12, 13 and 22.	IX	92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149 and 160.
III	27 to 36 and 39.	X	162 to 166.
IV	46 and 47.	XI	169 (2).
VII	59 to 81.	XII	180A.
VIII	82 to 88.		

No. 143—*Ml.* 170-17-58, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, as further amended by Regulation, V of 1918, it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Sarjapur, Anekal Taluk in the Bangalore District shall consist of 9 Councillors, of whom 3 shall be elected and 6 nominated, inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio* :—

(1) The Amildar, Anekal Taluk.

(2) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Anekal Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation, the Amildar of the Anekal Taluk, is appointed President of Municipal Council.

3. Under Section 187 of the same Regulation, this Municipal Council is declared a Minor Municipal Council, and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following Sections of the Regulation :—

Chapter of the Regulation.	*Nos. of Sections.*	*Chapter of the Regulation.*	*Nos. of Sections.*
II	6, 12, 13 and 22.	IX	92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149 and 160.
III	27 to 36 and 39.	X	162 to 166.
IV	46 and 47.	XI	169 (2).
VII	59 to 81.	XII	180A.
VIII	82 to 88.	XIII	181 to 186.

No. 145—*Ml.* 170-17-59, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, as further amended by Regulation, V of 1918, it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Yelahanka, in the Bangalore District shall consist of 9 Councillors, of whom 3 shall be elected and 6 nominated inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio* :—

(i) The Amildar, Bangalore Taluk.

(ii) The Medical Officer, Yelahanka.

(iii) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department, for the Bangalore Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation, the Amildar, Bangalore Taluk, is appointed President of the Municipal Council.

3. Under Section 187 of the same Regulation, this Municipal Council is declared a Minor Municipal Council, and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following Sections of the Regulation :—

Chapter of the Regulation.	*Nos. of Sections.*	*Chapter of the Regulation.*	*Nos. of Sections.*
II	6, 12, 13 and 22.	IX	92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149 and 160.
III	27 to 36 and 39.	X	162 to 166.
IV	46 and 47.	XI	169 (2).
VII	59 to 81.	XII	180A.
VIII	82 to 88.	XIII	181 to 186.

No. 147—*Ml.* 170-17-60, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, as further amended by Regulation, V of 1918, it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Saklespur, in the Hassan District shall consist of 12 Councillors, of whom 4 shall be elected and 8 nominated, inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio* :—

(i) The Assistant Commissioner, Saklespur Sub-Division.

(ii) The Amildar, Manjarabad Taluk.

(iii) The Medical Officer, Saklespur.

(iv) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department, for the Manjarabad Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation, the Assistant Commissioner, Saklespur Sub-Division, and the Amildar, Manjarabad Taluk, are appointed President and Vice-President, respectively of the Municipal Council.

3. Under Section 187 of the same Regulation, this Municipal Council, is declared a Minor Municipal Council and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following Sections of the Regulation :—

Chapter of the Regulation.	*Nos. of Sections.*	*Chapter of the Regulation.*	*Nos. of Sections.*
II	6, 12, 13 and 22.	IX	92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149 and 160.
III	27 to 36 and 39.	X	162 to 166.
IV	46 and 47.	XI	169 (2).
VII	59 to 81.	XII	[illegible]
VIII	82 to 88.		

No. 149—*Ml.* 170-17-61, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, as further amended by Regulation, V of 1918, it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Belur in the Hassan District, shall consist of 12 Councillors, of whom 4 shall be elected and 8 nominated inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio* :—

(i) The Amildar, Belur Taluk.

(ii) The Medical Officer, Belur.

(iii) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Belur Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation, the Amildar of the Belur Taluk is appointed President of the Municipal Council.

3. Under Section 187 of the same Regulation, this Municipal Council is declared a Minor Municipal Council and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following Sections of the Regulation :—

Chapter of the Regulation.	*Nos. of Sections.*	*Chapter of the Regulation.*	*Nos. of Sections.*
II	6, 12, 13 and 22.	IX	92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149, and 160.
III	27 to 36 and 39.	X	162 to 166.
IV	46 and 47.	XI	169 (2).
VII	59 to 81.	XII	180A.
VIII	82 to 88.	XIII	181 to 186.

No. 151—*Ml.* 170-17-62, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, as further amended by Regulation, V of 1918, it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Arsikere, in the Hassan District, shall consist of 12 Councillors, of whom 4 shall be elected and 8 nominated inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio* :—

(i) The Amildar, Arsikere Taluk.

(ii) The Medical Officer, Arsikere.

(iii) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Arsikere Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation, the Amildar of the Arsikere Taluk is appointed President of the Municipal Council.

3. Under Section 187 of the same Regulation, this Municipal Council is declared a Minor Municipal Council and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following Sections of the Regulation :—

Chapter of the Regulation.	*Nos. of Sections.*	*Chapter of the Regulation.*	*Nos. of Sections.*
II	6, 12, 13 and 22.	IX	92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149, and 160.
III	27 to 36 and 39.	X	162 to 166.
IV	46 and 47.	XI	169 (2).
VII	59 to 81.	XII	180A.
VIII	82 to 88.	XIII	181 to 186.

No. 153—*Ml.* 170-17-63, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, as further amended by Regulation, V of 1918, it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Harnahalli, in the Hassan District, shall consist of 12 Councillors, of whom 4 shall be elected and 8 nominated inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio* :—

(i) The Amildar, Arsikere Taluk.

(ii) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Arsikere Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation, the Amildar of the Arsikere Taluk is appointed President of the Municipal Council.

3. Under Section 187 of the same Regulation, this Municipal Council is declared a Minor Municipal Council and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following Sections of the Regulation :—

Chapter of the Regulation.	*Nos. of Sections.*	*Chapter of the Regulation.*	*Nos. of Sections.*
II	6, 12, 13 and 22.	IX	92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149, and 160.
III	27 to 36 and 39.	X	162 to 166.
IV	46 and 47.	XI	169 (2).
VII	59 to 81.	XII	180A.
VIII	82 to 88.		

No. 155—*Ml.* 170-17-64, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, as further amended by Regulation, V of 1918, it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Sravanabelagola in the Hassan District, shall consist of 12 Councillors, of whom 4 shall be elected and 8 nominated inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio* :—

(i) The Amildar, Channarayapatna Taluk.

(ii) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Channarayapatna Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation the Amildar of the Channarayapatna Taluk is appointed President of the Municipal Council.

3. Under Section 187 of the same Regulation, this Municipal Council is declared a Minor Municipal Council and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following Sections of the Regulation :—

Chapter of the Regulation.	*Nos. of Sections.*	*Chapter of the Regulation.*	*Nos. of Sections.*
II	... 6, 12, 13 and 22.	IX	... 92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149, and 160.
III	... 27 to 36 and 39.	X	... 162 to 166.
IV	... 46 and 47.	XI	... 169 (2).
VII	... 59 to 81.	XII	... 180A.
VIII	... 82 to 88.	XIII	... 181 to 186.

No. 157—*Ml.* 170-17-65, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, as further amended by Regulation V of 1918, it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Channarayapatna, in the Hassan District, shall consist of 12 Councillors, of whom 4 shall be elected and 8 nominated inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio* :—

(i) The Amildar, Channarayapatna Taluk.

(ii) The Medical Officer, Channarayapatna.

(iii) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Channarayapatna Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation, the Amildar of the Channarayapatna Taluk is appointed President of the Municipal Council.

3. Under Section 187 of the same Regulation, this Municipal Council is declared a Minor Municipal Council and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following Sections of the Regulation :—

Chapter of the Regulation.	*Nos. of Sections.*	*Chapter of the Regulation.*	*Nos. of Sections.*
II	... 6, 12, 13 and 22.	IX	... 92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149, and 160.
III	... 27 to 36 and 39.	X	... 162 to 166.
IV	... 46 and 47.	XI	... 169 (2).
VII	... 59 to 81.	XII	... 180A.
VIII	... 82 to 88.	XIII	... 181 to 186.

No. 159—*Ml.* 170-17-66, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, as further amended by Regulation, V of 1918, it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Arkalgud, in the Hassan District, shall consist of 12 Councillors, of whom 4 shall be elected and 8 nominated inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio* :—

(i) The Amildar, Arkalgud Taluk.

(ii) The Medical Officer, Arkalgud.

(iii) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Arkalgud Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation, the Amildar of the Arkalgud Taluk is appointed President of the Municipal Council.

3. Under Section 187 of the same Regulation, this Municipal Council is declared a Minor Municipal Council and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following Sections of the Regulation :—

Chapter of the Regulation.	*Nos. of Sections.*	*Chapter of the Regulation.*	*Nos. of Sections.*
II	... 6, 12, 13 and 22.	IX	... 92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149, and 160.
III	... 27 to 36 and 39.	X	... 162 to 166.
IV	... 46 and 47.	XI	... 169 (2).
VII	... 59 to 81.	XII	... 180A.
VIII	... 82 to 88.	XIII	... 181 to 186.

No. 161—*Ml.* 170-17-67, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, as further amended by Regulation, V of 1918, it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Alur, in the Hassan District, shall consist of 12 Councillors, of whom 4 shall be elected and 8 nominated inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio* :—

(i) The Deputy Amildar, Alur Sub-Taluk.

(ii) The Medical Officer, Alur.

(iii) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Alur Sub-Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation, the Deputy Amildar, Alur-Sub-Taluk is appointed President of the Municipal Council.

3. Under Section 187 of the same Regulation, this Municipal Council is declared a Minor Municipal Council and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following Sections of the Regulation :—

Chapter of the Regulation.	*Nos. of Sections.*	*Chapter of the Regulation.*	*Nos. of Sections.*
II	6, 12, 13 and 22.	IX	92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149, and 160.
III	27 to 36 and 39.	X	162 to 166.
IV	46 and 47.	XI	169 (2).
VII	59 to 81.	XII	180A.
VIII	82 to 88.	XIII	181 to 186.

No. 163—*Ml.* 170-17-68, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, as further amended by Regulation, V of 1918, it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Talkad, T.-Narsipur Taluk, in the Mysore District, shall consist of 9 Councillors, of whom 3 shall be elected and 6 nominated inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio* :—

(i) The Amildar, T.-Narsipur Taluk.

(ii) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the T.-Narsipur Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation, the Amildar of the T.-Narsipur Taluk is appointed President of the Municipal Council.

3. Under Section 187 of the same Regulation, this Municipal Council is declared a Minor Municipal Council and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following Sections of the Regulation :—

Chapter of the Regulation.	*Nos. of Sections.*	*Chapter of the Regulation.*	*Nos. of Sections.*
II	6, 12, 13 and 22.	IX	92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149, and 160.
III	27 to 36 and 39.	X	162 to 166.
IV	46 and 47.	XI	169 (2).
VII	59 to 81.	XII	180A.
VIII	82 to 88.	XIII	181 to 186.

No. 165—*Ml.* 170-17-69, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, as further amended by Regulation, V of 1918, it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Mugur, T.-Narsipur Taluk, in the Mysore District, shall consist of 9 Councillors, of whom 3 shall be elected and 6 nominated inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio* :—

(i) The Amildar, T.-Narsipur Taluk.

(ii) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the T.-Narsipur Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation, the Amildar of the T.-Narsipur Taluk is appointed President of the Municipal Council.

3. Under Section 187 of the same Regulation, this Municipal Council is declared a Minor Municipal Council and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following Sections of the Regulation :—

Chapter of the Regulation.	*Nos. of Sections.*	*Chapter of the Regulation.*	*Nos. of Sections.*
II	6, 12, 13 and 22.	IX	92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149, and 160.
III	27 to 36 and 39.	X	162 to 166.
IV	46 and 47.	XI	169 (2).
VII	59 to 81.	XII	180 A.
VIII	82 to 88.	XIII	181 to 186.

No. 167—*Ml.* 170-17-70, *dated* 1st *July* 1918.

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, as further amended by Regulation, V of 1918, it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Saligram, Yedatore Taluk in the Mysore District, shall consist of 12 Councillors of whom 4 shall be elected and 8 nominated, inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio* :—

(i) The Amildar, Yedatore Taluk.
(ii) The Medical Officer, Saligram.
(iii) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Yedatore Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation, the Amildar of the Yedatore Taluk, is appointed President of the Municipal Council.

3. Under Section 187 of the same Regulation, this Municipal Council is declared a Minor Municipal Council, and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following Sections of the Regulation :—

Chapter of the Regulation.	*Nos. of Sections.*
II	6, 12, 13 and 22.
III	27 to 36 and 39.
IV	46 and 47.
VII	59 to 81.
VIII	82 to 88.
IX	92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149 and 160.
X	162 to 166.
XI	169 (2).
XII	180A.
XIII	181 to 186.

No. 169—*Ml.* 170-17-71, *dated* 1st *July* 1918.

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, as further amended by Regulation, V of 1918, it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Nagamangala in the Mysore District, shall consist of 12 Councillors of whom 4 shall be elected and 8 nominated, inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio* :—

(i) The Amildar, Nagamangala Taluk.
(ii) The Medical Officer, Nagamangala.
(iii) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Nagamangala Taluk.
(iv) The Sub-Registrar, Nagamangala Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation, the Amildar of the Nagamangala Taluk, is appointed President of the Municipal Council.

3. Under Section 187 of the same Regulation, this Municipal Council is declared a Minor Municipal Council, and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following Sections of the Regulation :—

Chapter of the Regulation.	*Nos. of Sections.*
II	6, 12, 13 and 22.
III	27 to 36 and 39.
IV	46 and 47.
VII	59 to 81.
VIII	82 to 88.
IX	92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149 and 160.
X	162 to 166.
XI	169 (2).
XII	180A.
XIII	181 to 186.

No. 171—*Ml.* 170-17-72, *dated* 1st *July* 1918.

In modification of Notification No. 3088—Ml. 150-08-2, dated the 22nd September 1908, and under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, as further amended by Regulation, V of 1918, it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Mandya in the Mysore District, shall consist of 15 Councillors of whom 5 shall be elected and 10 nominated, inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio* :—

(i) The Amildar, Mandya Taluk.
(ii) The Medical Officer, Mandya.
(iii) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Mandya Taluk.
(iv) The Sub-Registrar, Mandya Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation, the Amildar, Mandya Taluk, is appointed President of the Municipal Council.

3. Under Section 187 of the same Regulation, this Municipal Council is declared a Minor Municipal Council, and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following Sections of the Regulation :—

Chapter of the Regulation.	*Nos. of Sections.*
II	6, 12, 13 and 22.
III	27 to 36 and 39.
IV	46 and 47.
VII	59 to 81.
VIII	82 to 88.
IX	92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149 and 160.
X	162 to 166.
XI	169 (2).
XII	180A.
XIII	181 to 186.

No. 173—*Ml.* 170-17-73, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, as further amended by Regulation, V of 1918, it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Ramasamudra in the Mysore District, shall consist of 9 Councillors of whom 3 shall be elected and 6 nominated, inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio* :—

(i) The Amildar, Chamrajnagar Taluk.

(ii) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Chamrajnagar Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation, the Amildar of the Chamrajnagar Taluk, is appointed President of the Municipal Council.

3. Under Section 187 of the same Regulation, this Municipal Council is declared a Minor Municipal Council, and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following Sections of the Regulation :—

Chapter of the Regulation.	*Nos. of Sections.*	*Chapter of the Regulation.*	*Nos. of Sections.*
II	... 6, 12, 13 and 22.	IX	... 92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149 and 160.
III	... 27 to 36 and 39.	X	... 162 to 166.
IV	... 46 and 47.	XI	... 169 (2).
VII	... 59 to 81.	XII	... 180A.
VIII	... 82 to 88.	XIII	... 181 to 186.

No. 175—*Ml.* 170-17-74, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, as further amended by Regulation, V of 1918, it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of French Rocks in the Mysore District, shall consist of 12 Councillors of whom 4 shall be elected and 8 nominated, inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio* :—

(i) The Assistant Commissioner, French Rocks Sub-Division.

(ii) The Deputy Amildar, French Rocks Sub-Taluk.

(iii) The Medical Officer, French Rocks.

(iv) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the French Rocks Sub-Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation, the Sub-Division Assistant Commissioner, French Rocks, is appointed President of the Municipal Council.

3. Under Section 187 of the same Regulation, this Municipal Council is declared a Minor Municipal Council, and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following Sections of the Regulation :—

Chapter of the Regulation.	*Nos. of Sections.*	*Chapter of the Regulation.*	*Nos. of Sections.*
II	... 6, 12, 13 and 22.	IX	... 92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149 and 160.
III	... 27 to 36 and 39.	X	... 162 to 166.
IV	... 46 and 47.	XI	... 169 (2).
VII	... 59 to 81.	XII	... 180A.
VIII	... 82 to 88.	XIII	... 181 to 186.

No. 177—*Ml.* 170-17-75, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, as further amended by Regulation, V of 1918, it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Sargur, Heggaddevankote Taluk in the Mysore District, shall consist of 12 Councillors of whom 4 shall be elected and 8 nominated, inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio* :—

(i) The Amildar, Heggaddevankote Taluk.

(ii) The Medical Officer, Sargur.

(iii) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Heggaddevankote Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation, the Amildar, Heggaddevankote Taluk and the Medical Officer, Sargur, are appointed President and Vice-President, respectively of the Municipal Council.

3. Under Section 187 of the same Regulation, this Municipal Council is declared a Minor Municipal Council, and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following Sections of the Regulation :—

Chapter of the Regulation.	*Nos. of Sections.*	*Chapter of the Regulation.*	*Nos. of Sections.*
II	... 6, 12, 13 and 22.	IX	... 92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149 and 160.
III	... 27 to 36 and 39.	X	... 162 to 166.
IV	... 46 and 47.	XI	... 169 (2).
VII	... 59 to 81.	XII	... 180A.
VIII	... 82 to 88.	XIII	... 181 to 186.

No. 179—*Ml.* 170-17-76, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, as further amended by Regulation, V of 1918, it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Krishnarajpete in the Mysore District, shall consist of 12 Councillors of whom 4 shall be elected and 8 nominated, inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio* :—

(i) The Amildar, Krishnarajpete Taluk.

(ii) The Medical Officer, Krishnarajpete.

(iii) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Krishnarajpete Taluk.

(iv) The Sub-Registrar, Krishnarajpete Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation, the Amildar of the Krishnarajpete Taluk, is appointed President of the Municipal Council.

3. Under Section 187 of the same Regulation, this Municipal Council is declared a Minor Municipal Council, and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following Sections of the Regulation:—

Chapter of the Regulation.	*Nos. of Sections.*	*Chapter of the Regulation.*	*Nos. of Sections.*
II	... 6, 12, 13 and 22.	IX	... 92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149 and 160.
III	... 27 to 36 and 39.	X	... 162 to 166.
IV	... 46 and 47.	XI	... 169 (2).
VII	... 59 to 81.	XII	... 180A.
VIII	... 82 to 88.	XIII	... 181 to 186.

No. 181—*Ml.* 170-17-77, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1916, as further amended by Regulation, V of 1918, it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Gundlupet in the Mysore District, shall consist of 12 Councillors of whom 4 shall be elected and 8 nominated, inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio* :—

(i) The Amildar, Gundlupet Taluk.

(ii) The Medical Officer, Gundlupet.

(iii) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Gundlupet Taluk.

(iv) The Sub-Registrar, Gundlupet Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation, the Amildar of the Gundlupet Taluk, is appointed President of the Municipal Council.

3. Under Section 187 of the same Regulation, this Municipal Council is declared a Minor Municipal Council, and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following Sections of the Regulation :—

Chapter of the Regulation.	*Nos. of Sections.*	*Chapter of the Regulation.*	*Nos. of Sections.*
II	... 6, 12, 13 and 22.	IX	... 92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149 and 160.
III	... 27 to 36 and 39.	X	... 162 to 166.
IV	... 46 and 47.	XI	... 169 (2).
VII	... 59 to 81.	XII	... 180A.
VIII	... 82 to 88.	XIII	... 181 to 186.

No. 183—*Ml.* 170-17-78, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

In modification of Notification No. 3088—Ml. 150-08-2, dated 22nd September 1908, and under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, as further amended by Regulation, V of 1918, it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Malvalli in the Mysore District, shall consist of 15 Councillors of whom 5 shall be elected and 10 nominated, inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio* :—

(1) The Amildar, Malvalli Taluk.

(2) The Medical Officer, Malvalli.

(3) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Malvalli Taluk.

(4) The Sub-Registrar, Malvalli Taluk.

2. Under Sections 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation, the Amildar of the Malvalli Taluk, is appointed President of the Municipal Council.

3. Under Section 187 of the same Regulation, this Municipal Council is declared a Minor Municipal Council, and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following Sections of the Regulation :—

Chapter of the Regulation.	*Nos. of Sections.*	*Chapter of the Regulation.*	*Nos. of Sections.*
II	... 6, 12, 13 and 22.	IX	... 92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149 and 160.
III	... 27 to 36 and 39.	X	... 162 to 166.
IV	... 46 and 47.	XI	... 169 (2).
VII	... 59 to 81.	XII	... 180A.
VIII	... 82 to 88.	XIII	... 181 to 186.

No. 185—*Ml.* 170-17-79, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Under Section 187 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, as amended by Regulation, V of 1918, the Municipal Council of T.-Narsipur, is declared a Minor Municipal Council, and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following Sections of the Regulation :—

Chapter of the Regulation.	*Nos. of Sections.*	*Chapter of the Regulation.*	*Nos. of Sections.*
II	... 6, 12, 13 and 22.	IX	... 92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149 and 160.
III	... 27 to 36 and 39.	X	... 162 to 166.
IV	... 46 and 47.	XI	... 169 (2).
VII	... 59 to 81.	XII	... 180A.
VIII	... 82 to 88.	XIII	... 181 to 186.

No. 187—*Ml.* 130-17-86, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Under Section 187 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, as amended by Regulation, V of 1918, the Municipal Council of Devanhalli, is declared a Minor Municipal Council, and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following Sections of the Regulation :—

Chapter of the Regulation.	*Nos. of Sections.*	*Chapter of the Regulation.*	*Nos. of Sections.*
II	... 6, 12, 13 and 22.	IX	... 92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149 and 160.
III	... 27 to 36 and 39.	X	... 162 to 166.
IV	... 46 and 47.	XI	... 169 (2).
VII	... 59 to 81.	XII	... 180A.
VIII	... 82 to 88.	XIII	... 181 to 186.

No. 189—*Ml.* 130-17-87, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Under Section 187 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, as amended by Regulation, V of 1918, the Municipal Council of Bannur, is declared a Minor Municipal Council, and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following Sections of the Regulation :—

Chapter of the Regulation.	*Nos. of Sections.*	*Chapter of the Regulation.*	*Nos. of Sections.*
II	... 6, 12, 13 and 22.	IX	... 92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149 and 160.
III	... 27 to 36 and 39.	X	... 162 to 166.
IV	... 46 and 47.	XI	... 169 (2).
VII	... 59 to 81.	XII	... 180A.
VIII	... 82 to 88.	XIII	... 181 to 186.

No. 191—*Ml.* 130-17-88, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

In modification of Notification No. 3088—Ml. 150-08-2, dated 22nd September 1908, and under Sections 10, 11 and 23 (2) (*b*) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, as further amended by Regulation, V of 1918, it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Melkote in the Mysore District, shall from 1st July 1918, consist of 12 Councillors of whom 4 shall be elected and 8 nominated, inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio* :—

(i) The Deputy Amildar, French-Rocks Sub-Taluk, President.
(ii) The Medical Officer, Melkote.
(iii) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the French Rocks Sub-Taluk.

2. Under Section 187 of the same Regulation, this Municipal Council is declared a Minor Municipal Council and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following Sections of the Regulation:—

Chapter of the Regulation.	*Nos. of Sections.*	*Chapter of the Regulation.*	*Nos. of Sections.*
II	6, 12, 13 and 22.	IX	92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149 and 160.
III	27 to 36 and 39	X	162 to 166.
IV	46 and 47.	XI	169 (2).
VII	59 to 81.	XII	180A.
VIII	82 to 88.	XIII	181 to 186.

No. 193—*Ml.* 130-17-89, *dated 1st July* 1918.

In modification of Notification No. 3088—Ml. 150-08-2, dated 22nd September 1908, and under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, as further amended by Regulation, V of 1918, it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Hunsur, in the Mysore District, shall consist of 14 Councillors, of whom 5 shall be elected and 9 nominated inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio*:—

(i) The Amildar, Hunsur Taluk.
(ii) The Medical Officer, Hunsur
(iii) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Hunsur Taluk.
(iv) The Sub-Registrar, Hunsur Taluk.

2. Under Section 23-(2) (*b*) of the said Regulation, the Amildar of the Hunsur Taluk, is appointed President of the Municipal Council.

3. Under Section 187 of the same Regulation, this Municipal Council is declared a Minor Municipal Council and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following Sections of the Regulation:—

Chapter of the Regulation.	*Nos. of Sections.*	*Chapter of the Regulation.*	*Nos. of Sections.*
II	6, 12, 13 and 22.	IX	92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 117, 119 to 121, 123 to 149 and 160.
III	27 to 36 and 39.	X	162 to 166.
IV	46 and 47.	XI	169 (2).
VII	59 to 81.	XII	180A.
VIII	82 to 88.	XIII	181 to 186.

No. 195—*Ml.* 130-17-90, *dated 1st July* 1918.

Under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, as further amended by Regulation, V of 1918, it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Periyapatna in the Mysore District, shall consist of 12 Councillors, of whom 4 shall be elected and 8 nominated inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio*:—

(i) The Amildar, Hunsur Taluk.
(ii) The Medical Officer, Periyapatna.
(iii) The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Hunsur Taluk.

2. Under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the said Regulation, the Amildar, Hunsur Taluk, and the Medical Officer are appointed President and Vice-President, respectively, of the Municipal Council.

3. Under Section 187 of the same Regulation, this Municipal Council is declared a Minor Municipal Council and excepted from the operation of the provisions of the following Sections of the Regulation:—

Chapter of the Regulation.	*Nos. of Sections.*	*Chapter of the Regulation.*	*Nos. of Sections.*
II	6, 12, 13 and 22.	IX	92 to 98, 99 except sub-section (1), 100 to 107, 119 to 121, 123 to 149 and 160.
III	27 to 36 and 39.	X	162 to 166.
IV	46 and 47.	XI	169 (2).
VII	59 to 81.	XII	180A.
VIII	82 to 88.	XIII	181 to 186.

No. 411—*Ml.* 45-18-1, *dated 4th July* 1918.

With reference to paragraph 7 of Government Order No. 3005-55—Ml. 132-16-1, dated the 16th November 1916, and under Section 23 (2) (c) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, as amended by Regulation, V of 1918, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased to prescribe the following rules for the election of the President or Vice-President of a City Municipal Council.

When the Government shall have directed that the President or the Vice-President or both of a City Municipal Council shall be elected, the election shall be subject to the following rules:—

(i) The election shall take place at the first meeting of the newly constituted Municipal

Government Order, if the direction was given during the term of office of the existing Council as the case may be.

(ii) The election shall not be held unless at least three-fourths of the total number of Councillors are present at the meeting.

(iii) Any Councillor who desires or is willing to be elected should notify the same to the Secretary to Government in the Revenue Department ten days before the day fixed for election.

Provided that no candidate shall be declared eligible to stand for election unless his application is supported in writing by two Municipal Councillors.

(iv) The names of the candidates approved by Government shall be notified at the Municipal Office at least three days before the day fixed for holding the election.

(v) Voting shall be by ballot and the election shall be decided by a majority of votes of the Councillors present at the meeting; provided that no candidate shall be declared elected unless he secures at least two-thirds of the total number of votes of the Councillors present at the meeting.

(vi) If there is an equal number of votes in favour of each of two or more candidates, the selection of one of them shall be made by lot by the presiding authority of the meeting in such manner as the Municipal Council at such meeting shall determine.

(vii) The result of the election shall be declared at the meeting immediately by the presiding authority and communicated by him without delay to Government.

(viii) The presiding authority shall also forward to Government under his signature minutes of the proceedings of the meeting in which shall be recorded:—

(*a*) the names of candidates;

(*b*) the names of Councillors present; and

(*c*) the number of votes secured by each candidate.

(ix) The validity of any election may be contested by a petition signed by at least 3 Councillors and not otherwise, provided that such petition shall reach the Secretary to Government in the Revenue Department within seven days from the date of the election and allege specific grounds for setting aside the election on account of material irregularity in the conduct thereof or for other sufficient cause.

(x) Upon receipt of such petition, the Government shall cause enquiry to be made by the Deputy Commissioner personally into the validity of such objection or objections. The Deputy Commissioner shall thereupon report the result of his enquiry to Government who may pass such orders as they may think fit.

(xi) In the event of no election being made within the prescribed period, the President or the Vice-President or both shall be appointed by Government by nomination.

No. 414—*Ml.*-45-18-2, *dated* 4*th July* 1918.

With reference to paragraph 7 of Government Order No. 3005-55—Ml. 132-16-1, dated the 16th November 1916, and under Section 23 (2) (*c*) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, as amended by Regulation, V of 1918, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased to prescribe the following rules for the election of the President or Vice-President of a Municipal Council other than that of a City Municipal Council.

When the Government shall have directed that the President or the Vice-President or both of a Municipal Council shall be elected, the election shall be subject to the following rules:—

(i) The election shall be subject to the approval of Government.

(ii) The election shall take place at the first meeting of the newly constituted Municipal Council or at the meeting held on a day not later than one month from the date of the Government Order, if the direction was given during the term of the existing Council as the case may be.

(iii) The election shall not be held unless at least half of the total number of Councillors are present at the meeting.

(iv) Any Councillor who desires or is willing to be elected must be proposed by one and seconded by another Councillor.

(v) The election shall be decided by a majority of votes of the Councillors present at the meeting and voting, the presiding authority having a second or casting vote in every case of an equality of votes.

(vi) No vote given by a Councillor for himself shall be counted.

(vii) The result of the election shall be declared at the meeting immediately by the presiding authority and communicated by him without delay to the Deputy Commissioner of the District who shall report it to Government in due course.

(viii) The presiding authority shall also forward under his signature to the Deputy Commissioner minutes of the proceedings of the meeting in which shall be recorded :—

(a) The names of the Councillors present;

(b) the names of proposer and seconder of each Councillor that stood for election; and

(c) the names of the Councillors voting respective for each Councillor that stood for election.

(ix) The validity of election may be contested by a petition signed by at least three Councillors and not otherwise, provided that such petition shall reach the Deputy Commissioner within seven days from the date of the election and shall allege specific grounds for setting aside the election on account of material irregularity in the conduct thereof and for other sufficient cause.

(x) Upon on receipt of such petition, the Deputy Commissioner shall enquire personally or by some other officer deputed by him, into the validity of such objection or objections and may thereupon report the matter to Government who may pass such orders as they may think fit.

(xi) In the event of no election being made within the prescribed period, or the Councillor or Councillors elected not being approved, the President or the Vice-President or both shall be appointed by Government by nomination.

No. 262—*Ml.* 43-18-1, *dated 3rd July* 1918.

Under Section 186 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, 1906, as further amended by Regulation V of 1918, Government are pleased to apply to the Town Municipal Council of Shimoga the provisions of Section 182 of the said Regulation so far as they relate to the appointment of a Chief Officer and also Sections 183, 184 and 185.

No. 264—*Ml.* 43-18-2, *dated 3rd July* 1918.

Under Section 186 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, 1906, as amended by Regulation V of 1918, Government are pleased to apply to the Town Municipal Council of Davangere the provisions of Section 182 so far as they relate to the appointment of a Chief Officer and also Sections 183, 184 and 185.

No. 260—*Ml.* 130-17-94, *dated 3rd July* 1918.

Under Section 23 (2) (b) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, 1906, the Assistant Commissioner in charge of the District Treasury, Chitaldrug District, is appointed President of the Municipal Council of Chitaldrug.

No. 246—*Ml.* 130-17-92, *dated 3rd July* 1918.

Under Section 23 (2) (b) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, 1906, Mr. C. Vasudeva Rao, Vice-President, is appointed President of the Municipal Council of Chikmagalur.

No. 248—*Ml.* 130-17-93, *dated 3rd July* 1918.

Under Section 23 (2) (a) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, Mr. T. Srinivasachar, Vice-President, is appointed, President of the Municipal Council of Kolar for one year.

No. 422—*Ml.* 6-17-38, *dated 5th July* 1918.

Under Section 20 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, the following gentlemen are appointed as Councillors of Mandya Municipal Council, with effect from 1st July 1918:—

Section 10 (1) (b) (i).

1. Mr. Karim Sahib, Merchant.
2. " Papaiya Chetty do
3. " Anne Gowda, Patel and Landholder.
4. Mr. Krishnoji Rao, Merchant and Landholder.
5. " M. D. Krishnaswamaiengar, Landholder and Inamdar.

Section 10 (1) (b) (ii).

1. Amildar, Mandya Taluk, (President).
2. Medical Officer, Mandya.
3. Senior Officer of the Public Works Department, Mandya Taluk.
4. Sub-Registrar, Mandya.

Notification No. 7283—*Ml.* 126-17-13, *dated* 29*th June* 1918.

Under Section 6 of the Land Acquisition Regulation, No. VII of 1894, it is hereby declared that the lands described hereunder are required for a public purpose, *viz.*, opening out a lane for the purpose of conservancy lane behind cloth merchant Mr. Abdul Rahiman Sahib's house, Horapet, Tumkur Town Municipality, and under Sections 7 and 8 (c) of the said Regulation, the Assistant Commissioner in charge of Tumkur District Treasury is appointed to perform the functions of a Deputy Commissioner under the Land Acquisition Regulation and is authorised to take order for the acquisition of the said lands.

District	Taluk	Hobli	Village	Name of khatedar or owner	Description	Total extent L. ft.	Total extent B. ft.	Remaining extent L. ft.	Remaining extent B. ft.	Extent now required: Required	Extent now required: Total area	Boundaries: East	Boundaries: West	Boundaries: North	Boundaries: South
Tumkur	Tumkur	Tumkur	Tumkur Town Municipality	Patwegar Mohideen Sahib, son of Hussain Sahib.	Open site.	46	22	46	22	22	13½ sq. yds.	Makan Krishnappa's house.	Own house and open space.	Patwegar Baboo Sahib's land.	Abdul Rahiman Sahib's house.
				Patwegar Baboo Sahib.	Do	46	15	46	15	15 5	8½ sq. yds.	Do	Do	Patwegar Mastan Sahib's land.	Patwegar Mohideen Sahib's land.
				Patwegar Mastan Sahib.	Do	60	18	60	18	18 6	10	Makan Krishnappa's and Audimurthappa's houses.	Do	Patwegar Hosahalli Karim Sahib's house and land.	Patwegar Baboo Sahib's land.
				Patwegar Hosahalli Kasim Sahib.	Do	54	10	54	10	10 5	6	Audimurthappa's house.	Own house and land.	Patwegar Maddagiri Hussain Sahib's house	Patwegar Mastan Sahib's land.
				Patwegar Maddagiri Hussain Sahib.	Tiled roofed house open space.	31	27	31	27	8 5	4½	Mir Abdul Rahim Sahib's house and vacant land.	Own house.	Kikkeri Butcher's street.	Patwegar Hosahalli Kasim Sahib's land.

REMARKS.—A plan of the property will be available for inspection in the Office of the Vice-President, Tumkur Municipal Council, at any time during office hours.

No. 426—*Ml.* 200-17-3, *dated* 5*th July* 1918.

Under Section 18 (1) of the City of Mysore Improvement Regulation, III of 1903, it is hereby declared that the properties detailed in the annexed schedule are required for a public purpose, *i.e.*, for further improvement of No. 2 Drainage area, Lashkar Mohalla, Mysore City. The estimate for the acquisition of the said properties has been sanctioned in Government Proceedings No. 424-5—Ml. 200-17-2, dated 5th July 1918.

Serial No.	Plan No.	Door No.	Name.	Particulars of the property	Extent in feet: East to west	Extent in feet: North to south	Area in sq. yds.	Boundaries: East	Boundaries: West	Boundaries: North	Boundaries: South
					Block No. 28.						
1	142 Part	2898	Mr. Narasimha Murthy Rao.	Land with structure.	8	82	73	His own house.	Lane	Mr. Subba Rao's house.	Road.
2	141 Part	2897	A. Subba Rao	Do	4 6½	16 37	34	Do	Do	Subba Sastri's house.	Narasimha Murthy Rao's house.
3	140 Part	2896	„ Subba Sastri ...	Do ...	4	23½	18	Do	Do	Subbiah's house.	Subba Rao's house.
4	183 Part	2888	Shekdar Subbiah	Do	3	38	13	Do	Do	Lane	Subba Sastri's house.

No. 197—*L. B.* 90-17-7, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Under Section 48 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation VI of 1918, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore direct the constitution of Village Panchayets for the villages mentioned in the subjoined statement in the Bangalore District with effect from the 1st July 1918 and to fix, under Section 49 of the said Regulation the total, and elected, number of members of each Village Panchayet as shown in columns 5 and 6 of the statement against each village.

District	Taluk	Serial No.	Village	Total number of members	Number of elected members out of that shown in column 5	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Bangalore	Dodballapur	1	Madhure	7	5	
		2	Hanaba	7	5	
		3	Tubigere	9	6	
		4	Rajaghatta	7	5	
		5	Melekote	7	5	
		6	Hosahalli	7	5	
		7	Hadripura	5	3	
	Nelamangala	8	Sondekoppa	9	6	Existing Union.
		9	Dodhele	7	5	Do
		10	Begur	7	5	
		11	Obalapura	7	5	
		12	Manno	7	5	
		13	Somapura	7	5	
		14	Sivagange	7	5	
	Kankanhalli	15	Harohalli	10	6	Do
		16	Kodihalli	10	6	
		17	Somanahalli	9	6	
		18	Dodmaralavadi	9	6	
		19	Chikmaralavadi	9	6	
		20	Herandyavanhalli	9	6	
		21	Chikkamuduvadi	9	6	
		22	Alaballi	9	6	
		23	Nallahalli	9	6	
		24	Satnur	9	6	
		25	Halasuru	9	6	
	Magadi	26	Tavarekere	9	6	Do
		27	Motagondahalli	9	6	Do
		28	Gudemaranahalli	9	6	Do
		29	Soluru	9	6	
		30	Kuduru	9	6	
		31	Hulikallu	7	5	
		32	Thippasandra	9	6	
	Closepet (Sub-Taluk)	33	Bidadi	9	6	Do
		34	Jalamangala	9	6	Do
		35	Surganahalli	9	6	
		36	Harisandra	7	5	
		37	Vibhutikere	7	5	
		38	Kunagallu	7	5	
		39	Hulikeregunnuru	9	6	
		40	Kyasapura	7	5	
		41	Vadavatta	7	5	
		42	Banandurú	7	5	
		43	Bairamangala	7	5	
	Anekal	44	Attibele	9	6	Do
		45	Dommasandra	9	6	Do
		46	Jigani	9	6	Do
		47	Bidaraguppe	9	6	
		48	Hulimangala	7	5	
		49	Huskur	7	5	
		50	Indlavadi	7	5	
		51	Samandoor	7	5	
		52	Banneraghatta	5	3	
		53	Mantapa	5	3	
		54	Neriga	5	3	
		55	Koodlu	5	3	
		56	Vanakanahalli	7	5	
		57	Tindlos	5	3	
		58	Handenahalli	7	5	
		59	Koppa	7	5	
	Devanhalli	60	Avati	11	7	Do
		61	Bagalur	10	6	Do
		62	Budigere	10	6	Do
		63	Bettahalasoor	7	5	
		64	Mahadeva Kodagahalli	5	3	
		65	Marenahalli	7	5	
		66	Alur Duddanahalli	7	5	
	Channapatna	67	Maluru	11	7	Do
		68	Honganuru	9	6	Do
		69	Nagavara	9	6	

District	Taluk	Serial No.	Village	Total number of members	Number of elected members out of that shown in Column 5	Remarks
Bangalore—*concld.*	Channapatna—*concld.*	70	Chokkere	9	6	
		71	Malurupatna	9	6	
		72	Singarajapura	7	5	
	Hoskote	73	Kithaganur	5	3	
		74	Kadagudi	9	6	
		75	Bidarahalli	5	3	
		76	Channasandra	5	3	
		77	Devanagundi	5	3	
		78	Muttasandra	7	5	
		79	Attibele	7	5	
		80	Bindiganahalli	7	5	
		81	Hasigalu	7	5	
		82	Korati	7	5	
		83	Jadigenahalli	7	5	
		84	Kannurhalli	5	3	
		85	Kallahalli	5	3	
		86	Hindiganal	9	6	Existing Union.
	Bangalore	87	Begur	9	6	Do
		88	Kengeri	9	6	Do
		89	Agara	7	5	
		90	Hesaraghatta	9	6	
		91	Chikbanavara	7	5	
		92	Yeswanthapura	7	5	
		93	Krishnarajpura	7	5	
		94	Hagadur	9	6	
		95	Hebbala	7	5	
		96	Nagawara	7	5	
		97	Vartur	9	6	
		98	Gunjoru	9	6	

No. 199—*L. B.* 92-17-6, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Under Section 48 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayats Regulation, VI of 1918, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore direct the constitution of Village Panchayats for the villages mentioned in the subjoined statement in the Tumkur District with effect from the 1st July 1918 and to fix, under Section 49 of the said Regulation, the total, and elected, number of members of each Village Panchayat as shown in colums 5 and 6 of the statement against each village.

District	Taluk	Serial No.	Village	Total number of members	Number of elected members out of that shewn in column 5	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Tumkur	Tumkur	1	Bellavi	9	6	Existing Union
		2	Gooloor	9	6	Do
		3	Honnudike	9	6	Do
		4	Kolala	7	5	Do
		5	Seethakallu	9	6	Do
		6	Kyatsandra	9	6	Do
		7	Hebboor	9	6	Do
		8	Ooradigere	9	6	
		9	Chiktotlukere	9	6	
		10	Kora	9	6	
	Maddagiri	11	Kodigenahalli	9	6	Do
		12	Byalya	9	6	Do
		13	Midigesi	9	6	Do
		14	Itakadibbanahalli	9	6	Do
		15	Kadagathur	9	6	Do
		16	Dodderi	9	6	
		17	Dodda Malur	9	6	
		18	Kodlapura	9	6	
	Chiknayakanhalli.	19	Huliyara	9	6	Do
		20	Settikere	9	6	
		21	Kandikere	9	6	
		22	Timmanahalli	9	6	
		23	Kenkere	9	6	
		24	Yelenadu	9	6	
	Gubbi	25	Kadaba	9	6	Do
		26	Hagalvadi	9	6	Do
		27	Nittur	9	6	Do
		28	Chelur	9	6	Do
		29	Hosahalli	7	5	Do
		30	Chittanahalli	9	6	

District	Taluk	Serial No.	Village	Total number of members	Number of elected members out of that shown in column 5	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Tumkur—*concld.*	Gubbi—*concld.*	31	Bidare	9	6	
		32	Mooganayakanakote	9	6	
		33	Dandinasivara	9	6	
		34	Kallur	9	6	
	Sira	35	Bukkapatna	9	6	Existing Union
		36	Kallambella	9	6	Do
		37	Halenahalli	9	6	
		38	Taroor	9	6	
		39	Kotha	9	6	
		40	Baragur	9	6	
		41	Boovinahalli	9	6	
	Tiptur	42	Nonavinakere	9	6	Do
		43	Honnavalli	9	6	Do
		44	Ichanur	7	5	
		45	Aralaguppe	7	5	
		46	Alaboor	7	5	
		47	Balavanerla	7	5	
	Kunigal	48	Amritur	9	6	Do
		49	Huliyurdurga	9	6	Do
		50	Yetiyoor	9	6	
		51	Nidasale	9	6	
		52	Ujani	9	6	
		53	Nagasandra	9	6	
		54	Junnagere	7	5	
	Pavagada	55	Hosakote	9	6	Do
		56	Arasikere	9	6	Do
		57	Kacharlu	9	6	Do
		58	Gummagatta	9	6	Do
		59	Byadanoor	9	6	
		60	Palavalli	7	5	
		61	Kondetimmanahalli	7	5	
		62	Kannamedu	7	5	
	Turuvekere (Sub-Taluk).	63	Maylsandra	7	5	
		64	Tandaga	7	5	
		65	Mavinakere	7	5	
	Koratagere (Sub-Taluk).	66	Holavanahalli	9	6	Do
		67	Rampura	11	7	Do
		68	Tovinakere	10	6	Do
		69	Doddasaggere	9	6	
		70	Agrahara	7	5	
		71	Hulikunte	7	5	

No. 205—*L. B.* 96-17-8, *dated* 1*st July*, 1918.

Under Section 48 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayats Regulation, VI of 1918, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore direct the constitution of Village Panchayats for the Villages mentioned in the subjoined statement in the Kadur District with effect from the 1st July 1918, and to fix, under Section 49 of the said Regulation, the total and elected number of members of each Village Panchayat as shown in columns 5 and 6 of the statement against each village.

District	Taluk	Serial No.	Village	Total number of members	Number of elected members out of that shown in column 5.	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Kadur	Chikmagalur	1	Ambale	9	6	Existing Union
		2	Kalasapura	9	6	Do
		3	Sindigere	7	5	
		4	Hiregavaja	7	5	
		5	Malalur	7	5	
	Kadur	6	Sakrepatna	11	7	Do
		7	Mattigatta	7	5	
		8	Patnagere	7	5	
		9	Asandi	9	6	
		10	Chiknallur	7	5	
		11	Hiriyur	9	6	
		12	Hirenallur	7	5	
		13	Yagati	9	6	
		14	Garji	7	5	
		15	Yollambalasi	9	6	
		16	Nidaghatta	9	6	
		17	Devanur	7	5	
		18	Hulikere	9	6	
	Tarikere	19	Kudluru	9	6	Do
		20	Lingadahalli	9	6	Do
		21	Baguvalli	7	5	Do
		22	Lakkavalli	9	6	
	Koppa	23	Haribarpur	7	5	
		24	Nemmera	7	5	
	Narasimharajapura (Sub-Taluk).	25	Kanabur	9	6	

No. 207—*L. B.* 95-17-6, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Under Section 48 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayats Regulation, VI of 1918, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore direct the constitution of Village Panchayats for the villages mentioned in the subjoined statement in the Shimoga District with effect from the 1st July 1918 and to fix, under Section 49 of the said Regulation, the total, and elected, number of members of each Village Panchayat as shewn in columns 5 and 6 of the statement against each village.

District	Taluk	Serial No.	Village	Total number of members	Number of elected members out of that shewn in column 5	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Shimoga ...	1	Holehonnur	9	6	Existing Union
		2	Arabilache	9	6	Do
		3	Gajnur	7	5	Do
		4	Holalur	7	5	
		5	Hammagatte	7	5	
		6	Hiriyur	7	5	
		7	Arakere	7	5	
	Sorab ..	8	Hejje	9	6	Do
		9	Jade	9	6	Do
		10	Thatthuru	9	3	Do
		11	Kubataturu	9	6	Do
		12	Uddari	9	6	Do
		13	Anavatti	9	6	Do
		14	Mudidoddikoppa	9	6	Do
		15	Andigi	5	3	
		16	Gudavi	7	5	
		17	Chandragutti	7	5	
		18	Ulve	5	3	
		19	Tavanandi	7	5	
		20	Kuppagadde	9	6	
		21	Sakunavalli	7	5	
		22	Agasanahalli	7	5	
		23	Hirechavati	7	5	
	Shikarpur ...	24	Belagave	9	6	Do
		25	Eesuru	9	6	Do
		26	Udagane	9	6	Do
		27	Kadenandihalli	8	5	Do
		28	Salur	11	7	Do
		29	Gama	7	5	
		30	Thadasanahalli	7	5	
		31	Churchugundi	7	5	
		32	Hittala	7	5	
		33	Kappanahalli	7	5	
		34	Kagenahalli	7	5	
		35	Thadagane	7	5	
		36	Bilaka	7	5	
		37	Hirejambur	7	5	
		38	Thalagunda	7	5	
	Tirthahalli ...	39	Araga-Agalabagal	9	6	Do
		40	Humachadakatte	5	3	
		41	Megaravalli	9	6	
		42	Thalluru	9	6	
		43	Lingapura	7	5	
	Channagiri ...	44	Basavapatna	9	6	Do
		45	Tavarekere	9	6	Do
		46	Santhebennur	9	6	Do
		47	Muddanahal	9	6	Do
		48	Nallur	9	6	Do
		49	Devarahalli	9	6	
		50	Hodigere	9	6	Do
		51	Pandavamatti	9	6	Do
		52	Durvigere	9	6	Do
		53	Daginakatte	9	6	Do
		54	Agarabannihatti	10	6	Do
		55	Thyavanagi	9	6	Do
		56	Kogalur	7	5	
		57	Lingadahalli	7	5	
		58	Chiradoni	5	3	
		59	Nalkudare	7	5	
		60	Navalehalu	7	5	
		61	Kagathur	7	5	
		62	Garaga	7	5	
	Honnali ...	63	Arabagatte	9	6	Do
		64	Soraturu	9	6	Do
		65	Kundur	9	6	Do
		66	Koolambi	9	6	Do
		67	Kulagatte	9	6	Do
		68	Benakanahalli	9	6	Do
		69	Belagutti	9	6	Do
		70	Arundi	7	5	
		71	Katthigi	7	5	
		72	Govinakovi	7	5	
		73	Chilluru	7	5	

District	Taluk	Serial No.	Village	Total number of members	Number of elected members out of that shewn in column 5	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	
Shimoga—*concld.*	Honnali—*concld.*	74	Sasvehalli	7	5	
		75	Kyasanakere	7	5	
		76	Hiregonigere	7	5	
		77	Arakeri	7	5	
		78	Masadi	7	5	
		79	Kumbaluru	7	5	
		80	Gollarahalli	7	5	
		81	Jeenahalli	7	5	
		82	Chetnahalli	7	5	
		83	Surahonne	7	5	
		84	Chinukatte	7	5	
	Nagar ...	85	Nagar	9	6	Existing Union
		86	Humcha	7	5	
	Sagar ...	87	Ananthapur	12	8	Do
		88	Keladi	9	6	
		89	Avinahalli	7	5	
		90	Thalaguppa	7	5	
		91	Kanale	9	6	
		92	Brahmana Siravanta	5	3	
	Kumsi (Sub-Taluk.)	93	Ayanur	9	6	Do
		94	Harnahalli	9	6	Do
		95	Mandigatta	5	3	
		96	Chamenhalli	5	3	
		97	Thamadihalli	7	5	
		98	Mudvala	7	5	
		99	Balekoppa	5	3	
		100	Chordi	5	3	
		101	Gabbur	5	3	
		102	Thyajavalli	5	3	
		103	Dyavanakere	5	3	
		104	Hittur	5	3	

No. 209—L. B. 97-17-4, dated 1st July 1918.

Under Section 48 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayats Regulation, VI of 1918, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore direct the constitution of Village Panchayats for the villages mentioned in the subjoined statement in the Hassan District with effect from the 1st July 1918, and to fix, under Section 49 of the said Regulation, the total, and elected, number of members of each Village Panchayat as shown in columns 5 and 6 of the statement against each village.

District	Taluk	Serial No.	Village	Total number of members	Number of elected members out of that shown in column 5	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Hassan	Hassan ...	1	Grama	12	8	Existing Union
		2	Adavalli	7	5	
		3	Haralahalli	7	5	
		4	Haluvagala	7	5	
		5	Kanchumaranahalli	7	5	
		6	Doddakondagula	7	5	
		7	Bhuvanahalli	7	5	
		8	Kanajala	7	5	
		9	Salagame	7	5	
		10	Kadavaravalli	7	5	
		11	Yelagunda	7	5	
		12	Nittur	7	5	
		13	Bailahalli	7	5	
		14	Dudda	7	5	
		15	Kittanakere	7	5	
		16	Honnavara	7	5	
		17	Koravangala	7	5	
		18	Chikkakadalur	7	5	
		19	Malagodu	7	5	
		20	Heragu	7	5	
		21	Valagarahalli	7	5	
		22	Kudaragundi	7	5	
		23	Markuli	7	5	
		24	Hongere	7	5	
		25	Kausika	7	5	
		26	Sathenahalli	7	5	
		27	Kattaya	7	5	
		28	Settihalli	7	5	
		29	Goruru	7	5	
		30	Chowlavalli	7	5	
		31	Golenahalli	7	5	
	Arsikere ...	32	Banavara	11		Do

District	Taluk	Serial No.	Village	Total number of members	Number of elected members out of that shown in column 5	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Hassan—*concld.*	Arsikere—*concld.*	34	Gandasi	9	6	Existing Union
		35	Kenkere	9	6	Do
		36	Halkur	9	6	Do
		37	Agunda	7	5	
		38	Talaluru	7	5	
		39	Marundi	7	5	
		40	Habbanaghatta ...	7	5	
		41	Kondiganahalli ...	7	5	
		42	Kuruvanka	7	5	
		43	Bandekere	7	5	
		44	Arakere	7	5	
		45	Kondavagilu... ...	7	5	
		46	Kolagunda	7	5	
		47	Neralige	7	5	
		48	Banduru	7	5	
		49	Bagade	7	5	
		50	Kudakundi	7	5	
		51	Mudodi	7	5	
		52	Chagachagere ...	7	5	
		53	Kanakatte	7	5	
		54	Doddametikurke ...	7	5	
		55	Kamasamudra ...	7	5	
		56	Madalu	7	5	
		57	Rampura	7	5	
		58	Kithonkere	7	5	
		59	Narasipura	7	5	
		60	Chikkahulkru ...	7	5	
		61	Hirisadarahalli ...	7	5	
	Arkalgud ...	62	Basavapatna	10	6	Do
		63	Konanur	11	7	Do
		64	Rudrapatna	11	7	Do
		65	Hulikallu	9	6	Do
		66	Maruru	9	6	Do
		67	Kerlapur	9	6	Do
		68	Mallipatna	7	5	
		69	Doddamagge... ...	7	5	
		70	Belavadi	9	6	
		71	Ramanathpura ...	9	6	
		72	Ganguru	9	6	
	Channarayapatna	73	Hirisave	12	8	Do
		74	Nuggihalli	11	7	Do
		75	Baguru	10	6	Do
		76	Dindagur	7	5	
		77	Dadigatta	9	6	
		78	Kallale	7	5	
		79	Chamenahalli ...	7	5	
		80	Jambur	7	5	
		81	Navile	7	5	
		82	Kunduru	7	5	
		83	Anekere	7	5	
	Hole-Narsipur ...	84	Kunnambadi... ...	7	5	
	Manjarabad ...	85	Yesluru	12	8	Do
	Alur (Sub-Taluk)	86	Kiragadlu	7	5	
	Belur	87	Halebidu	9	6	Do
		88	Arehalli	11	7	Do
		89	Bannuru	7	5	
		90	Hanike	7	5	
		91	Karagada	7	5	
		92	Hullugundi	7	5	
		93	Narannpura	7	5	
		94	Yamasandi	7	5	
		95	Chatachattanahalli ...	7	5	
		96	Rajanasiriyur ...	9	6	
		97	Mattigatta	7	5	
		98	Hebbalu	7	5	
		99	Gonisomanahalli ...	7	5	
		100	Kodihalli	7	5	
		101	Chattanahalli ...	7	5	
		102	Sannahalli	7	5	
		103	Adagooru	7	5	
		104	Iblidu	7	5	
		105	Tolalu	7	5	
		106	Madagatta	7	5	

No. 211—*L. B.* 92-17-7, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Under Section 48 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayats Regulation, VI of 1918, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore direct the constitution of Village Panchayats for the villages mentioned in the subjoined statement in the Mysore District with effect from the 1st July 1918 and to fix, under Section 49 of the said

Regulation the total, and elected, number of members of each Village Panchayet as shown in columns 5 and 6 of the statement against each village.

District	Taluk	Serial No.	Village	Total number of members	Number of elected members out of that shown in column 5	Remarks
1	2	3		5	6	7
Mysore	Seringapatam ...	1	Belagula	9	6	Existing Union
		2	Palahalli	9	6	Do
		3	Kyathanahalli	11	7	Do
		4	Nelamane	7	5	Do
		5	Nagunahalli	9	6	Do
		6	Arakere	10	6	Do
		7	Kirangura	9	6	
		8	Kuragahalli	5	3	
		9	Hungahalli	5	3	
		10	Kattari	7	5	
		11	Sikapura	7	5	
		12	Kennalu	7	5	
		13	Ballenahalli	7	5	
		14	Chindagirikoppal	7	5	
		15	Samanahalli	9	6	
		16	Kodyiala	9	6	
	Krishnarajpete...	17	Kikkeri	9	6	Do
		18	Hosaholalu	9	6	Do
		19	Sindaghatta	9	6	Do
		20	Santhebachahalli	9	6	Do
		21	Akkihebbalu	9	6	Do
		22	Bookinakere	9	6	Do
		23	Agrahara Bachihalli	7	5	
		24	Madavanakodi (Sarvamanya) ...	9	6	
		25	Agale	7	5	
		26	Chinakurali	9	6	
	Mysore ...	27	Eliwala	9	6	Do
		28	Herohalli	9	6	Do
		29	Noganahalli	8	5	Do
		30	Ramanahalli	9	6	
		31	Kyataboyanahalli	9	6	
		32	Sulepura	9	6	
		33	Vajamangala	9	6	
		34	Dura	9	6	
	Nanjangud ...	35	Badanawala	9	6	Do
		36	Sinduvalli	9	6	Do
		37	Chinnodagudihundi	9	6	Do
		38	Kalale	11	7	Do
		39	Hadinaru	9	6	Do
		40	Chokkahalli	9	6	Do
		41	Devanur	9	6	Do
		42	Hemmaragala	9	6	Do
		43	Hedathale	9	6	Do
		44	Nerle	9	6	Do
		45	Halepura	9	6	Do
		46	Karya	7	5	Do
		47	Vasanur	9	6	Do
		48	Bilagale	9	6	Do
		49	Thayur	9	6	Do
		50	Thogadurु	11	7	Do
		51	Suthur	9	6	Do
		52	Hullahalli	12	8	Do
		53	Hallare	9	6	Do
		54	Hagginavalu	9	6	Do
		55	Debbur (Inam)	9	6	
		56	Kandya	9	6	
		57	Ramapura	9	6	
		58	Thammanerele	9	6	
		59	Hosakote (Inam)	9	6	
		60	Doddakavalande	9	6	
		61	Kudlapura (Inam)	9	6	
		62	Kiragunda	9	6	
		63	Alaganchi (Inam)	9	6	
	Gundlupet ...	64	Terakanambi	10	6	Do
		65	Hangala	10	6	Do
		66	Kodasoge	9	6	
		67	Paduguru	9	6	
		68	Bommalapura	9	6	
		69	Bachellalli	9	6	
		70	Begur	9	6	
		71	Kabbahalli	9	6	
		72	Alatturu	7	5	
	T.-Narsipur ...	73	Sosale	9	6	Do
		74	Chiduravalli	9	6	Do
		75	Gargeswari	9	6	Do
		76	Rangasamudra	9	6	Do
		77	Nilasoge	9	6	Do
		78	Vatalu	9	6	Do
		79	Karohatti	9	6	Do
		80	Kiraganuru	9	6	
		81	Danayakanapura	7	5	
		82	Hittavalli	[illegible]	[illegible]	

District	Taluk	Serial No.	Village	Total number of members	Number of elected members out of that shown in column 5	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Mysore—*contd.*	T.-Narsipur—*contd.*	84	Kodagahalli	9	6	
		85	Hanumanalu ...	9	6	
		86	Yachanahalli	9	6	
		87	Attahalli	7	5	
		88	Mattalavadi	9	6	
		89	Kolaturu	9	6	
		90	Mavinahalli	7	5	
		91	Mayangi	9	6	
		92	Madapura	7	5	
		93	Doddapura	7	5	
		94	Kukkuru	7	5	
		95	Hiriyuru	7	5	
		96	Kuruburu	7	5	
		97	Ketahalli	7	5	
	Nagamangala ...	98	Belluru	10	6	Existing Union
		99	Chinya	9	6	Do
		100	Mulakatte	7	5	
		101	Devalapura	7	5	
		102	Bhimanahalli	7	5	
		103	Sathenahalli	7	5	
		104	Nagathihalli	5	3	
		105	Alisamudra	7	5	
		106	Honnawara ...	7	5	
		107	Bindiganavale	7	5	
	French Rocks ...	108	Hirimarali (Inam)	9	6	
		109	Chikkade	7	5	
		110	Pattasomanahalli (Inam) ...	7	5	
		111	Harohalli	7	5	
		112	Doddabyadarahalli	7	5	
		113	Thonnur	7	5	
		114	Lakshmisagara	7	5	
		115	Manikyanahalli (Inam) ...	7	5	
		116	Sankathonnur	7	5	
		117	Halebeedu (Jodi)	7	5	
		118	Kadalagere	7	5	
	Heggaddevankote.	119	Belattur	10	6	Do
		120	Mullur	10	6	Do
		121	Hebbalaguppe	9	6	
		122	Itna	9	6	
		123	Hommaragalli	9	6	
		124	Kolagala	9	6	
		125	Malala	9	6	
		126	Maggo	7	5	
	Hunsur ...	127	Kattomalawadi	10	6	Do
		128	Bilikere	9	6	Do
		129	Kemplapura	10	6	Do
		130	Bettadapura	12	8	Do
		131	Halebeedu	7	5	
		132	Gavudagere	9	6	
		133	Kittoor	9	6	
		134	Kuthawalli	9	6	
		135	Makodu	9	6	
		136	Ravandur	9	6	
		137	Chikkunda	7	5	
		138	Hirikyathanahalli	7	5	
	Chamrajnagar ...	139	Kudluru	9	6	Do
		140	Haradanahalli	9	6	Do
		141	Haravo	9	6	Do
		142	Udigala	9	6	Do
		143	Maliyuru	9	6	Do
		144	Kottalawadi	9	6	Do
		145	Saragooru	9	6	Do
		146	Kagalawadi	9	6	Do
		147	Jothigowdanapura	9	6	Do
		148	Kuduru	9	6	Do
		149	Honganooru	9	6	Do
		150	Amachawadi	9	6	Do
		151	Badanaguppe	9	6	
		152	Kellamballi	7	5	
		153	Bogapura	7	5	
		154	Uthavalli	7	5	
		155	Madigahalli	7	5	
		156	Arakalawadi	9	6	
		157	Venkataiyanachatra	7	5	
		158	Basavapura	7	5	
		159	Mukkadahalli	7	5	
		160	Nanjedevarapura	7	5	
		161	Kalenahalli	7	5	
		162	Mundanakudu	7	5	
		163	Chandakawadi	9	6	
		164	Aluru	9	6	
		165	Nagawalli	9	6	
		166	Hebbasuru	9	6	
		167	Nalluru	7	5	
		168	Heggawadipura	7	5	
		169	Desavalli	7	5	
		170	Oommattooru	9	6	

District	Taluk	Serial No.	Village	Total number of members	Number of elected members out of that shown in column 5	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Mysore—*concld.*	Chamrajnagar—*concld.*	172	Mangala	9	6	
		173	Heggothara	9	6	
		174	Canaganuru	9	6	
	Mandya ...	175	Valagarahalli	9	6	
		176	Kiluri	9	6	
	Yedatore ...	177	Mirle	11	7	Existing Union
		178	Ankanalli	9	6	Do
		179	Meluru	9	6	Do
		180	Manchanahalli	7	5	Do
		181	Galigekere	7	5	Do
		182	Bherya	9	6	Do
		183	Hampapura	9	6	Do
		184	Chandagala	7	5	Do
		185	Hanasoge	9	6	Do
		186	Kuppe	9	6	Do
		187	Kestur	9	6	Do
		188	Hebbalu	9	6	Do
		189	Byadarahalli	9	6	Do
		190	Balluru	9	6	Do
		191	Tippur	9	6	Do
		192	Gandanahalli	9	6	
		193	Chikkanayakanahalli	9	6	
		194	Sigavalu	9	6	
		195	Mundoru	9	6	
		196	Hadya	9	6	
		197	Bellulli	7	5	
	Malvalli ...	198	Halaguru	12	8	Do
		199	Kirugavalu	12	8	Do
		200	Kallukannu	12	8	Do
		201	Lingapatna	9	6	
		202	Ragibommanahalli	9	6	
		203	Doddarsinakere	9	6	
		204	Kadakothanahalli	9	6	
		205	Ravani	9	6	
		206	Dhanaguru	7	5	
		207	Botnahalli	9	6	
		208	Saraguru	7	5	
		209	Chikkabagil	7	5	
	Mysore ...	210	Ayarahalli	9	6	Do
		211	Dannagalli	9	6	Do

No. 213—*L. B.* 94-17-7, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Under Section 48 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation, VI of 1918, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore direct the constitution of Village Panchayets for the villages mentioned in the subjoined statement in the Chitaldrug District with effect from the 1st July 1918 and to fix, under Section 49 of the said Regulation, the total, and elected, number of members of each Village Panchayet as shown in columns 5 and 6 of the statement against each village.

District	Taluk	Serial No.	Village	Total number of members	Number of elected members out of that shown in column 5	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Chitaldrug	Chitaldrug ...	1	Turuvanur	10	6	
		2	Doddasiddavanahalli	11	7	Existing Union
		3	Bahadargatta	10	7	Do
		4	Hireguntanur	9	6	Do
		5	Bharmasagara	9	6	Do
		6	Chikkondanahalli	10	7	Do
		7	Belagatta	9	6	
		8	Guddadarangappanahalli ...	9	6	
		9	Kyasapura	7	5	
		10	Bhimasamudra	7	5	
		11	Sultanipura	7	5	
		12	Hayakallu	9	6	
		13	Godabanahalu	7	5	
		14	Jampannanayakankote ...	9	6	
		15	Halavugar	5	3	
		16	Siregere	9	6	
		17	Manangi	7	5	
		18	Singapura	7	5	
		19	Kogunde	7	5	
		20	Hulluru	7	5	

Chitaldrug	Hiriyur	21	Maradihalli	9	6	Existing Union
		22	Motakurki	9	6	
		23	Palavvanahalli	7	5	
		24	Harathi	9	6	
		25	Chillahalli	5	3	
		26	Kunikere	7	5	
		27	Javagondanahalli	7	5	
		28	Dharmapura	9	6	
	Molakalmuru	29	Nagasamudra	9	6	Do
		30	Konasagara	9	6	Do
		31	Devasamudra	9	6	Do
		32	Rampura	9	6	Do
		33	Hirekereballi	7	5	
		34	Bairapura	7	5	
		35	Amakundi	5	3	
		36	Bommagondanakere	9	6	
		37	Tumakurlahalli	7	5	
		38	Muthigarahalli	5	3	
	Jagalur	39	Biljichodu	9	6	Do
		40	Sokke	9	6	Do
		41	Asagodu	9	6	Do
		42	Bidarakere	9	6	Do
		43	Gadinakunte	7	5	
		44	Kalledevarapura	9	6	
		45	Pallagatte	9	6	
	Challakere	46	Irohalli	9	6	Do
		47	Parasuramapur	9	6	
		48	Meerasabihalli	7	5	
		49	Ramajogihalli	9	6	
		50	Timmappaiyanahalli	7	5	
	Holalkere	51	Talya	9	6	Do
		52	Ramagiri	9	6	Do
		53	Kunigali	5	3	
		54	Bharamanayakanadrug	7	5	
		55	Muttagadur	7	5	
		56	Sivagange	7	5	
		57	Dogganalu	7	5	
	Harihar Sub-Taluk.	58	Bhanavalli	9	6	Do
		59	Sirigere	9	6	Do
		60	Sarathi	7	5	
		61	Belludi	9	6	
		62	Koudajji	7	5	
		63	Harlahalli	9	6	
		64	Halavana	9	6	
		65	Kokkanoora	9	6	
	Hosdurga	66	Belagur	9	6	Do
		67	Bagur	10	6	Do
		68	Budihal	9	6	Do
		69	Mathodu	9	6	
		70	Karihalli	7	5	
		71	Heggere	9	6	
		72	Heruru	5	3	
		73	Alagatta	7	5	
		74	Madadakere	7	5	
		75	Janakal	9	6	
		76	Chikkabyalakere	7	5	
		77	Ballalasamudra	7	5	
	Davangere	78	Lonkikere	9	6	Do
		79	Hadadi	9	6	
		80	Doddabasi	7	5	
		81	Alur	9	6	
		82	Anaji	7	5	
		83	Halavarti	5	3	
		84	Kabbur	5	3	
		85	Avaragere	7	5	
		86	Mudihadadi	5	3	
		87	Kariyagalahalli	5	3	
		88	Netakunda	7	5	
		89	Kandagallu	9	6	
		90	Thubigere	5	3	
		91	Betur	9	6	
		92	Kakkaragola	10	6	
		93	Kadlaballa	5	3	
		94	Hemmanachitturu	7	5	
		95	Kodaganur	9	6	
		96	Anagodu	7	5	
		97	Naraganahalli	7	5	
		98	Malalkere	7	5	

No. 215—*L. B.* 91-17-4, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

Under Section 48 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayats Regulation, VI of 1918, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore direct the constitution of Village Panchayats for the villages mentioned in the subjoined statement in the Kolar District, with effect from the 1st July 1918, and to fix, under Section 49 of the said Regulation, the total and elected number of members of each Village Panchayat, as shown in columns 5 and 6 of the statement against each village.

District	Taluk	Serial No.	Village	Total number of members	Number of elected members out of that shown in column 5	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Kolar	Kolar	1	Vakkaleri	9	6	Existing Union
		2	Pyate Chamanahalli	7	5	
		3	Mudavatti	5	3	
		4	Arabi Kothanur	7	5	
		5	Vemgal	7	5	
		6	Kuragallu	7	5	
		7	Channasandra	7	5	
		8	Beechagundahalli	7	5	
		9	Kallahalli	7	5	
		10	Madivala	7	5	
		11	Suguttur	9	6	
		12	Madanahalli	5	3	
		13	Valagalaburre	7	5	
		14	Channagbatta	7	5	
		15	Holur	9	6	
		16	Wanarasi	5	3	
		17	Mudavadi Hosahalli	5	3	
		18	Shillangere	7	5	
		19	Harati	5	3	
		20	Hebbani	5	3	
	Bowringpet	21	Bethamangala	9	6	Do
		22	Budikote	9	6	Do
		23	Sulikunte and Madmangala	9	6	
		24	Kamasandra	7	5	
	Malur	25	Masthi	12	8	Do
		26	Lakkur	12	8	Do
		27	Narasapur	12	8	Do
		28	Santehalli	5	3	
		29	Kudlanur	7	5	
		30	Rajenahalli	7	5	
		31	Huladenahalli	7	5	
		32	Nellahalli	5	3	
		33	Banahalli	7	5	
		34	Sivarapatna	7	5	
	Mulbagal	35	Nangli	9	6	Do
		36	Tayalur	9	6	Do
		37	Agara	9	6	Do
		38	Kappalmadagu	7	5	
		39	Bairakur	7	5	
		40	Rajendrahalli	7	5	
		41	Gudipalli	7	5	
		42	Uttanur	7	5	
		43	Avani	7	5	
	Chintamani	44	Kaiwara	9	6	Do
		45	Kallahalli	9	6	Do
		46	Murugamale	9	6	Do
		47	Ulavadi	7	5	
		48	Doddagangur	7	5	
		49	Anur	7	5	
		50	Madikere	7	5	
		51	Mylapura	5	3	
		52	Talagavara	5	3	
		53	Konapalli	7	5	
		54	Kathriguppe	7	5	
		55	Munganahalli	7	5	
		56	Yenumalapadi	7	5	
		57	Iragampalli	7	5	
		58	Yegavakote	5	3	
	Srinivaspur	59	Yeladur	9	6	Do
		60	Nambihalli	7	5	
		61	Dalasanur	7	5	
		62	Ronur	7	5	
		63	Tadigollu	9	6	
		64	Addagallu	7	5	
		65	Guvunipalli	7	5	
		66	Yerukalave	7	5	
	Sidlaghatta	67	Jangamkote	9	6	Do
		68	Molur-Ragimakalahalli	12	8	Do
		69	Sadali	9	6	
		70	Palicherlu	7	5	
		71	Malamachanahalli	7	5	

District	Taluk	Serial No.	Village	Total number of members	Number of elected members out of that shown in column 5	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Kolar	Sidlaghatta ...	72	Anemadagu	7	5	
		73	Chilakalanerupu	7	5	
		74	Burudagunte ...	7	5	
	Chikballapur ...	75	Kondavara ...	9	6	Existing Union
		76	Nandi ...	10	6	Do
		77	Manchanabele ...	9	6	Do
		78	Mandikali ...	9	6	Do
		79	Thippenahalli ...	7	5	
		80	Dibbur ...	7	5	
		81	Peresandra ...	7	5	
		82	Sultanpete ...	7	5	
		83	Doddamarali ...	7	5	
	Goribidnur ...	84	Hidagur ...	9	6	Do
		85	Hosur ...	9	6	Do
		86	Dadinayakanapalya ...	9	6	Do
		87	Huduguru ...	9	6	Do
		88	Manchenahalli ...	9	6	Do
		89	Gangasandra ...	9	6	
		90	Kalludi ...	7	5	
		91	Chandanadur ...	7	5	
		92	Doddakuragodu ...	7	5	
		93	Kutodi ...	9	6	
		94	Mudigere ...	9	6	
		95	Hampasandra ...	7	5	
		96	Ramapura ...	7	5	
		97	Namagondlu ...	9	6	
		98	Kadabur ...	9	6	
		99	Bommasandra ...	9	6	
		100	Nagaragere ...	9	6	
		101	Vatadahosahalli ...	9	6	
		102	Melya ...	9	6	
		103	Thondebhavi ...	9	6	
		104	Taridalu ...	7	5	
		105	Halkur ...	7	5	
		106	Upparahalli ...	7	5	
		107	Minikinagurki ...	9	6	
		108	Varavani ...	9	6	
	Bagepalli ...	109	Yellampalli ...	9	6	
		110	Cholur ...	7	5	
		111	Chakavel ...	9	6	
		112	Gulur ...	7	5	
		113	Maruganakunte ...	7	5	
		114	Mittemari ...	9	6	
		115	Pathapalya ...	7	5	
	Gudibanda ...	116	Yalledu ...	3	3	
		117	Hampasandra ...	7	5	
		118	Somenahalli ...	7	5	
		119	Tirumani ...	5	3	
		120	Varlakonde ...	7	5	
		121	Someswara ...	5	3	

No. R. 12455—*L. R.* 17-17-45, *dated* 29*th June* 1918.

Under Section 6 of the Land Acquisition Regulation, No. VII of 1894, it is hereby declared that the land described hereunder is required for a public purpose, *viz.*, extension of the village, and under Sections 7 and 3 (*c*) of the said Regulation, the Assistant Commissioner incharge of Malvalli Taluk is appointed to perform the functions of a Deputy Commissioner under the Land Acquisition Regulation and, is authorised to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

District	Taluk	Hobli	Village	Names of khatedars	Survey No.	Dry, wet or garden	Total extent	Remaining extent	Assessment	Extent now required		Boundaries			
										Extent	Assessment	East	West	North	South
							A. G.	A. G.	Rs. a.	A. G.	Rs.				
Mysore	Malvalli	Kiragaval	Sujjalur	Mallegowda ...	323/1	Dry	0 32	0 32	0 8	0 6	...	S. No. 12	Voni	S. No. 322	S. No. 323—2
				Chenni ...	323/2	Do	3 30	3 30	1 12	1 26	...	Do	Do	Do	Village site.

A sketch of the land has been affixed to the notice board at the Taluk office for the information of the public.

No. R. 12458—*L. R.* 17-17-43, *dated* 29*th June* 1918.

Under Section 6 of the Land Acquisition Regulation, No. VII of 1894, it is hereby declared that the land described hereunder is required for a public purpose, *viz.*, for constructing a new village site for the Holeyars of the neighbouring, and under Sections 7 and 3 (c) of the said Regulation, the Assistant Commissioner in charge of the Mysore Sub-Division is appointed to perform the functions of a Deputy Commissioner under the Land Acquisition Regulation and is authorised to take order for the acquisition of the said land:

District	Taluk	Hobli	Village	Name of khatadar	Survey No.	Dry, wet or garden	Total extent		Remaining extent		Assessment	Extentent now required		Assessment	Boundaries			
												Extent			East	West	North	South
							A.	G.	A.	G.	Rs. a.	A.	G.	Rs. a.				
Mysore	Hunsur	Gowdagere	Undavadi	Venkategowda	53	Dry	4	33	4	33	2 8	4	33	2 8	Hojjadu limits	58 and lane	Road	54

The plan of the property proposed to be acquired is kept in the Taluk office for inspection.

By Order,
B. RAMASWAMAIYA,
Secretary to Government,
Revenue Department.

FINANCIAL.

No. Fl. 9—*G. F.* 209-17-56, *dated* 1*st July* 1918.

In continuation of Notification No. Fl. 3—G. F. 209-17-5, dated 23rd April 1918, the scheme of affording facilities for the purchase of Post Office Cash Certificates in rural parts, through local Revenue Officers, sanctioned in Notification No. Fl. 296—G. F. 158-16-56, dated 16th July 1917, is hereby republished for general information.

2. The Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased to authorise all Amildars, Deputy Amildars, Taluk Sheristadars and Shekdars to receive and deal with applications in the Mysore State in accordance with the scheme detailed in the memorandum appended to this order.

Memorandum describing the procedure to be followed in connection with the sale, through Revenue officers of the Post Office 5-Year Cash Certificates to intending investors in rural localities.

The Revenue officers will have applications for the purchase of cash certificates written up by or on behalf of intending investors in the prescribed form (C.C.-1). They will see that the following particulars have been *legibly and correctly* entered in each application:—

(i) The name and address of the investor.

(ii) The number of certificates of each denomination applied for, and the amount payable for them according to the cash rates fixed for the purpose.

(iii) The total amount payable on all the certificates applied for.

2. If the above particulars are correct, the Revenue officers will attest the investor's signature or thumb-impression at the foot of the application, receive the amount tendered for investment and grant a receipt for it in the prescribed form (C.C.-3).

3. All the applications together with the amounts received with them will then be sent by the Revenue officers to the nearest Post Office doing savings bank work, entered in a list, in duplicate in the accompanying form (C.C.-9).

4. The receiving postmaster (head, sub or branch) will check each application with the entries in the list. After satisfying himself that the applications are in order and that the